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REPORT

ON THE

FAMINE RELIEF OPERATIONS

IN

His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions

DURING

**1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli
(1918-19, 1919-20)**

BY

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GENERAL SUMMARY.

THE famine of 1328 was caused by the excessive and untimely rains of 1327 Fasli, and by the heavy rise in prices of almost all the necessities of life on account of the Great European War. The average rainfall of all the taluks of the marginally noted eight affected districts was 40.22 inches while the normal is 34 inches. In 1328 Fasli, the rainfall was much below normal being only 22.54 inches. The rains in 1329 Fasli improved conditions in Aurangabad and Bir districts and saved the situation and famine operations in these two districts were stopped, but conditions in the other districts remained practically unchanged. The rainfall in 1330 Fasli was more deficient than in 1329, the average rainfall in that year being 15.53 in the affected districts. The famine operations had therefore to be extended to 1329 and 1330 Fasli.

2. The districts noted above were only partially affected. The area affected was 12,643 square miles with a population of 22,87,529. Even the parts of the Dominions in which famine or scarcity was not declared, were not in any satisfactory condition, because as soon as famine operations were started there was a large influx of people to join the works from other parts of the country.

3. The average produce of crops in annas in the affected districts in 1327, 1328 and 1329 Fasli was as follows :—

Year	Kharif			Abi			Rabi			Tabi			Baghat		
1327	0	6	0	0	5	7	0	7	8	0	7	1	0	8	7
1328	0	4	8	0	3	0	0	5	10	0	2	11	0	6	0
1329	0	7	3	0	4	2	0	7	1	0	3	9	0	6	2

4. Relief measures were started in Bahman 1328 Fasli. P. W. D. Relief Works and Village Relief Works were started for the able bodied. Poor houses were established for those who could not work on account of age, ill health or infirmity. Arrangements were made to afford gratuitous relief to those who would not join relief works or poor houses on account of their respectability or for other reasons. Purdah women and school children of poor parents also received gratuitous relief. Advances on Takavi system were made to ryots for sinking and repairing wells, for the purchase of seeds and cattle, and for weeding fields. Cloth was supplied to the poor who were likely to suffer from the inclemency of weather for want of sufficient clothing. Kitchens were started in famine relief camps to provide food to those dependants of labourers who were unfit to do any work. When local supply failed, food grains and fodder were imported from British India and cheap grain shops and depôts for fodder were started in places where needed. Medical aid was provided and efforts were made to save the ryots in the affected area from the effects of epidemic diseases.

5. The following table shows the quantity of work done under the various heads :—

P. W. D. General Branch.

Construction of State roads	...	...	...	142½ miles.
Spreading muram on State roads	...	...	...	51 miles.
Metal breaking ...	...	...	...	30,02,927 cft.
Stocking metal	...	...	...	1,08,602 cft.
Earthwork on State roads	...	...	...	64,89,806 cft. (5,106 yds.)

Collection of muram	...	...	79,628'20 cft. (10 miles)
Digging muram and stocking the same...	...	...	18,89,526 cft.
Water and boundary drains	...	...	2,98,915 cft.
Fixing mile and furlong stones	...	...	234 stones.
Dressing roads	...	...	1,816 chains.
Fixing road boundary stones	...	...	108 stones.
Clearing jungle	...	...	440 chains (530) acres.
Sinking wells on road side	...	...	16
Balharshah Railway Line earth work	...	99,82,668 cft. (nearly 80 miles)	

P. W. D. Irrigation Branch.

Repairs to 126 tanks, kuntas and channels, etc.

Petty works in 8 villages.

Construction of store rooms in the Irrigation Engineer's office. 2

Village Relief Works.

Repairs to tanks ... 2 tanks.

Sinking and repairing of drinking water wells, etc. ... 406 wells.

Construction and repairs to 317 Chaories and Travellers' bungalows.

Construction and repairs to 97 village roads leading to State roads or rivers.

Clearing of prickly-pears in 15 villages.

Miscellaneous works ... 38.

The following table shows the number of persons relieved, and the total and average cost per head per day.

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Works	Workers				Dependants and other relief seekers				Grand Total	Cost		Average cost per head per day
	Men	Women	Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total		Rs.	a. p.	
P. W. D.												
General Branch	18,17,206	29,08,719	7,87,846	55,19,771	56,826	1,87,985	22,09,845	24,04,106	79,17,877	16,38,999	11 7½	0 8 3
Irrigation Branch	16,38,740	28,39,820	7,55,626	47,29,186	28,841	49,328	5,97,402	6,75,566	54,04,752	11,89,855	8 10	0 8 4
Balharshah Railway	1,52,473	1,72,502	41,568	3,66,543	1,195	852	92,513	84,560	4,01,108	1,20,460	8 6½	0 4 9
Total	36,08,419	54,21,041	15,85,040	1,06,09,500	86,862	1,88,110	28,39,260	31,14,232	1,37,28,732	28,99,815	13 0½	...
Village Relief works	5,51,128	4,27,594	84,004	10,62,726	...	...	...	...	10,62,726	8,74,154	11 0	0 5 7
Gratuitous Relief	...	...	...	...	17,96,166	19,85,211	22,81,192	60,12,509	60,12,509	5,97,817	5 7½	0 1 7
Poor Houses	...	...	...	...	10,15,488	20,58,211	30,12,419	60,86,118	60,86,118	7,62,408	8 8½	0 2 0
Sarf-i Khas Relief works...	25,053	46,053	10,320	81,681	9,648	14,941	5,641	30,230	1,11,911	25,244	6 5	...
Establishment of Relief camps, P. W. D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,94,457	4 1	...
Contingent Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,08,897	7 9½	...
Establishment of special Relief officers, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,65,261	11 8	...
Total	41,79,855	58,94,688	16,79,864	1,17,53,907	29,08,164	41,96,478	81,88,452	1,52,48,089	2,69,96,996	64,22,057	4 0½	0 8 9

Advances to the extent of Rupees 19,41,016-12-5 were made to the ryots as per details below as Takavi.

—		Amount	Number of persons who received Takavi	Number of labourers relieved by the persons who received Takavi	Total
Rs.	a. p.				
19,32,510	0 11		25,928	4,95,411	5,21,839
8,506	11 6		420	...	420
19,41,016	12 5		26,848	4,95,411	5,21,759
Total					

Thus 5,21,759 persons were relieved by Takavi advances, which amounted to Rs. 19,41,016-12-5. This amount is not shown in actual famine expenditure as this has to be recovered from the ryots by instalments.

Counting the days on which each individual was relieved the total number of persons relieved in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli was 2,69,96,996 persons.

6. The total cost of the famine operations under all heads except Takavi amounted to Rs. 64,22,057-4-0½ as against Rs. 78,90,911 in 1309 Fasli. The famine in 1309 Fasli lasted for 14 months only, while the famine operations of 1328-1329 Fasli under my control lasted for nearly two years. The area declared as famine-stricken in 1309 Fasli was 23,007 square miles with a population of 85,73,651, while the total affected area in the famine under report was 12,643 square miles with a population of 22,37,529. The price of jawari in 1309 Fasli was 4 seers per H. S. rupee in two taluks, 4½ seers to 5 seers in 12 taluks, and 6 to 7 seers in 54 taluks, while the cost of jawari in this famine ranged between 3½ and 5½ seers in the affected area. The famine in 1309 Fasli was of a much shorter duration than the one under report, but the famine in 1309 Fasli affected nearly double the area and nearly 1½ the number of persons when compared with the area and population of the famine in 1328-1329 Fasli. The rates of jawari were far higher in this famine when compared to 1309 Fasli and this greatly increased the distress. The average cost per head per day of the persons relieved in the famine under report including establishment expenses amounting to Rs. 17,63,616-7-7½ was 0-3-9 only. It will thus be seen that the famine operations in the years 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli were conducted with necessary care and economy.

7. Takavi advances for the purchase of cattle, fodder and seeds, etc., and for sinking wells, were given to the extent of Rs. 19,41,016-12-5 to 26,348 persons in Divani and Sarf-i-Khas, which gave relief to 5,21,759 persons. These advances have not been included in the expenditure as the amount advanced will be recovered with interest in instalments from the persons to whom it was advanced.

PART I.

8. I was appointed Famine Commissioner in the month of Dai 1328 Fasli while working as Director of Civil Supplies. I held conjoint charge of both the appointments for some time and was then relieved of the duties of the former appointment and remained in charge of famine measures up to the 29th of Azur 1330 Fasli.

9. Usually the final report regarding Famine Relief Work is prepared and submitted when the famine is over, as it is only then that the success or otherwise of the operations regarding famine relief can be properly gauged. I had intended doing so, but by the gracious commands of His Exalted Highness the Nizam I was ordered at the end of Azur 1330 Fasli to take over charge of the appointment of Director-General of Police and therefore relinquished charge of the Famine Department on the 29th of Azur 1330 Fasli. The data for preparing a report as also the accounts were not ready then and the submission of a detailed report had to be postponed. A brief note regarding famine relief work, however, was submitted to the Assistant Minister, Finance and to the Revenue Department, a copy of which is herewith appended with some corrections in the figures of the accounts and is marked Appendix I. As I have now received the data as also the instructions to submit a report for the period I was in charge of famine relief work, I have the honour to submit a brief report as follows:—

10. Mr. A. J. Dunlop in his report on the Famine Relief Operations of 1309 Fasli dealt with the periodicity of famine in Hyderabad in detail and I do not think any further discussion of it is necessary beyond saying that the famine commencing in 1328 Fasli was preceded by the famine of 1309 Fasli. A fodder famine however did also take place in 1322 Fasli when the Government was suddenly faced with the grave problem of saving the lives of the agricultural cattle of the Marahatwada tract. There was practically no fodder left in the

country and Government was compelled to import vast quantities at great expense from distant places in the Tapti Valley and from the Bombay Presidency.

11. The causes of famine in 1328 and 1329 Fasli were as follows :—

Causes of Famine.

- i. The untimely and excessive rains in 1327 Fasli damaged the crops very considerably and this resulted in reducing the produce in Aurangabad, Bir, Warangal, Karimnagar, Adilabad, Medak, Nalgunda and Mahbubnagar districts to a six anna crop. The following statement shows the produce of the various crops in 1327 Fasli.

Produce in annas.

1327 Fasli.

Serial No.	District	Kharif	Abi	Rabi	Tabi	Baghat
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Aurangabad ...	0 8 7	...	0 9 7	...	0 9 11
2	Bir ...	0 8 0	...	0 8 9	...	0 18 7
3	Warangal ...	0 8 6	0 7 9	0 7 4	0 8 2	0 8 1
4	Karimnagar ...	0 8 8	0 5 7	0 6 7	0 10 9	0 7 8
5	Adilabad ...	0 5 4	0 10 4	0 6 8	0 6 0	0 10 4
6	Medak ...	0 6 2	0 7 0	0 5 9	0 13 2	0 9 6
7	Nalgunda ...	0 5 8	0 6 5	0 9 1	0 11 1	0 5 8
8	Mahbubnagar...	0 7 2	0 7 8	0 7 4	0 7 8	0 4 8
	Average ...	0 6 0	0 5 7	0 7 8	0 7 1	0 8 7

- ii. With the unusual low yield of 1327 Fasli due to excessive and untimely rainfall followed by another lean year due this time to the partial failure of the monsoon in 1328 Fasli the prospects became gloomier. It may be noted here that Aurangabad and Bir are dry crop districts and the irrigation crops of the remaining districts of Telingana depend chiefly on the supply of water from tanks or channels. The rainfall being insufficient in 1328 Fasli, the crops in the affected area of Aurangabad and Bir districts failed and as the tanks and channels failed to receive their usual supply of water the crops in the Telingana districts also suffered very badly. The following statement shows the average rainfall of the affected whole districts for 1327 and 1328 Fasli.

Serial No.	Name of districts			Average rainfall in 1327 Fasli	Average rainfall in 1328 Fasli
1	Aurangabad	...	...	34'64	12'78
2	Bir	...	...	40'69	15'6
3	Medak	...	...	29'78	19'24
4	Mahbubnagar	...	...	35'92	19'41
5	Nalgunda	...	...	38'57	21'25
6	Warangal	...	...	52'89	28'72
7	Karimnagar	...	...	45'99	30'29
8	Adilabad	...	...	48'38	33'59
	Average rainfall			40'22	22'54

Figures in the statement given above show that the average rainfall in the affected districts was 40·22 in 1327 and 22·54 in 1328 Fasli. In the year 1328 Fasli, both the south-west and north-west monsoons failed in some places and in other places the rainfall was either too early or too late and at such long intervals that the moisture from the previous rains had disappeared. In some cases it was noted that if one tract of a village or one village had rain the other tracts or other villages did not get any. This led to the failure of crops wholly in the affected area of Aurangabad and Bir districts and partially in other districts and great anxiety was felt as, in some cases, no seeds could be sown, and in others, when sown, the seeds failed to germinate or the sprouts withered or the young plants died for want of rain.

The following statement shows the produce of crops in 1328 Fasli in the affected area.

Produce in annas.			1328 Fasli.			
S. No.	District	Kharif	Abi	Rabi	Tabi	Baghat
1	Aurangabad ...	0 3 6	...	0 2 9	...	0 6 4
2	Bir ...	0 4 6	...	0 4 11	...	0 7 7
3	Warangal ...	0 3 7	0 3 1	0 5 9	0 2 0	0 3 10
4	Karimnagar ...	0 4 0	0 3 9	0 5 10	0 6 8	0 4 9
5	Adilabad Chinnur and Lakshatipet taluks.	0 10 0	0 3 3	0 5 10	0 6 8	0 4 9
6	Medak (Siddipet).	0 4 10	0 4 2	0 9 9	0 5 0	0 6 7
7	Nalgunda ...	0 3 4	0 4 3	0 3 3	0 3 3	0 3 11
8	Mahbubnagar ...	0 4 0	0 5 6	0 3 8	0 4 0	0 3 8
	Average Produce.	0 4 8	0 3 0	0 5 10	0 2 11	0 6 0

The statement given above shows that the produce in the eight districts mentioned in the statement was a poor four anna crop. Prices of jawari and rice, the staple food grains began to rise and the ryots were reduced to great distress.

- iii. Besides the deficiency of rainfall and the consequent failure of crops, the other cause which inflated the cost of food grains was the Great European War in connection with which food grains were exported. Stocks in this country were considerably depleted and almost all the necessaries of life became very dear greatly enhancing the distress of the people. It was at this time that our benign Government promptly came to the aid of the people by appointing a Director of Civil Supplies to regulate the prices and to look to the question of demand and supply of food grains and other necessaries of life.

Early in 1328 Fasli reports regarding the failure of Kharif and Abi crops began to pour in and my appointment as Famine Commissioner was notified at the end of Dai 1328 Fasli and famine relief work was forthwith started.

12. Immediately after my appointment I was directed to proceed on tour and examine the state of things in the districts and to start relief works where necessary. I toured now and then through the districts of Aurangabad, Bir, Nalgunda, Mahbubnagar, Medak, Karimnagar and Warangal and saw that widespread distress was prevailing in certain parts of them. After scrutinising the condition of each district, I reported to Government from time to time the

Tour of the Famine Commissioner.

necessity of declaring certain parts of these districts as partially or wholly famine-stricken, which Government sanctioned in accordance with my recommendations. Generally scarcity was declared at first and after starting test relief works, when it was realised that the actual state of famine did exist, famine was declared and relief works were started to meet the local requirements.

13. A Central Famine Committee consisting of the following members was appointed by Government to control famine operations and all important questions were placed before this Committee which held its sittings periodically and the proceedings were submitted to His Exalted Highness for commands.

Central Famine Committee.

1. Assistant Minister, Finance.
2. Assistant Minister, Revenue.
3. Famine Commissioner.
4. Secretary to Govt., Finance Department.
5. Do Revenue Department.
6. Do Police and Judicial Depts.
7. Do Public Works Department.
8. Director-General of Police.
9. Nawab Burzor Jung Bahadur.

Mr. R. I. R. Glancy, the Assistant Minister, Finance was the President, but when he relinquished charge of his duties Raja Fateh Nawaz Want Bahadur, the Assistant Minister, Revenue took his place. On my recommendation, it was decided by the Committee that famine relief works in these Dominions should be carried on on the lines laid down in the Hyderabad Famine and the Bombay Famine Codes rules and all the operations were therefore governed by the provisions contained in these two Codes.

14. Although famine operations were started early in 1328 Fasli they had to be continued till 1330 Fasli, as the rainfall in 1329 Fasli was again below normal and 1330 Fasli also proved worse.

Continuity of Famine in 1329 and 1330 Fasli.

The rainfall statement for 1329 Fasli and 1330 Fasli is as follows :—

			1329 Fasli	1330 Fasli
Aurangabad	...	...	27'67	9'84
Bir	...	...	23'85	12'1
Medak	...	...	32'11	15'22
Mahbubnagar	...	...	26'4	16'5
Nalgunda	...	...	27'59	17'64
Warangal	...	...	36'27	19'25
Karimnagar	...	...	32'24	14'71
Adilabad	...	...	29'95	19'57
Average	...	...	29'46	15'53

This average is of all the taluks of these districts in which both affected and unaffected areas are included. As a matter of fact, the rainfall in affected parts was far too short of the average rainfall shown above.

The figures given above show that instead of an average of 34 inches of rain the districts noted above received but 29'46 inches in 1329 Fasli and only 15'53 inches in 1330 Fasli.

The rains of 1329 Fasli were expected to relieve the distress of the whole of the affected areas, but owing to their deficiency and being untimely i. e., either too early or too late the wet crops of the Telangana Taluks failed and the distress in Bir and Aurangabad districts alone was reduced and famine operations in these two districts were discontinued. The condition of the remaining districts of Telangana in which wet cultivation yields the principle crops, remained unchanged for want of sufficient supply of irrigation water. The average produce in the Telangana districts was hardly six annas in the rupee. The statement given below shows the produce of 1329 Fasli.

Produce in annas.

1329 Fasli.

S. No.	District	Kharif	Abi	Rabi	Tabi	Baghat
1	Aurangabad	... 0 8 4	... ..	0 8 6	... ..	0 7 0
2	Bir	... 0 7 7	... ..	0 9 5	... ..	0 8 5
3	Warangal	... 0 6 1	0 4 9	0 7 8	0 2 9	0 7 8
4	Karimnagar	... 0 6 8	0 5 9	0 6 8	0 6 2	0 6 10
5	Adilabad	... 0 12 0	0 5 7	0 7 1	0 3 9	0 6 5
6	Medak	... 0 7 5	0 6 7	0 8 3	0 5 10	0 5 7
7	Nalgunda	... 0 8 0	0 4 0	0 3 1	0 4 10	0 3 7
8	Mahbubnagar	... 0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 8	0 7 0	0 3 8
	Average	... 0 7 3	0 4 2	0 7 1	0 3 9	0 6 2

This average also is of all the taluks in which both affected and unaffected areas are included.

As stated above I was in charge of the famine operations from Dai 1328 Fasli to 29th Azur 1330 Fasli and details of the operations conducted during this period are shown in the following pages.

15. After scrutiny it was found that 40 talukas were partially affected and the total area declared as famine-stricken was 12,643 square miles with a population of 22,37,529.

The following list shows the names of the talukas so affected as also the area and population of each taluk under famine conditions.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Part of the taluk affected	Population of the part affected	Area
1	Aurangabad	Aurangabad	2/3	79,106	200
2	Do	Gangapur	3/4	48,504	312
3	Do	Kannar	1/3	27,243	186
4	Do	Pyton	3/4	58,297	105
5	Do	Vajapur	3/4	55,816	421
6	Do	Khuldabad	1/3	8,344	38
7	Do	Ambar	3/4	88,651	585
8	Bir	Bir	1/2	62,485	262
9	Do	Ashti	1/3	22,866	190
10	Do	Georai	3/4	62,679	456
11	Do	Manjlegaon	1/2	59,532	272
12	Do	Patoda	1/3	13,634	95
13	Medak	Siddipet	2/3	1,29,768	308
14	Mahbubnagar	Amrabad	2/3	26,138	533
15	Do	Kalvakurti	2/3	63,622	704
16	Do	Mahbubnagar	1/2	59,740	132
17	Do	Makhtal	1/3	40,086	235
18	Do	Nagarkarnool	2/3	59,057	393
19	Do	Pargi	1/3	32,139	140
20	Nalgunda	Bhongir	2/3	1,17,915	234
21	Do	Chiriyal	1/3	56,582	139
22	Do	Devarkunda	1/2	59,553	396
23	Do	Huzarnagar	1/3	26,933	180
24	Do	Miryalguda	1/2	54,696	392
25	Do	Nalgunda	1/2	84,668	415
26	Do	Suryapet	1/2	78,226	316
27	Warangal	Khammam	2/3	90,650	566
28	Do	Mahbubabad	1/3	55,493	177
29	Do	Madira	1/2	58,781	365
30	Do	Pakhal	1/3	19,554	238
31	Do	Paloncha	1/2	16,350	1,112

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Part of the Taluk affected	Population of the part affected	Area
32	Warangal	Malug	1/2	13,656	470
33	Do	Warangal	2/3	1,59,838	872
34	Do	Yellandu	1/3	19,920	168
35	Karimnagar	Jagtiyal	1/4	50,220	206
36	Do	Huzurabad	2/3	1,01,066	382
37	Do	Karimnagar	1/2	1,00,446	499
38	Do	Mahadecpur	1/6	12,873	265
39	Do	Sirsilla	1/3	54,806	214
40	Adilabad	Lakshatipet	1/8	8,096	80
Total				22,37,529	12,643

Although portions of only 40 talukas were declared famine-stricken or in distress, still prices of food grains and other necessities of life went up so high all over the country that almost the whole of the Dominions was affected and people thus were generally in need of relief.

16. Intense distress was noticed in the affected parts of the talukas of Aurangabad, Bir, Warangal, Nalgunda, Karimnagar, and Mahbubnagar districts and Siddipet taluka of Medak district. In some parts on account of loss of crops and their distance from railway lines, there was great scarcity of grain: in other places the price became prohibitive owing to a corner by the merchants who wished to profiteer with the stocks they had secured. The intensity of distress can well be realised by comparing the price of foodstuffs in the previous famine with the rates in 1328-1329 Fasli famine.

The following two paras taken from the report of the Famine Relief Operations during 1309 Fasli show the prices of jawari in that famine.

"The highest price of jawari was 4 seers per rupee in two talukas of Bir and Hadgaon in the districts of Bir and Nander respectively. In 12 talukas the highest price was from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 seers and it was at these rates that a great deal of the work had to be done on the Hingoli Railway. In 54 talukas the highest price ranged from 6 to 7 seers per rupee, while in 25 talukas it was 8 seers."

"In the Aurangabad district, the lowest price was 8 seers in 3 talukas, 9 seers in two talukas and 10 seers in 3 talukas, and the highest price was from 5 to 7 seers per rupee. In the Bir district, the lowest price was from 8 to 9 seers except in one taluk, in which it was 12 seers, and the highest price ranged from 4 to 6 seers. In the Parbhani district, the lowest price was from 8 to 11 seers, and the highest from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 seers. In the Naldurg district the lowest prices ranged from 8 to 12 seers, and the highest from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 seers."

Comparing these rates with the prices of foodstuffs prevailing in the 1328-1329 Fasli famine it will be seen that in 1309 Fasli there were only two talukas in which jawari was sold at 4 seers per rupee, and in the remaining talukas the price ranged between $4\frac{1}{2}$ and 12 seers per rupee, while the price respectively of jawari and rice in 1328-1329 Fasli ranged between $5\frac{1}{2}$ and $3\frac{1}{2}$ seers and 4 and 2 seers per rupee in the famine-stricken area.

Appendix II shows the rates of jawari and rice in the famine-stricken talukas in 1328 and 1329 Fasli.

The dearth of foodstuffs in the famine years under report intensified suffering to an extent that has never been experienced in previous famines. Even artisans and cultivators were found in distress. Parties of people

were seen moving on roads in search of labour and livelihood. Ordinary village labour works where wages could be had in normal times were stopped. The charity that was given to the poor in the villages and towns was also stopped to a large extent. Crowds of poor people were seen loitering about and begging alms at the railway stations. People sold their cattle or fields or other moveable or immoveable property and in some cases were found to have parted with their children in exchange for food. Some people either took to crime or migrated to different less affected parts of these Dominions or beyond. Others began to live on tamarind seeds, sendhi tree seeds and roots and leaves of trees. Seeds were boiled, then pounded and eaten. In addition to this cloth became so dear that it was impossible for the poorer class to buy it. Many cases were noticed in which men and women had not sufficient cloth to cover even their nudity. They could obtain no employment and so with nothing to eat and being half naked soon became physical wrecks. On account of their emaciated and weak condition they were affected by dropsy and some died of this disease. Signs of famine or scarcity were noticeable everywhere in the affected area. But these conditions did not assume a pronounced aspect owing to the prompt action of our benign Government in starting suitable relief works in time.

PART II.

17. The measures adopted for the relief of famine-stricken people were as follows:—

Measures adopted.

1. Supply of foodstuffs.
2. Public works.
3. Village Relief Works.
1. Gratuitous relief.
5. Loans to agriculturists and artisans.
6. Opening of Poor Houses.
7. Supply of Cattle and Fodder.
8. Medical relief.

18. Government with its usual benevolence came promptly to the aid of the famine-stricken people by sanctioning funds, for starting relief operations, as soon as they were asked for. Amounts sanctioned from time to time were as follows:—

Funds.

				Rs.
Public Works	...	...	...	15,20,000
Local Funds	...	...	...	7,00,000
Loans for sinking wells	...	...	...	24,78,000
Loans for fodder	...	...	...	6,00,000
Balharshah Railway Line	...	...	...	3,77,845
Poor houses for the districts	...	...	...	15,80,000
Do for city	...	...	...	1,00,000
Contingencies	...	...	...	1,75,000
Total				1,05,30,845
Sart-i-Khas				50,457
Grand Total				1,05,81,302

After my appointment as Famine Commissioner, I was empowered to make all suitable arrangements to adequately cope with the situation created by the famine. I was allowed to select officers already in service to work with me on famine relief works and was further empowered to make temporary appointments carrying a salary of Rs. 200 per mensem. I was also authorised to sanction the starting in the affected areas of works usually controlled by the General and Irrigation Branches of the Public Works Department, as also the earth work of the Balharshah Railway Line. I was further empowered to import grain and fodder to relieve the distress of the famine-stricken tracts.

19. The following is the list of gazetted officers selected by me from the Departments noted against their names:—

Statement showing the officers transferred to Famine Department during 1328 Fasli.

Serial No.	Name of Officers	Former Rank		Present Rank			
		Rank	Salary	Rank	Salary	Allowance	Daily permanent travelling allowance
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>Nalgunda District.</i>							
1	Mr. Moulvi Gulam Gouse Khan	3rd Talukdar	300	Special Relief Officer, Suriyapet and Huzurnagar Taluks, etc.	300	75	5
2	Mr. Abdul Mukeet Khan, Civilian.	Do	300	Special Relief Officer, Bhongir. ..	300	75	5
3	Mr. Mir Mustaffa Ali ...	Do	300	Do do Jangaon ...	300	75	5
4	Mr. Shamshad Hussain ...	Assistant Supdt. of Police.	250	Camp Officer, Suriyapet ...	250	62-8-0	4
<i>Mahboobnagar District.</i>							
5	Mr. Moulvi Vilayat Ali ...	3rd Talukdar	300	Special Relief Officer, Amrabad and Pargi Taluks.	300	75	5
6	Mr. Aga Yawar Ali ...	Do	300	Special Relief Officer, Makhtal Taluk	300	75	5
<i>Medak District.</i>							
7	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Badr-uddin.	Civilian	300	Special Relief Officer, Siddipet Taluk	300	75	5
<i>Warangal District.</i>							
8	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Dastagir.	Tahsildar	175	Special Relief Officer, Warangal Taluk.	250	...	2
9	Mr. Muhammad Zaffar Haq ...	Do	175	Special Relief Officer, Mahbubabad	250	...	2
10	Mr. Muhammad Ahamudulla, Civilian.	3rd Talukdar	300	Special Relief Officer, Khamam and Yellandu.	300	75	5
11	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Liakutulla.	Civilian	300	Camp Officer, Sangavopalam ...	300	75	5
12	Mr. Muhammad Farooq ...	Tahsildar	150	Do Kanthaipalam ...	200	...	2
13	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Valiur-Rahman.	Assistant Supdt. Settlement.	250	Do Nekonda ...	250	62-8-0	4
14	Mr. Moulvi Ahmed Saeed, Civilian.	Tahsildar	150	Do Madira ...	200	...	2
15	Mr. Jahangirji ...	Assistant Supdt. Settlement.	300	Do Chagal ...	300	75	5
<i>Karimnagar District.</i>							
16	Mr. Moulvi Mohiduddin Mahmood.	3rd Talukdar	300	Special Relief Officer, Karimnagar and Huzurabad.	300	75	5
17	Mr. Moulvi Sayed Muzaffar-uddin.	Assistant Supdt. of Police.	250	Camp Officer, Sirsilla ...	250	62-8-0	4
18	Mr. Moulvi Gulam Mahmood Quraishi.	3rd Talukdar	300	Camp Officer, Anantaram & Sirsilla Taluka.	300	75	5
19	Mr. Moulvi Zainulabedeen, Civilian.	Assistant Supdt. Settlement.	300	Camp Officer, Balharshah Rly. Line.	300	75	5
<i>Aurangabad District.</i>							
20	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Zafaruddin.	2nd Talukdar	400	Special Relief Officer, Gangapur Taluk	400	100	5
21	Mr. Mir Muhammad Mehdi, Civilian.	3rd Talukdar	300	Do Fodder ...	300	75	5
22	Mr. Gulam Mustafa ...	Tahsildar	150	Do Aurangabad Taluk...	200	...	2
23	Mr. Qudus Husain ...	Civilian	300	Camp Officer, Gangapur ...	300	75	5
24	Mr. Ahmed Mohiuddin ...	Do	300	Do Vaijapur ...	300	75	5
25	Mr. Rai Barkat Rai ...	2nd Talukdar	300	Do Boregaon ...	300	75	5
26	Mr. Pandurang Rao ...	Tahsildar	175	Assistant Special Relief Officer, Gangapur.	175	48-12-2	2
27	Mr. Stuart ...	Boring Inspector	200	Boring Supdt., Aurangabad ...	200	50	2
<i>Bir District.</i>							
28	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Kamaluddin.	3rd Talukdar	350	Special Relief Officer, Ashti and Patoda.	350	87-8-0	5
29	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Arifuddin.	Tahsildar	150	Asst. Special Officer, Manjlegaon ...	150	...	1-6
30	Mr. Ratanjee ...	3rd Talukdar	300	Special Relief Officer, Bir ...	300	75	5
31	Mr. Rai Balkishen ...	2nd Talukdar	400	Camp Officer, Pipalnair Georai Taluk	400	100	5
32	Mr. Moulvi Muhammad Fazlulla.	Civilian	300	Do Padal Sangi Georai Taluka.	300	75	5
33	Mr. Muhammad Mukarram ...	Tahsildar	150	Do Manjlegaon ...	150	87-8	2
34	Mr. Khurshid Ali ...	Asst. Secretary Finance, Dept.	500	Honorary Officer in charge of Poor Houses, Hyderabad.	...	...	...

20. With the approval of the Central Famine Committee, the First Talukdars of the affected districts were placed in general charge of the famine operations in their respective districts. They were also directed to work as local inspecting officers and were empowered to make payments to the famine camp officers and special relief officers for carrying on works and maintaining establishment sanctioned by me.

Divisional Engineers of the General and Irrigation Branches were placed in charge of their respective Public Works Department relief works.

Wherever the intensity of famine was not great the Local Divisional Revenue Officers and Tahsildars were directed to work as Special Famine Relief Officers or Assistant Famine Relief Officers. The duties of the Special Relief Officers were as follows :—

- (1) To arrange distribution of gratuitous relief.
- (2) To advance *Takavi* money for purchase of bullocks, fodder and seeds and for weeding purposes and to artisans for industrial purposes, as also to advance money for sinking and repairing agricultural wells, etc.
- (3) To arrange for village relief works such as sinking and repairing drinking water wells, repairs and construction of village roads chaories, etc., the details of which appear under the head Village Relief Works.
- (4) To supervise all arrangements connected ^{with} poor houses.

Arrangements were made to have a monthly abstract of expenditure sent to the office of the First Talukdar concerned in connection with the Famine Relief Works to adjust the advances made to the relief camps and officers. An auditor of accounts was appointed for each district to audit the famine accounts with the special relief officers and camp officers.

21. When I took over charge of famine work, the Civil Supplies Department started by Government to arrange for the supply of food grains, and control prices of all articles necessary for life was under my charge. In accordance with my proposal as the Director of Civil Supplies, an Ordinance dated the 11th Amardad 1327 Fasli, was passed by Government regarding the procedure to fix the prices of all articles necessary for life and also about house rent. A copy of this Ordinance is herewith attached. This Ordinance helped a great deal in controlling the prices. When I was relieved of these duties I had to make independent arrangements for getting in food supplies for the famine-stricken districts. The following arrangements were made in this connection:—

- (1) The grain merchants in the affected area were induced to purchase and import grain into these Dominions and they were given all facilities for this purpose. Efforts were made to see on the one hand that they suffered no loss by these transactions and on the other hand that they did not make enormous profits. The merchants were only allowed a profit of one anna per rupee on the cost price including cartage and railway freight, etc.
- (2) Where there were no grain merchants or where they were unwilling to sell, grain was imported at Government expense and was sold at reasonable rates to famine-stricken people working in various famine relief camps under my control. Sufficient supply of food grains was thus made available in almost all parts of these Dominions affected by famine.
- (3) Cheap grain shops were started in places where grain was not available. Grain was imported from Bombay and Nagpur, and in a short time the demand for food grains was fully met.

22. Appendices III and IV show the quantity and kind of grain imported and exported in the years 1328 and 1329 Fasli into and from the

divisions of the Customs Department. The following abstract shows the quantity of grain imported:—

Divisions.	1928 F. Maunds.	1929 F. Maunds.
Hyderabad city	18,28,838	8,82,702
Secunderabad	4,69,115½	2,92,917
Osmanabad	30,126	30,843
Aurangabad	2,15,552½	91,197
Lingsugur	54,792½	42,222
Madhira	85,920	53,626
Warangal	2,66,393½	1,69,506
Rajura	12,995½	882
Gulbarga	2,74,444½	2,20,707
Godavari	6,80,191½	6,12,281
Total	34,18,368½	23,95,883
Grand Total for the Two Years		58,14,201½

Against a total import of 58,14,201½ maunds of food grains there was a total export of 9,80,553 maunds of grain; 2,60,022 in 1928 and 7,20,531 in 1929 Fasli, leaving a surplus of 48,33,648½ maunds in hand. It may be noted here that this surplus was used all over the country and was not consumed by the people in the famine-stricken area alone. The imported grain consisted of foodstuffs and the grain exported was usually of special quality.

The timely action taken by Government for starting relief works and the arrangements made for food supply saved the lives of thousands of people, who would have otherwise starved to death.

23. Although a famine programme was prepared by a Survey Party under Mr. Wakefield in 1924 Fasli, and although Public Works Department Relief Works. efforts were made to follow the programme in starting Public Works Department Relief Works, I however regret to have to state that the said programme was found to be unworkable, because the estimates of the works contained therein were not prepared according to the rules of the Public Works Department. I had therefore to adopt another course to start the works to meet the situation. As suggested by me, the Central Famine Committee approved of starting only such works as were productive and needed by the public. Keeping this point in view I arranged in consultation with the Public Works Department officers chiefly Mr. Mir Ahmed Ali, Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, P. W. D. to start relief works of public utility. With the concurrence of Mr. Mir Ahmed Ali, Secretary and Chief Engineer, Irrigation Branch and Mr. Karamatulla, Chief Engineer, General Branch, it was also arranged that before starting the works proposed a Survey Party should be deputed to take measurements, and prepare estimates and as the party completed its work of marking and alignment the relief work was started simultaneously to provide work for the people in distress.

24. One hundred and twelve famine relief camps in all were started in the affected area in 1928-1929 Fasli, and they were distributed as follows:—

Name of District	No. of Relief camps
Aurangabad	7
Bir	6
Medak	6
Karimnagar	18
Nalgunda	26
Warangal	27
Mahbubnagar	21
Balharshah Railway (Karimnagar District) ...	1
Total	112

These relief camps provided work of the following classes:—

1. Repairing or construction of State roads.
2. Sinking of wells on road sides.
3. Metal breaking and collecting.
4. Repairs to irrigation tanks, kantas and channels.
5. Earth-work for Kazipet-Balharshah Railway Line.

The total number of works done by 112 relief camps in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli was 216, and the following statement shows the class and quantity of work done in each district under the head Public Works.

Districts	Irrigation	General Branch	
		Works	Quantity of work done
1. Aurangabad ...	Repairs to Jangi Tank, Ambar.	1. Construction of roads ... 2. Metal breaking ...	64½ miles 14,84,854 cft.
2. Bir ...	...	1. Construction of roads ... 2. Metal breaking ...	40½ miles 10,48,756 cft.
3. Medak ...	Repairs to 5 tanks ...	1. Construction of roads... 2. Spreading of muram and rolling. 3. Fixing mile stones and furlong stones.	2 miles 10 miles 12 miles
4. Karimnagar ...	Repairs to 17 tanks and 2 kuntas.	1. Earth work of roads ... 2. Collection of muram ... 3. Metal breaking ... 4. Sinking of 6 wells ... 5. Planting trees ... 6. Picking pebbles and construction of lime kiln.	12½ miles 79,62,320 cft. Hanamkonda to Karim- nagar road do do
5. Nalgunda ...	1. Repairs to 22 tanks ... 2. Petty works done in 8 villages. 3. Repairs to Bhongir Nala (channel).	1. Digging and collection of muram. 2. Earth work ... 3. Construction and earth work on roads. 4. Metal breaking ... 5. Storing or carrying metal. 6. Collection of muram ... 7. Fixing mile and furlong stones. 8. Construction of water drains. 9. Digging of boundary drain. 10. Fixing boundary stones 11. Dressing roads ... 12. Cutting jungle ... 13. Sinking of wells ...	18,89,526 cft. 64,89,806 cft. 49 miles 4,74,817 cft. 1,08,602 cft. 10 miles 234 stones 2,16,727 cft. 82,188 cft. 108 stones 1,816 chains 440 chains 10
6. Warangal ...	1. Repairs to 54 tanks and kuntas. 2. Construction of Nar-goola Pahad Nala and extension of Dhamsa Nala. 3. Construction of store rooms in the office of the Irrigation Engineer.	1. Construction of road Madhira taluk, cutting jungle and collection of stones. 2. Construction of road from Camp Uppugal to Ghanpur. 3. Construction of road from Mulug to Salwai earth work. 4. Metal work and collection of muram at camp Chhagal. 5. Cutting jungle ... 6. Maintenance of Karim-abad road.	7 miles 3 fts. 8 miles 5,106 yards 580 acres
7. Mahboobnagar..	Repairs to 22 tanks ... Construction of store rooms in Irrigation Engineers office.		

25. Appendix V shows the names of the places where public works were started and the class of work on which the labourers were employed, as also the date on which each work was started and finished. It also shows the number of labourers employed on each work and the work they did and the cost. The number of persons employed on these works in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli, and the cost is as follows:—

Public Works Department Works.

	General Branch	Irrigation	Ballarshah Railway
Persons ...	79,17,877	54,04,732	4,01,108
Cost ...	Rs. 16,38,999 11 7½	Rs. 11,39,855 8 10	Rs. 1,20,460 8 6½
Average cost per head ...	0 3 8	0 3 4	0 4 9

26. Appendix VI shows details of expenditure under this head. The following table shows the number of men, women and children employed on Public Works Department works and Balharshah Railway.

	Labourers	Dependants
Men ...	36,08,419	86,862
Women ...	54,21,041	1,88,110
Children ...	15,85,040	28,39,260
Total ...	1,06,09,500	31,14,232

The figures given above show that a total number of 1,37,23,732 persons were employed for Public Works Department works and Balharshah Railway at a total cost of Rs. 28,99,315-13-0½. This amount includes Rs. 2,23,236-14-10 the cost of tools purchased for relief works. The tools have all been handed over to the Public Works Department and so the full cost of tools should not be debited to famine expenditure. One-third of the total cost of the tools can however be debited to famine expenditure on account of the depreciation in the value of the tools. Thus deducting two-thirds that is Rs. 1,48,824-9-11 of the cost of tools from the total expenditure of Rs. 28,99,315-13-0½ shown above the net cost under the head Public Works Department Relief Works comes to Rs. 27,50,491-3-1, which, when divided by 1,37,23,732 workmen relieved, works out to an average expenditure of 0-3-2 per head per day which is very reasonable.

Mr. Lloyd Jones, the Agent and Chief Engineer of the N. G. S. Railways, told me personally that the earth work done by the Famine Relief Camp on the Balharshah Railway Line was the cheapest. From this it can be noticed with what degree of economy and supervision the Famine Relief Works were carried out.

27. The total amount of work done for Public Works Department, General Branch is as follows:—

Construction of State roads	...	142½ miles
Spreading muram on State roads	...	51 miles
Metal breaking	...	30,02,927 cft.
Stocking metal	...	1,08,602 cft.
Earth-work on State roads	...	64,89,806 cft.
Collection of muram	...	5,106 yds.
	...	79,628'20 cft.
	...	10 miles.
Digging muram and stocking the same	...	18,89,526 cft.
Water and boundary drains	...	2,98,915 cft.
Fixing mile and furlong stones	...	284 stones.
Dressing <i>roads</i>	...	1,816 chains.
Boundary stones	...	108 stones.
Clearing jungle	...	440 chains.
	...	580 acres
Sinking wells	...	16.
Planting avenue trees on Hanamkonda	...	...
Karimnagar road.	...	...

The work done for the Irrigation Branch was the repairing of 123 tanks and 3 Irrigation channels, construction of store-rooms and minor works in villages. On the whole it is estimated that the General Branch works noted above were done at a loss of less than 50 per cent. and Irrigation works at a loss of less than 25 per cent. when compared with the Public Works Department scheduled rates.

When I left the Famine Department at the end of Azur 1330 Fasli, 19 Irrigation and 7 General Branch Relief Works were in progress, and conditions in Aurangabad and Bir owing to the failure of rains had become worse in 1330 Fasli when compared with the preceding year. Therefore under the instruction of the Famine Committee, I ordered the re-starting of some relief works in these districts. The works taken and completed in the years under report were carried out under the direct supervision of the Public Works Department officers and the District Engineers were held responsible to do the work according to the rules and regulations of the Public Works Department. Each District Engineer had under him one or two Assistant Engineers to help him. A Public Works Department supervisor was in charge of each relief work and he had a certain number of overseers working under him. The supervisor and overseer marked out the work to the labourers and fixed their wages according to the work done by each labourer or gang of labourers.

28. Guided by the rules laid down in the Hyderabad and Bombay Famine Relief Codes, the following wage scale was adopted on all public works.

<i>Workers.</i>			
a. Gangmen	...	...	Six annas per day or Rs. 12 per month.
b. Diggers	...	...	18 chataks grain.
c. Carriers	...	...	14 do
d. Working children	...	...	10 do
<i>Dependants.</i>			
e. Adults Male	...	...	12 do
" Female	...	...	10 do
f. Non-working children over 10 years but under 14	...	...	8 do
g. Do. over 7 but under 10 years	...	...	6 chataks.
h. Do. under 7 but not in arms	...	...	4 do
i. Do. in arms	...	...	3 do

By the above scale the lowest amount of wages sufficient to maintain healthy persons was given. The basis of conversion of the grain wages into cash wages was the retail price of jawari the staple food grain which was being generally sold in famine camps at $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. The wages in cash were therefore fixed as follows:—

Workers 1st class.

			Rs. a. p.
Men	...	...	0—4—6
Women	...	...	0—3—0
Children	...	...	0—2—0

Workers 2nd class.

Men	...	...	0—3—6
Women	...	...	0—2—0
Children	...	...	0—1—6

Dependants.

Men	...	...	0—2—0
Women	...	...	0—1—6
Children	...	...	0—1—0

These rates were allowed to be enhanced where and when necessary specially when the food grains rose in price. The question of the preservation of the life of the workers always received the best attention. Workers who did more work were in many cases given higher wages and those who turned out less work were given dependants' wages at least. Those who

could do no work on account of old age, sickness or infirmity or who were only small children too young to work, were fed at Government expense in the camp kitchens. These dependants were at first paid in cash but it was noticed that the relations of the aged, sick and infirm people and children did not feed them well and the condition of the dependants was found unsatisfactory : cash payment was therefore stopped and cooked food was supplied to them from the kitchens started at relief camps.

29. Labourers were divided into different gangs according to their caste and creed and their constitution and state of health and suitable work was provided for them. Each gang was distinguished by a flag bearing the number of the gang. For each gang consisting of 50 to 100 labourers a gangman was appointed and under the supervision of the overseers he maintained muster rolls showing the attendance of workmen and their dependants. The quantity of work done by each labourer or group of labourers and the amount of wages payable to them according to the fixed task work were entered in the muster rolls by the Public Works Department officials. Attached to each work was a famine relief camp in charge of a camp officer of a gazetted rank and the muster rolls were sent to him and it was part and parcel of his duty to get the wages distributed in his presence on a piece of land marked out as disbursing ground. On pay day the members of each gang proceeded to and sat in a line on the disbursing ground with their flags denoting the number of gang and their wages were paid into the hands of each individual. The camp officer moved about to make sure that all labourers actually received their correct wages. During my tour I also inspected the arrangements for disbursement of wages and where mistakes were noticed they were at once corrected. This system of disbursement and frequent inspections ensured that the money sanctioned by Government reached the workmen's purse. It was also a safeguard against any dishonesty by the staff. Cases of dishonesty were at once detected and brought to light with the help of this system and delinquents were suitably dealt with which had a great effect in putting a stop to the cupidity of the subordinate staff. The labourers, I am glad to note, received full wages.

Surprise visits were paid by the camp officers and the Public Works Department officers to the places where works were in progress to check as per muster rolls the number and attendance of the labourers actually engaged on works.

A sufficient supply of drinking water was made available on the works and huts and sheds were put up for lap children of the women labourers to protect them from the heat of the sun. When children were left in relief camps a certain number of old women were kept in the camps to look after them.

When necessary chits were issued in favour of labourers against the camp grain shop keeper to supply them with grain and when wages were distributed the chits were collected and the grain merchant was paid his dues out of the wages of the labourers. The camp officer specially appointed for managing each camp looked after the general health, sanitation and water supply arrangements. He held a court daily on a fixed spot to enquire into and settle complaints of all kinds preferred by the labourers. He attended to the arrangements regarding the burial or cremation of dead bodies, as also to the erection of huts and supply of clothing to the labourers. A police guard was deputed by the Director-General of Police to guard the Camp Treasury and to keep a watch on suspicious persons. Every camp was visited by me, the First Talukdars, the District Engineers and Assistant Engineers from time to time to see that the camp work proceeded smoothly. Mr. Glancy, Assistant Minister, Finance also

visited the camps of Aurangabad district and was pleased to remark that the arrangements were effective and satisfactory.

30. *Village Relief Works.* Village relief works had to be started in villages in the affected area for persons who could not or would not leave their villages for one reason or another. Appendix VII shows details of these works. I will only note here that by these means 2 tanks and 406 drinking water wells were repaired or sunk, 317 chaories and travellers' bungalows were attended to, 97 roads leading to villages or rivers were repaired or constructed. Fifteen villages were cleared of prickly pear and 33 miscellaneous works were taken up and completed.

The following table shows the number of persons employed on these works along with the cost.

Fasli Year	Men	Women	Children	Total	Total Cost		
					Rs.	a.	p.
1828	3,41,805	2,15,760	42,488	6,00,053	1,63,126	5	3
1829	1,92,079	1,96,084	37,013	4,25,126	2,03,784	10	1
Azur 1830	17,244	15,800	4,508	37,547	7,243	11	3
Total ...	5,51,128	4,27,594	84,004	10,62,726	3,74,154	11	0

The average cost per head per day was Rs. 0-5-7. This looks to be in excess of the average cost per head per day of the labourers under the head "Public Works" but this is due to the fact that the cost of materials utilized in erecting or repairing buildings by village relief works was also included in the total cost, as also the cost of skilled labour. The dependants allowance was however not allowed on village relief works, because work was provided for people at their homes.

31. *Gratuitous relief.*—*Sait Sindhies* or village chowkidars, who could not leave their villages on account of their duties, as also respectable but poor people and poor "purdah nishin" women who could not work on village relief works, infirm people and poor school children were allowed gratuitous relief. Relief was afforded usually in the shape of grain or in cash which was given to school children. "Purdah nishin" women were given cotton to spin, yarn spun by them was taken from them and supplied to the weavers, who were thus kept on work in their own villages. By the relief afforded to school children and their teachers the schools were not deserted and the children did not waste their time, and Government had not to pay teachers in empty schools for doing nothing. On the other hand a large number of children sought admission into schools and school attendance increased. Members of wild tribes like Chanchalwads were made to collect honey, *Bhullawan* or *Chironji*, etc. and were paid in kind supplemented with a little cash and were taught to earn their livelihood and prevented from becoming indolent and dangerous. The articles collected and cloth prepared was either distributed to the poor people or sold and when sold its value was credited to Government. There was an income of Rs. 5,822-13-5 under this head out of which a sum of Rs. 4,492-7-9 was credited to Government and the balance of Rs. 1,330-5-8 was in hand in the Famine Commissioner's Office. When I left the Famine Department, the following

articles were in stock in the Famine Commissioner's Office available for sale.

			Rs.	A.	P.
Pieces of Khadi	...	167	2,685	4	0
Saris	...	29	159	8	0
Nawar (Cotton tape for cots)	...	17 bundles	51	0	0
Table cloths	...	17	76	8	0
Curtains	...	8	72	0	0
Razais	...	3	24	0	0
Jazam (large)	...	1	11	0	0
Jazam (small)	...	1	9	0	0
Kharva pieces	...	8	64	0	0
Palang Posh (large)	...	4	16	0	0
Palang Posh (small)	...	4	12	0	0
Yellow Sari	...	1	9	0	0
Choli cloth	...	1 piece	7	0	0
Waistband	...	9	2	4	0
Total	...	570	8,198	8	0

Appendix VIII shows the names of villages or town in which gratuitous relief was afforded as also the number of days on which relief was given and the number of persons relieved with the cost. The total number of men, women and children, who received gratuitous relief in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli in the affected districts was 57,49,156 and the cost was Rs. 5,66,628-15-3½. With the previous sanction of Government, gratuitous relief was also given to persons in distress in Hyderabad City. A total amount of Rs. 30,688-6-4 was spent in relieving 2,63,353 persons in the City. Thus taking the districts and city together a total amount of Rs. 5,97,317-5-7½ was spent on gratuitous relief afforded to 60,12,509 persons.

The details regarding persons are as follows:—

Men	...	17,96,166
Women	...	19,35,211
Children	...	22,81,132
Total	...	60,12,509

The average gratuitous relief afforded to people in distress is 0-1-7 per head per day. Usually men, women and children were paid either cash or grain to the value of 0-2-0, 0-1-6 and 0-1-0 respectively, but as the number of children was large the average cost per head per day worked out at Rs. 0-1-7 only.

32. *Loans to Agriculturists and Artisans.*—In 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli, loans to the extent of Rs. 19,34,510-0-11 were given to 25,928 persons in the famine-stricken area on the *Takavi* system. Cattle and fodder were purchased and given to the agriculturists. Patels and Patwaris were generally given relief in cash. Advances were made for sinking or repairing wells. Fourteen hundred wells were sunk and 1,529 wells were repaired under this head and the total number of persons employed and supported by the persons who obtained advances (*Takavi*) for this work was 4,95,411.

The following statement shows the details regarding *Takavi* advanced to ryots for different purposes:—

No.	Purpose	No. of persons who received <i>Takavi</i>	Amount
			Rs. a. p.
1	Sinking and repairing wells	2,898	4,85,194 8 8
	Persons relieved	4,95,411	
2	Food grains	8,991	2,68,147 18 4
3	Fodder	4,619	3,15,996 0 1
4	Bullocks	5,269	5,48,411 14 7
	(5,047 pairs of bullocks)		
5	Seeds		1,92,587 15 8
6	Advance to Patels	5,926	48,089 18 1
7	Artisans	1,077	1,13,073 10 11
8	Weeding fields	2,899	11,008 10 0
9	Advance to the Co-operative Societies.	849	10,000 0 0
Total	...	5,21,889	19,82,510 0 11

As it was noticed and experienced on several occasions in the past that ryots obtained *Takavi* advances for a certain specified purpose but diverted the money towards the payment of debts or in performing marriages or in some other way, it was therefore thought expedient and advisable to arrange for the proper outlay of the money advanced to them. The following procedure was therefore rigidly followed in making *Takavi* advances and orders were also issued to this effect with the sanction of the Famine Committee.

- (1) Advances for sinking and repairing wells were made in three instalments. The first instalment was made after the Special Relief Officer satisfied himself that the application was reasonable and that there was a possibility and necessity to sink or repair a well. The second instalment was paid only after checking the work done and after the value of the work done was found to be near or about the amount advanced for the first instalment, and similarly the third instalment was paid when the second instalment had been found to have been actually spent on the work. By this arrangement 1,400 new wells were sunk and 1,529 old wells were repaired and 4,95,411 men in distress were relieved.
- (2) In cases of *Takavi* advances for purchase of bullocks money was not given to the ryots, but young serviceable bullocks were purchased for them with the help of a Committee of respectable ryots and after the bullocks were branded with the *Takavi* mark they were handed over to the persons applying for bullocks and the cost debited against their names as *Takavi*. By this arrangement 10,094 useful and serviceable bullocks were provided to 5,269 ryots who were enabled to cultivate their lands.
- (3) For ryots requiring seeds for sowing purposes the seeds were purchased and supplied to them as *Takavi*.
- (4) In cases of *Takavi* advances for fodder and cotton seeds for cattle the special relief officers used to enquire and see if the ryots did really want fodder. The necessity having been proved the name of the person applying for fodder was entered in a *Takavi* Register maintained for the purpose showing the quantity of fodder and cotton seeds required as also the cost. A permit was then issued to the officer in charge of the Fodder Depôt to supply the required fodder. The person seeking relief took the permit to the nearest depôt and obtained karbi, grass or cotton seeds. This arrangement proved very successful as the ryots got what they wanted.

Persons living in places far from the Fodder Depôts were however advanced money for the purchase of fodder as it was expensive in their cases to cart the fodder to their villages from the depôts and they found it cheaper to buy karbi, grass or cotton seeds locally or in the nearest market.

- (5) *Takavi* advances were also made to such of the artisans who had no other means of livelihood and who could not engage themselves in their profession. Weavers were provided with yarn purchased at Government expense from the cheapest market. Some looms were also purchased and supplied to those who required them. In some cases cash advances also were made.
- (6) Patels and Patwaris who could not get payment of their village service remunerations owing to the suspension of land revenue and who had no other means of subsistence were given advances upto the amount of their remuneration.
- (7) Members of respectable families who had no means of livelihood and who owing to their family status could not go and work on relief works or could not leave their houses and fields unprotected were given grain as *Takavi*.

- (8) Ryots who after sowing their fields had no means to get their fields weeded were also given cash advances for this purpose.

Co-operative Societies in Aurangabad district ran short of funds and were given an advance of Rupees 10,000.

Takavi advances were only given to ^{here} such persons who were poor and owned landed and other property and from whom the amounts advanced could be easily recovered.

All the amounts advanced under various heads noted above will be recovered from the ryots in course of time under the *Takavi* rules or under special orders. No interest will be charged for famine years and after that 6 per cent. interest will be charged and the whole amount recovered in ten years from cultivators and from others in the manner prescribed by Government.

Appendices IX and X show the details of the *Takavi* amount advanced in each district and taluka.

33. *Poor Houses*.—Appendix XI gives the list of poor houses started and maintained in the affected area during 1328 and 1329 Fasli, with the number of men, women and children relieved and the cost incurred. Two poor houses were started in Hyderabad City and 52 in the districts for people who were starving and were either too weak or unfit to work in famine camps. No one was admitted into these poor houses unless he or she was in poor condition and unfit to work. Some persons who were mere skeletons came to the poor houses to obtain relief. Persons admitted were fed and looked after under medical advice, and as soon as they were reported fit by the Medical Officer attached to the poor house they were drafted on to the nearest famine camps. Exception was made only in the case of children under eight years and those who had no elders to look after them who were kept in the poor houses till their parents found work and were able to support them. In the case of children deserted by parents they were kept in poor houses till their parents claimed them. Orphan children or children whose parents could not be traced were finally sent to the Victoria Orphanage in Hyderabad.

The severity of the famine can be judged by the fact that the total number of persons who received relief from the poor houses from time to time was 60,86,118. The following are the details :—

Men	...	...	...	...	10,15,488
Women	...	...	...	...	20,58,211
Children	...	...	...	...	30,12,419
Total. ...					60,86,118

The above detail shows that the number of children was nearly equal to the number of men and women. Out of the above stated relieved persons 73,710 persons were given relief in Dilawar Gunj and Sayecdabad poor houses at Hyderabad at a total cost of Rs. 13,731-7-5.

The total amount spent on the poor houses in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli was Rs. 7,62,408-8-3½ which works out to an average expense of 0-2-0 per head per day including establishment charges. These poor houses proved a real boon to the starving people and helped a great deal in saving the lives of many helpless, infirm and aged persons and also children.

Each poor house was in charge of a Superintendent with a suitable subordinate staff. To each poor house was attached a medical officer, whose business was to examine the inmates daily and to treat such of them as were ill and certify who were fit and could be shifted to the working camps. The medical officer also supervised the feeding and sanitary arrangements.

Huts on a standard plan were erected for housing the famine-stricken people. The people in poor houses who were in want of clothes were given clothing, namely, a kamal and a dhoti, or a sadi and a choli, usually and cots also were allowed to sick persons to sleep on.

Food was supplied on the approved scale, *viz.*, 5 chatacks to an adult male, 4 chatacks to a woman, and 3 chatacks to a child with dhal or vegetable curries morning and evening and sick persons were given diet as advised by the medical officer. Infants were given milk and where necessary goats were kept in relief camps and poor houses for the supply of milk to babies and infirm persons.

Myself and several other officers of the State visited these poor houses frequently. The inmates were always found quite happy and contented. They were however not allowed to spend their time idly, but were given suitable work which they could do such as rope, tape, mat and basket making, and those who were carpenters, blacksmiths, weavers and potters were made to do their own professional work. Their produce was used in camps or sold in the bazar and the proceeds credited to Government.

34. *Cattle and Fodder*.—Owing to severe famine conditions cattle suffered considerably from scarcity of fodder and were reduced to skeletons. Arrangements were made by the Famine Department to collect fodder by purchasing it from wherever it was in excess of local requirements and procurable in this country. When this failed to meet the demand, pressed grass was bought in British India and imported. Central purchasing depôts were started in the following places:—

1. Hingoli
2. Parbhani
3. Nander
4. Aurangabad

Fodder of the value of Rs. 4,96,735-4-4 was purchased and stacked in these depôts which supplied fodder to the following distributing depôts:

1. Aurangabad
2. Jalna
3. Lasur
4. Vaijapur
5. Bir
6. Georai
7. Mahbubnagar
8. Warangal
9. Bhongir
10. Jangaon

These depôts distributed fodder which consisted of grass, karbi, and cotton seeds to the ryots on the *Takavi* system. The following statement shows that fodder was supplied to 4,627 persons on the *Takavi* system to the value of Rs. 3,16,223-8-1 in the district of Nalgunda, Bir, Warangal, Mahbubnagar and Aurangabad. In some cases, advances in cash were also made to the cultivators of distant places for the purchase of fodder.

[Statement.]

Serial No.	Name of District	Name of Taluka	No. of persons who obtained fodder or cash	cost of fodder or cash advanced			Remarks
				Cash distributed	Fodder distributed as takavi	Total	
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Nalgunda ...	Nalgunda ...	2	50 0 0	...	50 0 0	
		Jangaon ...	27	3,050 0 0	...	3,050 0 0	
		Suryapet ...	303	3,558 0 0	...	3,558 0 0	
		Kudar ...	206	3,058 0 0	...	3,058 0 0	
		Total ...	538	9,716 0 0	...	9,716 0 0	
2	Bir ...	Georai ...	13	280 0 0	21,705 0 0	21,985 0 0	
		Ashti ...	...	...	1,780 14 0	1,780 14 0	
		Bir ...	...	...	4,187 6 0	4,187 6 0	
		Manjlegaon ...	327	18,130 0 0	...	18,130 0 0	
		Total ...	340	18,410 0 0	27,623 4 0	46,038 4 0	
3	Warangal ...	Warangal ...	97	2,495 0 0	125 0 0	2,620 0 0	
4	Mahbubnagar	Amrabad ...	41	1,642 0 0	...	1,642 0 0	
		Mahbubnagar ...	3	75 0 0	1,257 0 0	1,332 0 0	
		Total ...	44	1,717 0 0	1,257 0 0	2,974 0 0	
5	Aurangabad.	Patan ...	1,263	...	1,80,558 11 0	1,80,558 11 0	
		Ambad ...	340	...	20,842 8 0	20,842 8 0	
		Vijapur ...	1,019	...	42,420 11 9	42,420 11 0	
		Gangapur ...	649	...	36,570 8 0	36,570 8 0	
		Aurangabad ...	151	...	18,315 4 0	18,315 4 0	
		Kannad ...	175	...	5,950 1 1	5,950 1 4	
		Total ...	3,600	...	2,54,652 12 1	2,54,652 12 1	
	Total Divani.	...	4,619	32,338 0 0	283,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	
	Sarf-i-Khas.	Patoda District Bir ...	8	...	227 8 0	227 8 0	
	Grand Total.	...	4,627	32,338 0 0	2,83,885 8 1	3,16,223 8 1	

Fodder worth Rs. 82,008-3-9 was sold for cash and the total contingent expenses incurred in this connection amounted to Rs. 45,738-3-1. Although I was authorised by Government to supply fodder to the ryots and give it as *Takavi* in the famine-stricken area up to 50 per cent. of the cost but as arrangements were made to purchase fodder where it was obtainable at reasonable price, there occurred no need to give fodder at the maximum loss sanctioned by Government. The total loss sustained under this head in this connection was Rs. 1,19,508-4-7 giving an average of about 25 per cent. loss. To sum up the total amount of Rs. 5,74,811-7-5 was drawn from the treasury as per following details :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For fodder purchased ...	...	...	1,96,735 4 4
For cash advanced to ryots ...	...	...	32,338 0 0
For contingent expenses ...	...	...	45,738 3 1
Total ...	5,74,811	7	5

This amount was spent as follows :—

Cost of fodder distributed to ryots as takavi ...	2,83,885	8	1
Cash advances made to do ...	32,338	0	0
Fodder sold for cash ...	82,008	3	9
Contingent expenses ...	45,738	3	1
Loss sustained ...	1,19,508	4	7
Fodder in hand at the end of Azur 1380 F. ...	11,388	8	11
Total ...	5,74,811	7	5

Deducting Rs. 82,008-3-9 credited to Government on account of the value of fodder sold and Rs. 11,333-3-11 value of fodder in hand at the end of Azur 1330 Fasli from the total amount Rs. 5,74,811-7-5 drawn from the treasury the balance of expense under this head comes to Rs. 4,81,469-15-9 only, and on this amount only total loss is counted.

Two motor lorries had to be bought at a cost of Rs. 36,000 to carry fodder and food grains to out-of-the-way places like the Bir district and a grass pressing machine was also purchased and so also an Alix Drill for boring wells. When fodder depôts were closed, the motor lorries were handed over to the Public Works Department at cost price and the pressing machine is at Permanent Central Grass Depôt at Hingoli, while the Alix Drill was made over to the Agricultural Department.

35. In order to save cattle, a Committee was formed at Jalna to collect all head of young and serviceable cattle which were being sold at the value of their hides. The object was to protect them during the famine period and resell them to the ryots, who originally sold them, without any profit simply taking actual cost of feeding, etc. Nearly a thousand cattle were thus saved.

All the Government Reserve Forests in the districts of Warangal, Nalgunda, Mahbubnagar and Adilabad were opened to the ryots of the famine-stricken area to graze their cattle free of charge. Cattle were also allowed to graze in Government Rumnahs in the affected area. A grass rumnah was selected in Jalna to allow people to graze their cattle, under the supervision of a Special Officer of the Famine Department. A notice was published calling on the people to hand over their cattle, receiving receipt for them during the famine period, to the officer appointed for the purpose with a view to save their lives, with the assurance that the cattle would be returned to the owners after the famine was over. I am sorry, however, to say that the ryots did not take advantage of this arrangement, but wished to keep their cattle with them and were keener on feeding the cattle on the *Takavi* system than on handing them over to the officer appointed for the purpose.

In supplying fodder to the needy ryots the main object of saving serviceable young and valuable cattle was always kept in view.

A missionary of Ahmednagar suggested feeding cattle on prickly pear after first removing their thorns by burning them and then mixing the prickly pear with jawari flour and giving it to the cattle. This system the missionary said had proved successful with him, but I regret to say that though tried in several villages it failed in this country as the cattle would not eat the stuff.

Consequent on the scarcity of water and the high cost of fodder both agricultural and non-agricultural cattle suffered in 1328 Fasli. In some cases cattle were removed to distant places and in other cases they died before any help could reach them.

Appendix XII shows the details of the effect of famine on cattle in 1328 Fasli, in the affected area. The total number of cattle at the end of 1327 Fasli was as follows:—

Agricultural cattle	...	...	...	10,78,637
Non-agricultural cattle	...	...	...	28,35,951
Total				39,14,588

The mortality among cattle in 1328 Fasli, was as follows:—

Agricultural cattle	...	...	...	1,77,470
Non-agricultural cattle	...	...	...	2,58,988
Total				4,31,458

Thus there was a loss of about 11 per cent. in the number of cattle in one year. I regret however that the figures for 1329 are not available.

36. *Public Health and Medical Relief.*—Medical relief was given by the Director, Medical Department, who arranged for medical aid to be rendered at almost every poor house, and to important relief camps. A medical officer could not be given for each camp and poor house, as trained medical officers could not be spared from their usual works and sufficient number of private practitioners could not be procured.

The diseases generally prevalent in poor houses and relief camps were fever, dropsy and dyspepsia. Cholera also broke out, but owing to the prompt action taken, it did not spread to any large extent.

The following tables show the number of cases treated and deaths from cholera and other diseases in poor houses and relief camps in 1328 and 1329 Fasli and Azur 1330 Fasli.

1328 Fasli.

Districts	Cases			Deaths		
	In poor houses	In relief camps	Total	In poor houses	In relief camps	Total
Aurangabad ...	589	13,585	14,074	141	218	359
Bir ...	181	481	612	50	85	135
Warangal ...	1,748	1,251	2,999	340	340	680
Karimnagar ...	1,667	998	2,665	59	169	228
Nalgunda ...	3,714	797	4,511	808	178	981
Mahbubnagar ...	3,539	283	3,822	40	30	70
Medak ...	202	597	799	28	36	59
Balharshah Railway.	...	363	363	...	2	2
Total ...	11,590	18,255	29,845	1,461	1,053	2,514

1329 Fasli.

Aurangabad ...	22	...	22	11	...	11
Bir ...	16	...	16	2	...	2
Karimnagar ...	189	...	189	56	...	56
Warangal ...	12,476	26,706	39,182	651	599	1,250
Medak ...	85	5,562	5,647	29	...	29
Nalgunda ...	4,936	2,980	7,916	360	70	430
Balharshah Railway.	...	1,008	1,008	...	...	...
Mahbubnagar ...	191	...	191	70	...	70
Total ...	17,865	36,256	54,121	1,179	669	1,844

1330 Fasli.

Karimnagar ...	20	...	20	6	...	6
Warangal ...	152	...	152	39	...	39
Nalgunda ...	117	...	117	39	...	39
Mahboobnagar ...	56	...	56	15	...	15
Total ...	345	...	345	99	...	99

Thus out of a total number of 84,311 cases in which people suffered from one disease or another in relief camps or poor houses, 4,461 persons died, giving a percentage of 5.4 deaths only which is not excessive. Appendices XIII and XIV give the details regarding diseases and deaths according to districts and camps respectively.

37. *Relief Works in Sarf-i-Khas Illaqua*.—Relief works were started in the following Sarf-i-Khas talukas in 1328 and 1329 Fasli:—

1. Villages of Sarf-i-Khas of Taluka Siddipett, Medak district,
2. „ Khuldabad, Aurangabad district,
3. „ Patoda, Bir district,
4. „ Karimnagar, Karimnagar district.

The total number of persons relieved at a cost of Rs. 33,751-1-11 was 1,12,331. People were employed in repairing tanks and sinking and repairing wells and constructing roads or Musafir Khanas. Rs. 1,258-7-6 was advanced to 65 persons in the Khuldabad Taluka, and Rs. 7,248-4-0 to 355 persons in the Patoda taluka as *Takavi*. Gratuitous relief and poor houses relieved the distress of 30,230 persons at a cost of Rs. 3,816-8-6 in the Karimnagar taluka. Rs. 21,427-13-11 were spent on relief works in the Siddipett, Patoda, Khuldabad and Karimnagar talukas relieving the distress of 81,681 persons.

Appendix XV shows the details of relief works, number of labourers and the expenditure under the head Sarf-i-Khas.

38. *Migration*.—The statistics of immigration and emigration as received from the districts are shown in Appendices XVI and XVII. The total number of persons who emigrated is 9,585, out of which 6,866 proceeded from Bir, 1,364 from Mahboobnagar, 1,202 from Nalgunda and 153 from Warangal districts. The number of persons who immigrated from British India into these Dominions cannot be accurately shown, but from Appendix XVII it would appear that during the years 1328 and 1329 Fasli, relief was afforded from relief camps to a total of 3,26,648 persons from British India.

Excepting a solitary case of Guntur district, Madras Presidency, no complaints were received from British India regarding the famine-stricken people of these Dominions flocking into British India. In the solitary case in which a complaint was received, a small number of the members of wandering Criminal Tribes had gone to Guntur district and the complaint was at once removed by sending a special officer who brought them all back.

39. *Private Charity*.—A sum of Rs. 63,398-6-7 was collected and spent by charitably disposed people in 1328 and 1329 Fasli. This amount was spent in relieving 1,88,469 persons by supplying them food or clothing or by providing for them gratuitous relief.

The details under this head are as follows:—

			Rs.	A.	P.
Mahaboobnagar	...	Distribution of cloth	...	344	0 0
Achampet	...	Food supplied	...	1,248	0 0
Mahboobnagar District.					
Gangapuri	...	Food supplied	...	9,618	4 7
Aurangabad District.					
Hanamkonda	...	Food supplied and cloth			
Warangal District.		distributed	...	49,985	10 0
Piddapally	...	Gratuitous Relief	...	2,202	8 0
Karimnagar District.					
Total			...	63,398	6 7

Appendix XVIII shows the details regarding donations, names of districts and number of persons relieved, etc.

40. *Crime*.—Loss of crops in 1327 Fasli and failure of rains in 1328 Fasli and consequent high prices of foodstuffs increased the crime in

the country in those years. The following is the comparative statement of serious crime from 1326 to 1330 Fasli obtained from the District Police.

Year	Murder	Dakaiti	Robbery	House breaking	Theft	Cattle theft	Total
1326	166	52	129	1,969	1,219	440	3,975
1327	233	168	207	2,466	1,665	625	5,364
1328	279	286	347	2,720	1,848	1,298	6,768
1329	265	157	246	1,950	1,461	948	5,022
1330	266	312	313	2,610	1,758	968	6,227

It will be noticed from the figures given above that the total of serious offences in 1326 Fasli was 3,975 and it rose to 5,364 in 1327 and to 6,768 in 1328. There was a drop in 1329 when compared with 1328, but it again rose in 1330 Fasli due chiefly to famine conditions and high cost of almost all the necessities of life. Increase in crime is quite a natural consequence of Famine. People can find no employment on fields when crops fail, prices of food stuffs rise high, and the poorer classes of people take to crime.

PART III.

41. *Land Revenue Collections.*—Remissions of land revenue for wet cultivation are given as a matter of course under the ordinary rules when rain and supply of water fail. In consequence of bad or untimely rains the crops failed, in the famine-stricken area, and remissions were therefore given as follows in 1327, 1328 and 1329 Fasli.

Districts			1327 F.			1328 F.			1329 F.		
			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Aurangabad	...	...	86,170	1	11	65,520	14	2	42,114	4	5
Bir	...	...	0	3	0	5	13	0	5,424	7	3
Warangal	...	...	3,01,090	3	5	10 65,578	4	1	7,29,240	8	5
Karimnagar	...	...	2,71,409	10	8	15,23,159	0	3	12,52,502	4	2
Adilabad	...	...	49,600	9	11	1,83,609	3	7	2,08,004	11	1
Medak	...	...	3,99,505	8	8	12,07,907	1	10	9,78,030	12	9
Nalgonda	...	...	2,34,446	14	7	9,54,697	0	0	7,10,115	15	2
Mahbubnagar	...	...	2,55,213	0	2	7,39,315	11	10	6,26,841	9	4
Total	...	...	15,47,436	4	4	57,39,788	0	9	45,41,404	8	7

The following table shows the suspensions of land revenue in the famine districts.

Suspensions in 1328 and 1329 F.			
		Rs.	A. P.
Aurangabad	...	8,46,826	10 11
Bir	...	1,45,441	8 4
Karimnagar	...	1,12	12 5
Warangal	...	2,963	9 11
Nalgonda	...	...	...
Medak	...	15,089	2 3
Mahbubnagar	...	135	8 3
Total	...	10,28,138	15 1

Appendices XIX and XX show in detail the amounts of land revenue remitted and suspended in 1328 and 1329 Fasli as also the amounts recovered and outstanding at the end of 1329 Fasli.

Appendices XXI and XXII show the details of the total revenue of the affected districts for 1327, 1328 and 1329 as also the amounts recoverable at the end of each year.

42. *Expenditure.*—The following statement shows the amount under each head sanctioned and spent on Famine Works during 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli.

Name of work	Sanctioned amount			Amount spent			Balance			Excess		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. P. W. D., G. B. and Irrigation Works. ...	45,20,000	0	0	27,78,855*	4	5½						
Do Establish-ment ...	...			18,94,457	4	1½						
Total ...	...			41,78,812	8	7½	3,46,687	7	4½			
2. Balharshah Railway ...	3,77,845	0	0	1,20,460	8	6½	2,57,384	7	5½			
3. Gratuitous Relief and Poor Houses (Dts.)	15,80,000	0	0	13,15,806	0	2½	2,64,698	13	9½			
Do (City).	1,00,000	0	0	44,419	13	9	55,580	2	8			
Total ...	...			18,59,725	13	11½	3,20,274	2	0			
4. Takavi Divani ...	24,78,000	0	0	16,16,514	0	10						
Sarf-i-Khas...				8,279	8	6						
Miscellaneous expenses.				15	4	0						
Total ...				16,24,808	8	4	8,53,191	7	8			
5. Takavi Fodder. Divani ...	6,00,000	0	0	3,15,996	0	1						
Sarf-i-Khas...				227	8	0						
Establishment, etc.				1,65,246	7	8						
Total ...				4,81,469	15	9	1,18,580	0	8			
6. Local Fund (Village Relief Works) ...	7,00,000	0	0	(Diwani) 3,74,154	11	0						
				(S. Khas) 11,883	6	6						
Total ...	...			3,85,988	1	6	3,14,011	14	6			
7. Contingent Expenses ...	1,75,000	0	0	2,03,897	7	9½	...			28,897	7	9½
8. Sarf-i-Khas ...	50,457	0	0	13,410	15	11	37,046	0	1			
Grand Total ...	1,05,81,302	0	0	88,63,074	0	5½	22,47,125	7	4	28,897	7	9

The amount spent in excess shown under the head contingencies was spent in relief camps out of the funds provided under different heads and when preparing accounts the excess expenditure shown here was debited to contingent expenses. In the expenditure, shown above under the head P. W. D. Relief Works a sum of Rs. 1,57,810-0-1 on account of hutting charges and Rs. 2,23,236-14-10 on account of cost of tools are included. Similarly in the expense shown under the heads Village Relief Works, Poor Houses and Sarf-i-Khas Relief Works the sums of Rs. 30,000, Rs. 30,000 and Rs. 12-8-0 the cost of hutting charges are included respectively and the expenditure under the head Contingencies include Rs. 62,945-8-5 on account of tents purchased. The total hutting charges amount to Rs. 2,17,822-8-1.

Appendix XXIII shows the amount sanctioned and spent and Appendix XXIV shows the expenditure under each head.

43. The following statement shows the total amount spent on famine relief works and the total number of persons relieved.

No.	Head	No. of persons	Expenditure		
			Rs.	A.	P.
1	P. W. D. Works General Branch and Irrigation	1,83,22,629	27,78,855	4	5½
2	Balharshah Railway	1,01,103	1,20,460	8	6½
3	Gratuitous Relief (Districts)	57,49,156	5,66,628	15	3½
4	Do do (City)	2,63,858	30,685	6	4
5	Poor Houses (Districts)	60,12,108	7,48,677	0	10
6	Do (City)	78,710	18,781	7	5
7	Takavi for wells, etc.	21,309	16,16,514	0	10
8	Takavi (fodder)	4,619	3,15,996	0	1
9	Local Fund Works	10,62,726	8,74,154	11	0
10	Establishment of Relief Camps, P.W.D.	...	15,98,354	11	11½
11	Establishment of Special Relief Officers (Takavi, etc.)	...	1,65,261	11	8-
	Total	2,69,11,013	88,29,322	14	6½
	Sarfar Khas	1,12,381	88,751	1	11
	Grand Total	2,70,23,344	88,68,074	0	5½

*Rs. 17,63,616-7-7½

The total amount Rs. 88,68,074-0-5½ includes Rs. 2,23,236-14-10 the cost of tools and Rs. 62,945-8-5 the cost of tents purchased. The full amount of the total cost of tents and tools, *viz.*, Rs. 2,86,182-7-3 should not be debited to famine expenditure because the tools have all been handed over to the Public Works Department and the tents ~~are~~ given to the officials of other departments who required them. One-third of this amount however *i.e.* Rs. 95,394-2-5 should be debited to the famine expenditure as depreciation in value of the tools and tents. Thus deducting ~~the~~ 2/3rd value of the tools and tents *i.e.* Rs. 1,90,788-4-10 from Rs. 88,68,074-0-5½ the total cost of famine expenditure comes to only Rs. 81,72,285-11-7½, which works out to an average cost of Rs. 0-4-10 per head per day.

Takavi advances were made to 21,309 persons for agricultural bullocks and sinking and repairing wells, etc. and the labourers employed by the persons who received advances was 4,95,411. Thus the total number of persons relieved was 2,75,18,755 and as the total cost amounted to Rs. 81,72,285-11-7½, the average expenditure per head per day comes to 0-4-7. This average seems to be very reasonable as it includes all expenses.

44. *Acknowledgment of Services.*—The officers of the Revenue and Public Works Departments with few exceptions performed their duties satisfactorily during the famine and appreciating their good services in general I am grateful to them. Amongst those requiring special mention are chiefly Mr. Wahiduddin, Mr. Muhammad Raza, Mr. Mohiuddin Ali Khan (now Nawab Mohiuddin Yar Jung Bahadur), Mr. Govind Naik, the Talukdars of Bir, Aurangabad, Karimnagar and Medak districts respectively who took great interest and pains in successfully carrying out famine operations in their districts and deserve special recognition at the hands of Government for valuable services rendered, as also Messrs. Syed Fazlullah, Ahmed Mohiuddin, Jahangirji, Mir Vilayat Ali, Ghulam Gouse Khan, Muhammad Badruddin, Moulvi Mohiuddin Mahmood, Ghulam Mahmood Quraishi, Zain-ul-Abideen, and Muhammad Kamaluddin who worked splendidly as camp officers or special relief officers. Mr. Khurshid Ali, Assistant Secretary, Finance Department, was in charge of the Hyderabad Poor Houses. He discharged his duties creditably without drawing any allowance beyond making use of a Government car. Mr. Wahiduddin, first Talukdar of Bir, ~~is~~ the first officer to settle the famine accounts of his district. His promptness is praiseworthy.

I am indebted to Mr. Jag Mohan Lal, Mr. Syed Abbas Husain, and Mr. Rahimuddin Khan who worked very satisfactorily in connection with the famine relief works in their districts.

Amongst the District Engineers, Messrs. Vijayarangam Mudaliar and Abu Turab did their work very well, and they also deserve special recognition at the hands of Government.

My hearty thanks are due to Mr. Mir Ahmed Ali, Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, and Mr. Karamatulla Khan, Chief Engineer, General Branch, for the most willing and prompt help they gave me in carrying on relief works.

In my office, Mr. Kanhaya Lal, my Assistant, discharged his duties very creditably and the work of the following office hands, who gave me valuable assistance deserves to be mentioned :—

1. Mr. Venkat Rao, Accountant,
2. „ Gadadhar Rao, Assistant Accountant,
3. „ Abdul Gaffoor, Assistant Accountant,
4. „ Nasiruddin, Peshi Clerk.

In the end, I beg to thank all the members of the Central Famine Committee for the ready help they gave me in carrying on famine operations by giving sympathetic consideration to the proposals submitted by me from time to time and arranging for immediate payment of the amounts sanctioned. Whatever measure of success was achieved in conducting the operations was due to a large extent to the keen and kindly interest taken by Mr. Glancy, the Assistant Minister, Finance, in famine work, and the valuable advice with which he was ever ready to help me, and I take this opportunity of acknowledging my great indebtedness to him.

15. It is entirely due to the royal generosity displayed by our beloved and august Sovereign the shadow of God on earth that vast sums of money were sanctioned for the alleviation of the distress caused by this severe famine to both human beings and cattle and as a consequence thousands of men and cattle were saved from what would otherwise have been certain death and destruction. No tongue can adequately give utterance to the feelings of widely felt gratitude that the royal benevolence of our august Sovereign has evoked and no sacrifice on the part of the people to ensure the welfare of that Sovereign will be too great. It was also due to our beloved Sovereign's gracious favour that I was afforded the honour and an opportunity of serving the public in the capacity of the Famine Commissioner, for which I cannot find suitable language to express my keen sense of humble and heartfelt gratitude. Millions of people relieved of intense distress which was felt in one way or the other throughout the length and breadth of these Dominions are most grateful for the generous relief afforded to them and have expressed their heartfelt gratitude for the overwhelmingly keen interest which our beloved Sovereign has taken in their welfare at such an acute crisis. This kingly generosity of our Exalted Sovereign shall ever be remembered by one and all for countless generations to come.

MOHAMED ALI,

DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE AND JAILS,

FORMERLY FAMINE COMMISSIONER.

HYDERABAD-DECCAN.)
9th February, 1923. }

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APPENDICES

APPENDIX I.

Note on Famine Relief Operations in H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions.

The Famine Relief operations in H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions were conducted in 40 talukas of the eight marginally noted districts. In the two districts of Aurangabad and Bir of the Mahratwara tract, the relief operations were closed at the commencement of 1329 Fasli owing to favourable monsoon, but were re-opened in the month of Azur 1330 Fasli owing to the total failure of rains, while in the Telingana tract, these still continue. Various amounts of money sanctioned from time to time and spent on relief works up to the end of Aban 1329 Fasli, corresponding to the 5th October 1920, as per items marked against each, are as follows:—

No.	Particulars	Amount sanctioned	Amount actually spent
1.	P.W.D. Relief Works ...	45,20,000	41,78,312 8 7½
2.	Takavi for well sinking ...	24,78,000	16,24,808 8 4
3.	Gratuitous relief ...	15,80,000	18,16,806 0 2½
4.	Local Fund Relief Works ...	7,00,000	3,85,988 1 6
5.	Takavi for Fodder ...	6,00,000	4,81,469 15 9
6.	Kazipet-Belharshah Railway Line earth work ...	3,77,845	1,20,460 8 6½
7.	Contingency expenses ...	1,75,000	2,08,897 7 9½
8.	City Poor houses ...	1,00,000	44,419 18 9
	Total ...	1,05,80,845	88,49,663 0 6½
	Sarf-i-Khas ...	50,457	13,410 15 11
	Grand Total ...	1,05,81,302	88,63,074 0 5½

From the above it is evident that the actual expenditure of the Famine operations of all the heads is Rs. 88,63,074-0-5½ for the period commencing from 9th Bahman 1328 Fasli (13th December 1918) up to the end of Azur 1330 Fasli (4th November 1920). The total number of persons relieved during this period is 2,70,23,344 at an average cost of 0-4-10 per head including all the expenses of establishment, etc.

The whole famine affected area was 12,643 square miles and the population of the same is 22,37,529 souls. The relief works started differed according to the two great divisions into which the territory of H. E. H. the Nizam is divided, the Telingana and the Mahratwara tracts. The works started in the Mahratwara tract were mostly construction and repairs of roads excepting one tank, while in the Telingana tract, the works started were mostly repairs to tanks and channels numbering in all 126.

Up to now 193·4 miles of road earth work has been completed—in a place or two, culverts have also been constructed. Besides this, many village roads have been completed as Village Relief Works. 126 Irrigation works were started as relief works, most of which are fully completed. Town road works as well as *chowdies* of villages and sinking and repairs of drinking waterwells are also done as Village Relief Works which are of a large number.

As the Mahratwara tract, unlike the Telingana, is not interspersed with tanks and kuntas, it was decided to construct wells, which are of a protective nature. Instructions were therefore issued to advance *Takavi* for this purpose, and the major portion of the amount allotted for this purpose, *e. g.*, Rs. 19,82,510-0-11 was spent in the affected districts. Out of this amount, a sum of Rs. 4,85,194-3-8 was advanced to 2,898 ryots for the purpose of

sinking new wells and repairing old ones—consequently the number of new wells sunk and old ones repaired is as follows :—

No. of Ryots to whom <i>Takavi</i> was advanced for wells	Wells			Completed		Remaining to be completed	
	New	Old	Total	New	Old	New	Old
2,610	1,400	1,329	2,029	979	1,300	421	229

5,047 pairs of bullocks were purchased and given to 5,269 ryots as *Takavi* at a cost of Rs. 5,48,411-14-7. To 5,926 ryots, seeds and grains were advanced as *Takavi* at a cost of Rs. 1,92,587-15-3 and fodder or cash to the extent of Rs. 3,15,996-0-1 was advanced to 4,619 persons, 2,399 artisans were advanced Rs. 1,73,073-10-11.

In order to meet the severe fodder famine in this portion, Government Grass Depôts were opened and fodder was supplied to the needy ryots as *Takavi*. The total sum spent on this head amounts to Rs. 4,81,460-15-9. In order to ensure timely aid to save the cattle, arrangements were made to transport fodder from Government Grass Depôts by means of motor lorries which were purchased at a cost of Rs. 36,000. Wherever stock of agricultural cattle secured was depleted arrangements were made to import cattle from surplus area and given over to the ryots as *Takavi*.

What with the dearness of food-grains prevalent and the difficulty of transport, it was found very difficult to supply food grains to the relief camps. Seeing that private enterprise failed to meet with the urgency of the situation, Government purchased over stocks and sent to the relief camps for distribution in place of cash allowances.

Another characteristic feature of these operations has been the aid given to the artisans—once a flourishing class—in the State and also to school children. A large sum of money was advanced as *Takavi* and every encouragement given to them to carry on their profession.

Gratuitous relief was given to the needy and the destitute and the total expenditure on this head is Rs. 13,59,725-13-11 $\frac{3}{4}$. The total number of persons relieved under this head is 1,20,98,627 at an average cost of 0-1-9 per unit.

The total number of irrigation sources which have been started under Famine Relief is about 126, excluding some minor tanks, and every attempt is being taken to complete them. What with the increased revenue to the Government and the benefits of wet cultivation that would accrue to the ryots, the Telingana tract might well congratulate itself that famine brought to it its blessings no less than the havoc it worked.

At the close of the Famine Operations, correct figure of expenditure will be forthcoming. This Note is prepared from whatever materials are now available at hand.

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

1st November 1920.

**APPENDIX II.—Statement showing the rate of Jawari and Rice in the
Famine-Stricken Talukas in 1928 and 1929 F.**

Serial No.	Name of Famine-Stricken Talukas	1928 F.		1929 F.		Remarks
		Jawari	Rice	Jawari	Rice	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Seers	Seers	Seers	Seers	
1	Ambad	...	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	Famine operations in Aurangabad and Bir districts were discontinued in the beginning of 1929 F. but in 1930 F. both the districts were again affected, and the operations were again started. During 1929 F. famine operations were going on in other districts.
2	Aurangabad	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	
3	Gangapur	...	5	3	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	
4	Kaunad	...	4	3	4	
5	Patan	...	4	3	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	
6	Vijapur	...	5	4	3	
7	Khuldabad	...	...	...	...
8	Ashti	...	5	3	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	
9	Bir	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	3	
10	Goorai	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	4	
11	Manjlegaon	...	5	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	
12	Patoda	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	
13	Khammam	...	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
14	Mahboobabad	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
15	Madira	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	
16	Pakhal	...	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
17	Puloncha	...	4	4	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
18	Mulug	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	
19	Warangal	...	5	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
20	Yellandu	...	5	4	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
21	Jagtial	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	5	
22	Huzurabad	...	4	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	
23	Karimnagar	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	
24	Mahadeopur	...	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	
25	Susilla	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	
26	Lakshettipetti	...	...	...	...
27	Bhongir	...	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	
28	Chiryal	...	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	
29	Deverkonda	...	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
30	Huzurnagar	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	
31	Nalgunda	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
32	Suryapet	...	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	
33	Miryalguda	...	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
34	Amerabad	...	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
35	Kalvakurthi	...	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	
36	Mahboobnagar	...	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
37	Mukhtal	...	1	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	
38	Nagarkurnool	...	1	3	5	
39	Pargi	...	1	3	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	
40	Siddipet	...	5	3	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX III.—Statement showing the grain Imported into and Exported from each Customs House Division for 1328 Fasli.

No.	Name of Customs House Division	Imported in Maunds						Exported in Maunds					
		Rice	Wheat	Jawar	Gram	Miscellaneous	Total	Rice	Wheat	Jawar	Gram	Miscellaneous	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	City	8,36,646	1,32,915	804	1,60,065	1,93,408	18,28,888	1,488	...	...	...	8,586	5,019
2	Secunderabad	3,98,620	32,597	1,584	22,787	12,516	4,69,115	120	...	...	...	147	268
3	Osmanabad	14,058	1,650	1,245	229	12,942	30,126	2,910	3,577	34,002	1,578	51,890	93,958
4	Aurangabad	95,134	58,489	557	54,907	6,488	2,15,552	94	3,012	8,034	1,052	758	12,946
5	Lingsugur	25,725	471	2,298	8,483	17,414	54,792	1,619	6,957	19,652	2,610	2,471	33,113
6	Madhwa	78,221	...	5,904	140	1,654	85,920	1,338	...	4,716	40	57,327	63,421
7	Warangal	2,31,303	1,156	12,015	8	21,909	2,66,393	21	...	...	1	8,298	8,320
8	Rajura	7,231	1,399	116	225	4,022	12,995	...	33	2,112	15	603	2,795
9	Gulbarga	1,68,321	9,187	229	26,357	70,350	2,74,441	...	...	6,462	...	31,480	37,943
10	Godaveri	2,55,161	3,11,256	2,588	80,510	30,672	6,80,191	7	2	1	...	...	11
11	Gadag	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,028	2,028
	Total	21,10,134	5,49,123	27,431	3,55,113	3,76,354	31,18,368	7,594	13,581	75,010	5,294	1,58,540	2,60,022

APPENDIX IV.—Statement showing the grain Imported into and Exported from each Customs House Division during 1329 Fasli.

No.	Name of Customs House Division	Grain Imported in Maunds						Grain Exported in Maunds					
		Rice	Wheat	Jawar	Gram	Miscellaneous	Total grain imported	Rice	Wheat	Jawar	Gram	Miscellaneous	Total grain exported
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	City	1,09,878	1,31,676	1,902	2,00,352	1,35,894	8,92,702	1,068	117	..	9	26,229	27,423
2	Secunderabad	2,15,976	29,697	831	29,715	16,698	2,92,917	375	393	..	327	1,263	2,358
3	Osmanabad	309	2,460	...	3	28,071	30,849	196	2,145	22,542	1,506	1,20,438	1,46,817
4	Aurangabad	16,212	27,366	1,536	27,465	18,618	91,197	18	594	3,765	3	54,621	59,001
5	Lingsugur	11,775	367	1,686	5,220	23,374	42,222	657	3,489	6,066	516	11,553	22,230
6	Madhwa	22,154	..	36	...	30,432	53,626	111	...	6,405	...	13,302	19,418
7	Warangal	1,59,297	4,834	492	4,677	306	1,69,505	15	...	...	39	1,34,193	1,34,247
8	Rajura	636	150	...	15	81	882	21	...	...	...	177	201
9	Gulbarga	92,616	36,096	...	36,798	55,197	2,20,707	...	...	16,092	..	2,80,158	2,96,250
10	Godaveri	1,76,850	1,76,562	369	1,06,347	1,52,103	6,12,231	...	...	1,269	...	10,917	12,186
11	Mahbubnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	11,05,707	4,12,008	6,852	4,10,593	4,60,674	28,95,888	2,454	6,687	56,139	2,400	6,52,851	7,20,531

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, General Branch and Irrigation Relief Works

Work	Name of camp	Length in miles	Name of taluks	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work was continued	Number	
							Labourers	
							Men	Women
<i>Aurangabad District.</i>								
(1) Metal breaking 2 Sec.	Camp Vijapur 1.	16 Miles 1,69,420 c. ft.	Vijapur ...	1-5-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	276	2,18,780	2,77,869
(2) Do do Rotaygaon Vijapur, and Gangapur 1st Sec.	Camp Manjri 2.	69,048 c. ft. 8½ miles	Gangapur.	7-6-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	239	81,886	1,39,644
(3) Yellora Kannad Road metal breaking.	Camp Boregaon 3.	6½ miles 19,554 c. ft.	Kannad	18-6-28 F.	30-12-28 F.	198	25,155	41,632
(4) 2nd Sec. metal breaking.	Camp Patan 4.	11 miles 10,66,243 c.ft.	Patan ...	1-6-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	239	3,38,953	5,24,979
Irrigation Branch ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,684	50,182
General Branch ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,14,733	2,00,726
(5) Jangi Talah metal breaking Ambad-Patan, Ambad Road, 1st Sec.	Camp Ambad 5.	22 miles 1,59,789 c.ft.	Ambad ...	13-3-28 F.	15-2-29 F.	339	1,48,417	2,50,908
(6) Construction of Road from Chikalthana to Shahgar.	Camp Chikalthana 6.	...	Aurangabad	24-1-30 F.	in progress	17	3,985	6,796
Metal breaking ...	Camp Kurmad	...	do	do	do	17	5,767	9,251
Construction of works in the District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Office ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Aurangabad District (one tank)	7	64½ miles 14,84,354 c.ft.	...	...	...	...	8,17,893	12,50,579
<i>Bir District.</i>								
(1) Metal breaking from Pathri to Bir Road 1st Sec.	Camp Bir	2,16,821 c.ft. 10½ miles	Bir ...	18-1-28 F.	19-1-29 F.	278	76,812	1,48,287
(2) Metal breaking. road-stocking from Bir to Jalua Road.	Camp Georai	6,24,500 c.ft.	Georai ...	15-3-28 F.	21-1-29 F.	313	1,33,962	2,74,691
(3) Metal breaking from Ashti to Ahmadnagar Road.	Camp Ashti	2,02,935 c.ft.	Ashti ...	9-3-28 F.	do	319	44,508	89,285
(4) Pathri to Bir Road, 2nd Section	Camp Peepulnair	17½ miles	Manjlegaon	7-5-28 F.	22-1-29 F.	262	1,33,250	2,31,283
(5) 3rd Section	Camp Manjli-gaon	8½ miles	do	23-6-28 F.	21-1-29 F.	214	49,923	86,335
(6) 4th Section road	Camp Ganga-malla	3½ miles	do	9-8-28 F.	28-10-28 F.	82	15,020	35,300
Office of the Divl. Engr.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Bir District ...	6	40½ miles 10,48,756 c.ft.	...	...	...	...	4,58,475	8,65,181

carried out in the *Famine stricken Districts in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasil*.

of help-seekers							Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
Children	Total	Dependants				Date		No.		
		Men	Women	Children	Total				Grand Total	
Rs. a. p.										
82,195	5,78,294	571	1,276	1,74,827	1,76,674	7,54,968	2,738	22-7-28 F.	5,051	1,90,309 3 5 7
32,425	2,53,955	6,483	18,039	1,61,182	1,80,704	4,84,659	1,818	7-7-28 F.	4,112	72,367 0 8½
6,055	72,842	909	2,373	64,458	67,740	1,40,582	710	13-7-28 F.	1,364	20,690 1 3
1,08,028	9,71,955	12,905	32,107	4,97,099	5,12,111	15,14,066	6,330	8-6-28 F.	7,853	2,57,319 4 10
22,757	1,01,623	1,013	3,889	55,447	60,349	1,61,972	...	...	...	...
91,081	4,06,490	4,055	15,555	2,21,788	2,41,398	6,47,888				
1,13,788	5,08,113	5,068	19,444	2,77,235	3,01,747	8,09,860	2,888	14-5-28 F.	4,242	1,27,780 0 10½
3,180	13,961	...	...	...	...	13,961	821	27-1-30 F.	1,486	1,248 9 4
2,804	17,822	...	...	...	...	17,822	1,048	29-1-30 F.	1,927	2,464 2 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64,111 6 7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,714 1 10
3,48,470	24,16,942	25,936	68,293	11,74,801	12,68,976	36,85,918	...	...	...	7,00,003 15 4
29,499	2,54,598	2,709	8,403	1,64,094	1,75,206	4,29,804	1,546	6-12-28 F.	4,080	72,526 11 1
74,355	4,83,008	2,635	16,594	3,21,055	3,40,284	8,23,292	2,603	25-11-28 F.	7,246	1,17,557 15 5
28,535	1,62,328	2,729	5,799	55,715	64,243	2,26,571	710	1-12-28 F.	2,444	38,426 12 1½
43,127	4,07,660	10,849	23,577	2,66,521	3,00,947	7,08,607	2,704	2-8-28 F.	4,767	1,18,480 15 8
15,504	1,51,762	3,640	7,836	1,10,053	1,21,534	2,73,296	1,277	24-8-28 F.	2,311	46,497 14 3
6,194	56,514	1,435	1,806	36,710	39,951	96,465	1,176	17-10-28 F.	1,756	14,987 9 7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106 0 0
1,97,214	15,15,870	23,997	64,015	9,54,153	10,42,165	25,58,035	...	...	...	4,08,533 14 1½

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works General Branch and Irrigation Relief Works

Work	Name of Camp	Length in miles	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days work was continued	Number	
							Labourers	
							Men	Women
<i>Medak District.</i>								
Large tank of Gadi Kandla	Camp Gadi	...	Siddipet	15-9-28 F.	7-6-29 F.	265	16,658	26,885
1) Nalla Cheru ...	Kandla	...	do	11-8-28 F.	20-2-29 F.	198	9,794	18,637
2) Malk do ...	Camp Narainraopet 2	...	do	23-5-28 F.	31-9-29 F.	554	79,284	1,46,261
1) Komat Cheru } Yerra do }	Camp Siddipet 3	...	do	5-12-29 F.	In progress	...	1,05,781	1,91,788
Total Irrigation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Construction of road from Timapur to Dharma-ram	Camp 4 Timapur	2 miles	do	29-8-28 F.	30-12-28 F.	125	16,252	18,386
Murram spreading from Ponnal to Bargpalli	Camp Ponal 5	8 miles	do	22-5-28 F.	10-12-29 F.	570	47,309	77,906
Murram spreading from Bargpalli road to Turnaland preparation of stones of miles and furlongs from Dharma-ram to Siddipet	Camp Bargpalli 6	2 miles	do	5-10-28 F.	15-2-29 F.	182	17,708	34,296
Total General Branch ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81,269	1,30,588
Total of Medak District (5 tanks)	Camp 6	12 miles	...	...	...	...	1,87,000	3,22,371
<i>Karimnagar District.</i>								
(1) Pedda Cheru ...	Camp Shah-nagar No. 1	...	K. Nagar	15-9-28 F.	8-8-29 F.	338	50,953	76,525
(2) Kota Cheru ...	Camp Ooper-malyal 2.	...	do	17-12-28 F.	8-7-29 F.	208	7,266	8,555
(3) Pedda & Chinna Cheru No. 3 and 4 respectively	Camp Welchal 3.	...	do	6-8-28 F.	29-2-29 F.	207	41,223	54,556
(4) Gannair Vram ...	Camp Gannair	...	do	27-7-28 F.	In progress	558	61,592	79,698
Large Tank No. 5. ...	Vram 4.	...	do	1-8-28 F.	29-8-29 F.	408	8,576	10,275
(6) Pedda cheru ...	Nagnoor 5.	...	do	1-1-30 F.	9-1-30 F.	66	66	49
(7) Kodi Cheru ...	Camp Chopadundi 6.	...	do	6-7-28 F.	1-2-29 F.	210	8,642 11,809	10,824 15,756
(8) Pedda Cheru ...	Camp Kante-palli 7.	...	do	9-8-28 F.	29-2-29 F.	378	7,084	14,688
(9) Construction of large tank and Timapur Cheru No. 10.	Camp Anantaram 8.	...	do	10-8-29 F.	In progress	250	67,548	95,744
(11) Repairs to Sarampalli Tank. ...	Camp Saram-palli 9.	...	do	13-8-28 F.	20-4-29 F.	258	11,482	11,382
(12) Lingam Cheru antar-gam. ...	Camp Jagtiyal 10.	...	Jagtiyal	1-1-29 F.	15-9-29 F.	51	1,578	750
(13) Dasar Cheru ...	Camp Chandoli 11.	...	Jagtiyal	12-7-29 F.	31-8-29 F.	31	604	137
(14) Surma Cheru ...	Kalikot 12.	...	do	19-7-29 F.	18-8-29 F.	30	178	26
(15) Ramsamandram Tank	Mutaram 13.	...	Huzura-bad	26-7-29 F.	24-8-29 F.	482	71,414	75,528
(16) Yelbak Tank ...	Yelbak 14.	...	Huzura-bad	1-8-28 F.	24-11-29 F.	185	6,581	5,911
(17) Garap Cheru & Chintakami Cheru, Tumal Kunta, Ibrahimipalli.	Mahadeopur 15.	...	Mahdeopur	28-8-28 F.	29-2-29 F.	48	212	111
Total of Irrigation ...	15.	...	...	...	...	...	3,48,106	4,49,631

carried out in the *Famine stricken Districts in 1928, 1929 and Azur 1930 F.*

of help seekers							Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure	
Children	Total	Men	Dependants			Grand Total	Daily average	Date	No.	
			Women	Children	Total					
8,574	52,112	31	15	62	108	52,220	197	22-9-28 F.	993	11,218 10 4
2,556	30,987	...	...	...	...	30,987	160	19-8-28 F.	1092	6,026 9 0
49,548	2,75,088	3,604	7,461	5,750	16,885	2,91,923	527	17-9-28 F.	2848	59,726 1 7
60,678	3,58,187	3,685	7,496	5,512	16,913	3,75,180	...	...	...	76,966 4 11
5,719	40,357	2,888	2,781	857	6,121	46,778	374	22-10-28 F.	1054	9,375 4 5
21,650	1,46,865	884	514	5,012	6,360	1,53,225	268	28-11-28 F.	1829	30,359 7 5
5,897	57,901	...	..	...	...	57,901	188	26-11-28 F.	1022	9,356 10 7
38,266	2,15,128	3,317	3,565	5,869	12,781	2,57,904	...	...	...	49,091 6 5
98,989	6,03,810	6,982	11,061	11,681	29,724	6,33,034	...	...	...	1,26,057 11 4
16,491	1,43,969	173	387	21,411	22,271	1,66,243	492	21-5-28 F.	1,599	42,121 2 4
13,544	29,365	...	54	408	462	29,927	147	7-1-29 F.	658	7,995 8 2
25,278	1,21,057	7	9	1,407	1,423	1,22,480	592	17-11-28 F.	1,402	28,434 11 6
30,883	1,71,658	391	1,322	6,703	8,416	1,80,074	326	12-9-29 F.	1,102	43,240 9 1
1,788	20,639	4	...	1,474	1,478	22,117	...	16-9-28 F.	459	...
86	151	2	...	...	2	153	...	...	...	4,423 1 10
1,824	20,790	6	...	1,474	1,480	22,270	55	...	...	...
1,996	29,461	116	506	4,282	5,501	31,965	164	7-8-28 F.	955	5,449 18 2
5,051	26,818	170	31	705	906	27,724	73	23-8-28 F.	397	4,975 15 10
19,688	1,82,980	2,485	2,771	8,699	13,558	1,96,535	786	11-10-28 F.	2,055	36,131 2 7
3,697	26,511	131	82	85	298	26,809	104	17-9-29 F.	327	8,328 11 9
835	31,63	...	...	...	...	3,163	62	31-8-29 F.	169	1083 0 4
35	776	..	..	...	..	776	25	13-8-29 F.	51	299 12 3
46	250	...	...	...	...	250	8	1-8-29 F.	49	204 10 2
22,994	1,69,936	257	443	6,454	7,151	1,77,090	367	12-8-28 F.	1,412	38,253 15 10
4,444	16,886	...	...	...	...	16,886	91	2-11-28 F.	373	4,135 12 7
11	334	...	14	...	14	348	8	15-8-29 F.	35	146 4 11
1,46,217	9,43,951	4,336	5,522	51,681	61,489	4,05,117	...	...	...	2,25,014 4 4

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, General Branch and Irrigation Relief Works

Work	Name of Camp	Length in miles	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work was continued	Number of Labourers	
							Men	Women
Earth filling Kamaleddy Road, 80,47,176 c.ft. digging of wells Bridges Nos. 20, 23, 33, 39, 42, 14 and planting of trees.	Camp Sirsilla 1.	12½ miles	Sirsilla	18-8-28 F.	In progress	531	89,069	1,07,896
Jagtiyal Road, mooram, collection and picking out stones from chunam and preparation of lime kiln 79,623*20 c. ft.	Pordor 2.	...	Jagtiyal	1-9-28 F.	13-6-29 F.	285	1,0056	15,899
Metal breaking from Hanamkonda to Karimnagar Road ... Office of the Divisional Engineer, G. B.	Chunjerla 3.	...	Karimnagar	24-7-28 F.	8-4-29 F.	258	21,383	89,099

Total of construction works	8.	...	...	...	...	...	1,20,508	1,61,894
Grand total of Karimnagar District Tanks and Ponds 19. ...	18.	12½ miles	...	..	...	...	46,8614	6,11,525
<i>Nalgonda District.</i>								
(1) Ura Cheru	Camp Anantaram 1.	...	Bhongir	11-10-28 F.	10-12-28 F.	58	3,571	1,447
(2) Yenga Konta	...	...	do	6-9-28 F.	22-8-29 F.	351	19,694	5,7663
(3) Tank Wasta Kundur...	Camp Wastakundur 2.	..	do	6-8-29 F.	In progress	178	30,919	5,8163
(4) Repairs to tanks & nala Bhongir.	Camp Bhongir 3.	...	do	6-12-29 F.	do	55	2,121	1,899
(5) Repairs to Chada Tank	Chada 4.	...	do	10-4-28 F.	31-6-29 F.	325	12,988	1,5227
(6) Nala Chera Kotigal ...	Kotigal 5	.	Jangaon	8-8-28 F.	20-3-29 F.	225	10,924	1,2242
(7) Ura Cheru Pallakurti	Palla Kurti 6	...	do	22-12-28 F.	3-2-29 F.	42	1,043	988
(8) Ura Cheru Manchil Opal.	Manchi Opal 7.	...	do	7-10-28 F.	3-4-29 F.	177	6,054	1,6888
(9) Uda Samudram Pangal.	Pangal 8	...	do	5-8-28 F.	2-2-29 F.	181	5,801	1,8897
(10) Kurmurti Tank	Camp Kurmurti 9.	..	Nalgunda	15-7-29 F.	16-11-29 F.	126	9,431	1,5332
(11) Madharam Tank	Mahdaram 10.	..	do	9-12-29 F.	In progress	52	8,698	7,796
(12) Pedda cheru, Mongorgunta palli	Mongor 11...	.	Nalgunda	16-9-28 F.	11-4-29 F.	210	30,719	48,058
(13) Pedda cheru Rawalpet	Rawalpet 12	.	Miryalguda	20-6-29 F.	27-10-29 F.	132	14,161	17,220
(14) Large tank Pesnoor...	Pesnoor 13	...	Dever konda	8-6-29 F.	22-10-29 F.	139	7,219	9,817
(15) Ibrahimpet tank	Ibrahimpet 14	...	Miryalguda	25-5-29 F.	28-10-29 F.	159	17,806	20,082
(16) Nagal chera	Kankal 15	...	do	29-10-29 F.	10-12-29 F.	52		
(17) Tadla cheru						211		

carried out in the Famine-stricken Districts in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasl.

of help-seekers										Expenditure
Children	Total	Dependants			Total	Grand Total	Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		
		Men	Women	Children				Date	No.	
33,992	2,30,457	1	..	959	960	2,31,417	1354	11-28 F.	1,488	71,086 6
8,758	34,213	22	27	353	102	34,315	121	5-10-28 F.	1469	9,785 5 3
12,905	72,887	206	598	9,242	10,041	83,428	323	3-9-28 F.	1071	18,148 3 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,716 11 0
55,655	3,38,057	229	620	10,554	11,403	3,49,460	...	...	...	1,31,686 12 1
2,01,872	12,82,011	1,565	6,142	62,185	72,892	13,54,903	.	...	...	3,56,731 0 5
408	5,426	40	26	18	84	8,510	147	26-11-28 F.	801	2,169 14 4
2,4936	102,298	..	..	14,078	14,078	11,6871	332	20 9-28 F.	849	16,128 1 1
471	89,553	...	...	..	...	89,553	503	20-8-29 F.	1,186	17,514 13 3
276	1,296	...	...	..	..	1,296	78	22-1-30 F.	271	1,094 8 5
3706	31,921	1,470	5,035	1,781	14,289	16,210	142	10-2-29 F.	873	20,193 10 10
2994	26,160	259	686	9,902	10,847	37,007	164	1-10-28 F.	528	63,358 8 2
17	2,048	90	188	145	128	2,471	51	30-1-29 F.	96	592 10 0
1539	23,981	...	...	1,044	1,044	25,025	155	5-1-29 F.	526	1,395 4 1
5493	29,691	..	...	...	..	29,691	161	20-8-28 F.	392	5,029 12 2
285	25,048	11	..	..	11	25,089	199	28-10-29 F.	158	3,818 3 3
9,313	25,807	...	...	...	...	25,807	196	30-1-30 F.	875	1,577 0 8
7,464	86,241	...	..	...	...	86,241	392	21-11-28 F.	934	15,561 11 7
1,633	33,014	...	...	...	...	33,014	250	8-9-29 F.	596	7,206 12 1
1,181	18,217	...	...	...	...	18,217	181	1-9-29 F.	308	3,877 7 6
8,079	15,967	...	...	...	...	15,967	218	4-11-29 F.	643	10,482 12 6

Works carried out in the Famine-stricken Districts in 1928, 1929 and Azar 1330 Fasli.

of help-seekers							Maximum No. on any day	Expenditure		
Dependants										
Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total	Grand Total	Daily average	Date	No.	
88,455	1,28,128	3,080	5,167	22,580	34,127	1,62,255	425	15-10-25 F.	2357	25,488 11 1
1	54	...				54	5	29 1-30 F.	15	141 0 10
2,267	10,019	851	495	1,095	1,914	11,968	66	19-8-29 F.	201	1,980 18 11
2,288	33,670		..			33,370	161	21 4 29 F.	369	7,947 4 11
124	3,999	..	..		..	3,999	57	30 1 29 F.	270	1,406 8 6
...	...	...	...	.	...	..	.	...	...	6,006 5 8
...	...	...	...	.	...	...	.	...	...	115 8 8
1,05,925	7,28,538	8,831	14,597	56,949	79,877	8,08,110	...	...	...	1,61,909 2 1
96,426	3,67,862	508	380	56,120	57,008	4,24,865	934	19-12-29 F.	1897	8,54,96 8 7
46,405 513	3,11,986 11,556	44	164	21,926	2,2134	3,76,220 11,556	605	18-8-28 F.	2679	90,131 15 4
45,915	3,25,972					3,48,106				

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, General Branch and Irrigation Relief

Work	Name of camp	Length in miles	Name of taluks	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work continued	Number	
							Labourers	
							Men	Women
(1) Earth work 6,77,688 c.ft. (2) Muram and nala work 6,77,688 c.ft. (3) Boundary marking 3,26,518 c.ft. (4) Digging of muram 52,582 cft. (5) Fixing of mile and furlong stones 5/38 34 stones (6) Fixing of limit of stone 200 (7) Earth work formation 2,00,619 c.ft. (8) Water drain 1,36,047 c.ft. (9) Boundary drain 82,168 c.ft. (10) Drain 8,680 c.ft. (11) Moram for levelling the road 27,428'00 c.ft. (12) Boundary Stones 108. (13) Wells 4. (14) Length of road constructed 10 miles.	Camp Kodar	10 miles ...	Huzurnagar	5-8-28 F.	end of Aban 29 F.	514	80,374	48,811
Earth work 1,48,525 c.ft. with this soil 8 miles road formation finished	Jangoon	8	Jangoon	2-3-29 F.	End of Abn 29 F.	305	2,355	8,448
(1) Earth work of the existing road 84,98,405'00 c.ft. (2) Muram collected for levelling purpose 70,000 00 c.ft. (3) Construction of road from Devur Konda to Nalgunda.	Deverkonda	10 1/2 miles	Daverkonda	25-5-29 F.	In progress	252	56,226	59,919
(1) Earth work 7,56,972'0 c. ft. (2) Levelling muram 7,37,268'00 c. ft. (3) Dressing 1816 chains (4) Clearing of forest 440 chains. (5) Formation of road 8 1/2 miles from Miryalguda to Hazurnagar finished	Miryalguda	8 1/2 miles	Miryalguda	1-7-29 F.	do	211	69,318	84,884
Total of construction works.	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,52,809	5,86,956
Grand Total of Nalgunda District.	26	49 miles	...	...	...	..	5,90,279	9,82,094
22 Tanks 1 Channel Total 82.								

Works carried out in the Famine stricken Districts in 1318, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fash.

of help-seekers							Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
		Dependants						Date	No.	
Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total	Grand Total				
5,892	79,077	1,266	1,650	28,608	81,519	1,10,586	215	9-10-28 F.	1270	88,680 2 11
1,870	7,168	...	...	...	...	7,168	23	9-6-29	87	2,245 8 5
8,079	1,21,221	...	...	...	...	1,24,221	498	10-12-29	1108	25,004 8 9
15,826	1,68,978	1,027	1274	5,410	7,711	1,76,684	887	11-8-29	2408	25,152 15 10
1,78,511	1,67,276	2,840	3,408	1,12,059	1,18,367	11,91,648	..	...	...	2,61,062 0 10
2,79,496	18,01,809	11,171	18,065	1,69,008	1,98,244	20,00,058	...	...	...	1,28,571 2 11

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, General Branch and Irrigation Relie

Work	Name of Camp	Length in miles	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work was continued	Number	
							Labourer	
							Men	Women
Warangal District.								
(1) Repairs to large tank	Sub-Camp Ganaram	...	Warangal	25-6-28 F.	12-12-28 F.	178	9,548	21,85
(2) Uracheru Bolikunta.	Boli Kunta	...	do	12-6-28 F.	7-6-29 F.	361	16,755	19,38
(3) Upal Warikunta								
(4) Katrai Brachairu								
(5) Repairs to Kutta Cheru.	Kunda Parti	...	do	11-6-28 F.	19-3-29 F.	288	14,981	16,41
(6) Ura Cheru								
(7) Goropcheru								
(8) Sedi Kunta.	Kutta Palli.	...	do	23-6-28 F.	9-12-29 F.	172	10,645	21,54
(9) Bunda Kunta Medikonda								
(10) Repairs to Appa Kunta Kresbnajiguda.								
(11) Kutta Cheru.	Sub-Camp Krishnaji Guda.	...	do	5-10-28 F.	17-3-29 F.	168	28,928	34,06
(12) Palkoma Kunta Tatty Kunda.								
(13) Vela Kunta.								
(14) Valup vari Cheru	Pasru	...	do	28-8-28 F.	26-9-29 F.	395	55,967	64,40
(15) Palkanna Chern.								
(16) Repairs to Pedda Chern.								
(17) Repairs to Unicharu and	Baghwapur	...	Warangal	21-6-28 F.	17-1-29 F.	212	11,011	11,56
(18) Banajikunta								
(19) Pedda charu Raja Ram								
(20) Camp Nekal Devi Kunta	Raja Ram...	...	do	19-8-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	159	14,410	20,78
(21) Tunga Madugoo								
(22) Repairs to pedda cheru								
(23) Kantai palam tank	Dhammanna pett Kantai Palam Bethpalli	...	Mahbooba-bad Madhrah	12-6-28 F.	25-1-29 F.	229	22,998	28,92
(24) Bath palli tank								
(25) Repairs to Bulli kunta tank								
(26) Repairs Gunnamam tank	Camp Nekunda	...	Pakhal	10-7-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	199	58,026	76,25
(27) Repairs Kandaparti tank								
(28) Gundiapalk tank								
(29) Pedda charu and Chundru Gunda	Camp Gulla Pal	...	Khammam	10-8-28 F.	In progress	539	1,04,269	1,61,72
(30) Nekunda								
(31) Pathepak								
(32) Palur charu Chunda gonda	Camp Madhera	...	Madhera	1-1-29 F.	2-2-29 F.	52	3,880	5,31
(33) Pedda Karpal								
(34) Construction of Gulla Pad stream & Balaramandram								
(35) Suoba kunta	Camp Talarah	...	do	9-9-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	144	9,498	...
(36) Repairs Uracharu								
(37) Repairs to Gunti charu tank								
(38) Repairs to yerra-charu	Mattapalli	..	do	4-9-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	149	4,991	...

out in the Famine-stricken Districts in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli.

of help-seeker		Dependants					Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total	Grand Total		Date	No.	
4,142	35,044	21	68	10,694	10,788	45,827	265	4-11-28 F.	677	7,501 1 6
827	36,919	1,144	1,218	6,096	8,458	45,877	126	28-7-28 F.	298	8,980 15 11
3,039	34,336	360	547	14,259	15,166	49,502	175	28-7-28 F.	298	9505 8 7
659	32,847	50	312	4,604	4,966	37,813	220	4-11-28 F.	326	6,588 1 3
3,276	66,263	6	328	7,886	7,570	73,833	458	29-12-28 F.	776	18,211 5 2
12,656	1,38,032	130	309	27,152	27,591	1,60,623	407	15-11-28 F.	1088	31,505 13 3
5,317	27,927	174	159	7,867	8,200	36,127	170	19-11-28 F.	568	5,852 1 1
10,115	45,290	998	2,054	18,112	16,194	61,484	386	5-10-28 F.	587	9,501 3 1
7,169	44,789	90	202	4,628	4,920	49,709	174	9-9-29 F.	400	8,883 2 6
9,580	61,400	135	63	30,763	30,961	92,861	403	12-10-28 F.	900	24,579 14 6
9,730	89,853	904	13	5,199	6,116	95,969	475	19-9-28 F.	1,543	29,322 1 8
27,861	1,57,144	1,189	2,903	30,496	34,568	1,91,732	964	24-9-28 F.	1,592	31,270 0 0
47,516	3,13,512	159	281	1,32,152	1,32,586	4,46,098	828	12-11-29 F.	1860	76,353 0 4
1,336	10,523	...	...	2,640	2,640	13,163	253	17-1-29 F.	660	2,413 5 0
...	9,493	475	...	...	475	9,968	69	14-10-28 F.	223	2,792 10 9
...	4,991	322	...	...	322	5,313	36	12-10-28 F.	148	1,177 15 8

Azur 1830 Fasli.

Grand Total	Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
		Date	No.	
45,827	265	4-11-28 F.	677	7,501 1 6
45,877	126	23-7-28 F.	298	8,980 15 11
49,502	175	23-7-28 F.	298	9505 8 7
87,813	220	4-11-28 F.	826	6,588 1 3
73,833	458	29-12-28 F.	776	18,211 5 2
1,60,628	407	15-11-28 F.	1088	31,505 13 3
36,127	170	19-11 28 F.	569	5,852 1 1
61,184	386	5-10 28 F.	587	9,501 3 1
49,709	174	9-9 29 F.	400	8,883 2 6
92,861	403	12-10-28 F.	900	24,579 14 6
95,969	475	19-9-28 F.	1,543	29,322 1 8
1,91,732	964	24-9-28 F.	1,592	31,270 0 0
4,46,098	828	12-11-29 F.	1860	76,853 0 4
18,168	253	17-1-29 F.	660	2,418 5 0
9,968	69	14-10 28 F.	223	2,792 10 9
5,813	36	12-10-28 F.	143	1,177 15 3

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, G. B. and Irrigation Relief Works carried out in the Famine-stricken Districts in 1928, 1929 and Azor 1930 Fash.

Work	Name of Camp	Length in mile	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work was continued	Number		of help-seekers							Daily average	Maximum No. on any day	
							Labourers		Dependants						Date		No.	
							Men	Women	Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total				Grand Total
(39) Repairs to Sunga Bhopalam tank Earth and moram work done	Sunga Bhopalam	...	Yellandu	28-6-28 F. 8-1-30 F.	18-2-29 F. In progress	264	43,384	61,058	17,938	1,22,425	1,366	2,989	34,698	13,708	1,66,128	629	19-7-28 F.	8109
(40) Papkoul tank	Papkoul	...	Madhira	25-6-28 F. 1-1-29 F.	15-1-29 F. 6-4-29 F.	206	18,797	12,241	4,056	30,094	1,718	3,860	6,951	12,029	42,128	204	19-11-28 F.	229
(41) Nella charu	Sub-Camp Narmuta	...	do	...	...	95	4,633	11,335	...	16,018	11	25	1,580	1,616	17,634	186	14-3-29 F.	276
(42) Ura cheru	Katraipalli	...	Warangal	8-6-29 F.	4-12-29 F.	182	17,208	31,688	12,104	61,200	...	...	...	...	61,200	398	5-9-29 F.	361
(43) Yellamma cheru	Ooperipalli	...	...	8-6-29 F.	1-12-29	179	14,659	3,42,229	12,707	61,595	...	...	...	...	61,595	344	12-11-29	422
(44) Repairs to Potlamma cheru tank	Central camp Chagal	...	Warangal	2-7-28 F.	19-4-29	291	52,685	86,176	58,740	196,601	1,168	2,210	59,649	63,067	259,668	892	17-11-28	2,140
(45) Repairs to Boghanna cheru																		
(46) Repairs to Masireddy Kunta																		
(47) Repairs to Garapkota																		
(48) Makasi kunta																		
(49) Pohama kunta, metal work morum collection																		
Construction of Dhamsa canal																		
(50) Construction of Tam-di palli tank																		
(51) Construction of pedda cheru Udagal																		
(52) Construction of Peer mandlakunta, extension of canal to Dhamsa tank	Central camp Oop-gal	8 miles	Warangal	1-9-29 F.	In progress	396	286,769	2,59,960	159,022	805,135	225	268	15,210	15,698	8,20,898	2,078	12-11-29	4,386
(53) Kamareddy cheru construction of road from Oopgal camp to Ghanpur station																		
(54) Repairs to Kader Cheru Panthani	Panthani	...	Warangal	3-1-30 F.	end of Azoor 30 F.	28	1,802	828	14	2,689	...	...	...	...	2,689	94	21-1-30 E.	183
Construction of store at Hanamkonda	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Office of the Divisional Engineer I. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Construction of road from Mulug to Salwai Earth work 5,106 yards	Camp Venkatapur Mulug	...	Mulug	19-10-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	97	7,902	6,798	2,069	16,769	60	144	2,537	3,061	19,890	204	20-1-29 F.	919
Clearing of Forest 580 acre																		
Total of Irrigation works...	25	...	...	...	...	...	8,54,380	11,51,046	4,09,918	24,16,844	11,199	17,898	4,22,118	45,07,110	28,66,554	...	...	...
Construction Works																		
Madhira Trood road in addition to Forest cutting and collection of stones	Camp Madhira	7 miles 8 furlongs	Madhira	18-9-28 F.	30-4-29 F.	224	9,860	13,647	2,458	5,935	1,190	1,917	7,356	10,768	36,728	161	8-12-28 F.	677
Maintenance of Karimabad roads, etc.	Sub-Camp Wardhanapet	...	Warangal	8-1-30 F.	end of Azoor 30 F.	28	76	56	29	161	...	...	...	...	161	6	18-1-30 F.	22
Total of Construction works	2	...	...	...	...	...	9,936	13,703	2,497	26,126	1,490	1,917	7,356	10,768	36,889	...	...	...

Expenditure

51,617 2 11

6,678 1 11
3,182 18 0

11,429 18 5
10,75,617

35,36,972

1,80,07,867

714 11 10

2,697 18 11

6,618 15 11

4,418 8 6

5,81,640 12 6

3,718 18 9

85 12 8

8,804 9 11

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, G. B. and Irrigation Relief Works carried

stricken Districts in

Work	Name of Camp	Length in miles	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work was continued	Number of Labourers		of help-seekers	
							Men	Women		
Grand total of Warangal District	27	15 miles 8 furlong	...	...	...	...	8,64,816	11,64,749	4,12,405	24,11,970
(54 Tanks and Ponds)										
(1) Gullaphad tank										
(1) Dharmooa channel										
Total 56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Mahabubnagar District.</i>										
Repairs to Venkama cheru	Camp Makhtal	...	Makhtal	19-2-28 F.	26-1-29 F.	145	7,776	18,006	709	26,491
Pedda cheru	Tipraspalli	...	do	do	26-1-29 F.	147	4,088	8,219	891	18,193
Total Makhtal Taluk	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,864	26,225	1,600	89,684
Repairs to Gampal cheru tank	Mogalgudda	...	Pargi	26-8-28 F.	end of Dai 29 F.	187	3,669	5,203	607	9,539
Repairs to Malka cheru tank	Kasmasamu dram	...	do	28-9-28 F.	16-10-28 F.	20	821	991	216	2,028
Repairs to Katta cheru tank	Lingampet	...	do	26-8-28 F.	5-2-29 F.	163	2,218	2,086	226	4,482
Total of Pargi	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,708	8,290	1,051	16,049
Repairs to Ura cheru	Kalkunda	...	Kalwakuti	25-1-29 F.	In progress	371	6,575	5,854	181	12,060
Repairs to Tarpati cheru	Chanderpalh	...	do	1-6-29 F.	21-8-29 F.	108	2,094	2,447	40	4,581
Repairs to Khan Cheru	Camp Wemla	...	do	1-6-29 F.	29-8-29 F.	121	18,052	1,190	7	2,549
Total of Kalwakuti taluk.	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,021	8,991	178	19,190
Basool Cheru	Camp Yella-kul	...	Amrabad	9-6-29 F.	In progress	237	14,283	18,856	8,882	86,971
Oora Cheru	Lakhnaram	...	do	11-6-29 F.	15-10-29 F.	183	5,802	6,988	1,055	18,120
M. La Samandram tank	Camp Appoonatola	...	do	27-1-30 F.	In progress	13	67	7	...	74
Langa Samandram Cheru.	Kondanagol	...	do	18-1-30 F.	do	89	2,675	4,985	872	8,032
Oora Cheru tank	Bahnor	...	do	24-9-28 F.	20-12-28 F.	94	1,187	4,062	280	5,429
Nakel Cheru	Chandapur	...	do	1-9-28 F.	2-12-28 F.	111	3,060	3,626	273	6,959
Madula Cheru	Raikapalli	...	do	11-10-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	20	1,100	1,829	28	2,457
Nala Kunta	Hajipur	...	do	26-12-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	30	368	440	10	818
Berla Cheru Sarimami Cheru.	Aler	...	do	10-1-29 F.	10-2-29 F.	23	541	618	48	1,202
Surarum Cheru	Amrabad	...	do	20-1-29 F.	12-2-29 F.	86	700	988	5	1,648
Total Amrabad Tank	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,968	41,889	5,008	76,705

1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli.

Dependants				Grand Total	Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
Men	Women	Children	Total			Date	No.	
								Rs. A. P.
12,689	19,315	1,29,169	1,61,473	29,03,443	...	...	526	5,90,445 6 5
...
24	79	815	116	26,909	186	16-9-28 F.	526	...
33	82	3,092	3,164	16,357	111	17-12-28 F.	157	...
57	111	3,414	3,582	48,266	...	...	...	11,079 12 5
173	186	136	495	15,034	51	12-9-28 F.	240	...
3	...	4	7	2,085	102	12-10-28 F.	148	...
80	2	2	84	4,566	28	9-12-28 F.	217	...
256	188	142	586	16,635	...	...	...	7,935 0 6
...	...	...	...	12,060	38	18-3-29 F.	159	...
...	...	...	...	4,581	42	29-6-29 F.	167	...
...	...	...	...	2,549	21	27-6-29 F.	35	...
...	...	...	...	19,190	...	...	...	7,891 10 10
...	...	...	...	86,971	156	8-11-29 F.	529	...
...	...	...	...	18,120	99	1-7-29 F.	392	...
...	...	...	...	74	6	28-1-30 F.	18	...
11	...	...	14	8,046	90	8-10-28 F.	295	...
...	...	40	40	5,469	58	14-10-28 F.	153	...
...	...	...	...	6,959	62	17-12-28 F.	265	...
...	...	...	...	2,457	123	1-1-29 F.	251	...
...	...	...	...	818	27	15-1-29 F.	82	...
...	...	...	...	1,202	52	7-2-29 F.	241	...
...	...	...	...	1,648	45	22-1-29 F.	102	...
14	...	40	54	76,759	...	...	...	80,454 15 4

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, General Branch and Irrigation Relief Works

Work	Name of Camp	Length in miles	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days work was continued	Number	
							Labourer	
							Men	Womens
Nagal Chenu ...	Chenlayelkiyal	...	Nagar Kurnool	9-9-28 F.	10-1-29 F.	124	8,676	6,125
Kota Chenu ...	Tadoor	...	do	23-9-28 F.	1-2-29 F.	131	1,856	3,894
Mainadla Tank ..	Protapnir	...	do	26-10-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	81	5,786	6,676
Total of Nagar Kurnool Taluk.	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,318	16,695
Office of the Divisional Engineer I. B. store room etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total of Mahbubnagar Dist. (Tank 22).	21	...	...	...	...	...	68,869	1,02,040
<i>Osmanabad District</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total of the Famine Stricken Dist. 126 Tanks and Ponds, etc.	111	193½ Miles 3 Furlongs.	...	...	...	...	34,50,946	52,48,589
For 1928 F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,96,011	35,27,569
For 1929 F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,51,822	16,09,688
For Azur 30 F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,08,618	1,11,282
<i>Belharshah Railway with effect from 13 29 F. to Azur 1930 F.</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Construction of Belharshah Ry. Road.	Belharshah	7,71,752 c. ft. 86,10,732 cft. 6,00,181 cft.	...	1-9-28 F.	End of Azur 30 F.	517	1,52,478	1,72,502
Payment made from the Accountant General's Office as detailed below.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Preparation (1) of Sheds Rs. 40,000.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of medicine Rs. 10,057 15-1 (2).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase and conveyance charges of Tools Rs. 51,289-4-7 (3).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand total of Public Works and Irrigation Works including Belharshah Railway.	112	123½ miles 3 fur.	...	...	...	...	36,03,419	54,21,041
<i>Yearly Abstracts of Accounts</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For 1928 Fasli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,28,981	35,63,109
Do 1929 do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,65,681	17,87,908
Do Azoor 1930 F. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,18,807	1,20,029
<i>Yearly Abstract of Accounts for Irrigation</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,684	50,182
Medak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,05,781	1,91,788
Karimnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,48,106	4,49,681
Nalgonda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,27,470	3,95,188
Warangal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,54,880	1,15,046
Mahbubnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68,869	1,02,040
Total of Irrigation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,88,740	28,39,820

carried out in the Famine-stricken Districts in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Faski.

of help-seekers							Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
Dependants						Date		No.		
Children	Total	Men	Women	Childre	Total				Grand Total	
681	10,482	...	22	359	381	10,813	87	3-11-28 F.	268	Rs. A. P. ...
620	6,870	...	100	200	300	6,670	51	17-10-28 F.	319	...
158	12,615	...	...	1,295	1,295	18,910	171	7-11-28 F.	241	...
1,404	29,417	...	122	1,851	1,976	81,398	...	...	...	12,972 1 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,628 8 8
10,136	1,81,045	327	421	5,150	6,198	1,87,248	...	...	...	71,965 1 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	199 12 9
15,48,472	1,02,42,957	85,667	1,47,258	24,06,717	30,79,672	1,38,22,629	...	...	...	28,77,508 0 9½
9,71,788	66,95,818	73,949	168,889	26,11,995	28,54,683	95,50,001	...	...	...	17,08,165 12 9½
5,30,522	32,91,582	11,816	18,119	1,91,152	221,997	85,15,919	...	...	...	9,16,567 8 7
41,212	2,56,107	2	...	600	602	2,56,709	...	...	...	57,774 11 5
41,568	3,66,543	1,195	852	32,513	34,560	4,01,108	776	23-9-28	2,568	1,20,460 5 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,01,347 3 8
15,85,040	1,06,09,500	86,862	1,88,110	28,39,260	31,14,232	1,37,23,782	...	...	...	28,99,315 13 0½
9,85,788	67,72,778	71,581	1,69,540	26,13,499	28,87,620	96,60,898	...	...	...	17,35,293 1 1½
5,56,406	35,59,990	12,279	18,570	1,95,161	2,26,010	87,86,000	...	...	...	1,101 588 6 0
42,896	2,76,732	2	...	600	602	2,77,334	...	...	...	62,134 5 10
22,757	1,01,628	1,013	3,889	55,117	60,849	1,61,972	...	...	...	22,329 15 6
60,678	3,58,187	3,635	7,496	5,812	16,918	3,75,180	...	...	...	76,966 4 11
1,46,217	9,48,954	1,986	5,522	51,681	61,489	10,05,448	...	...	...	2,25,041 4 4
1,05,925	7,28,533	8,381	14,597	56,949	79,877	8,08,410	...	...	...	1,61,909 2 1
4,09,918	24,15,844	11,199	17,398	1,22,113	4,50,710	28,66,554	...	...	...	5,81,540 12 6
10,186	1,81,045	327	421	5,450	6,198	1,87,248	...	...	...	71,961 1 6
7,55,626	47,29,186	28,841	49,323	5,97,402	6,75,566	54,01,752	...	...	...	11,99,855 8 10

APPENDIX V.—Statement showing Public Works, General Branch and Irrigation Relief Works

Work	Name of camp	Length in miles	Name of taluk	Date of commencement	Date on which the work was stopped	Total number of days the work was continued	Number	
							Labourers	
							Men	Women
<i>Public Works.</i>								
Aurangabad	7,89,209	12,00,897
Bir	4,58,475	8,65,181
Medak	81,269	1,80,588
Karimnagar	1,20,508	1,61,894
Nalgunda	8,62,809	5,86,956
Warangal	9,986	18,708
Csmanabad
Payment made from the Accountant-General's Office, Hyderabad
Total of Public Works of Districts	18,17,206	29,08,719
Belharshah Ry. Road...	1,52,478	1,72,502
Total of Public Works	19,69,679	30,81,221
Grand Total ...	112	198½ miles 8 furlongs	...	...	...	...	86,08,419	54,21,041

carried out in the Famine-stricken Districts in 1328, 1329 and Azur 1330 Fasli.

of help-seekers							Daily average	Maximum No. on any day		Expenditure
Dependants						Date		No.		
Children	Total	Men	Women	Children	Total				Grand Total	
										Rs. A. P
3,25,718	28,15,819	24,928	64,850	11,19,354	12,08,627	85,28,946	...	...	...	6,77,673 15 10
1,97,214	15,15,870	28,997	64,015	9,54,158	10,42,165	25,58,085	...	...	...	4,08,538 14 11
88,266	2,45,128	8,847	8,565	5,869	12,781	2,57,904	...	...	...	49,091 6 5
55,655	3,88,057	229	620	10,554	11,408	3,49,460	...	...	...	1,81,686 12 1
1,78,511	10,78,276	2,840	3,468	1,12,059	1,18,367	11,91,648	...	...	...	2,61,662 0 10
2,487	26,126	1,490	1,917	7,356	10,768	36,889	...	...	...	8,804 9 11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	199 12 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,01,847 3 8
7,87,846	55,18,771	56,826	1,87,985	22,09,345	24,04,106	79,17,877	...	...	...	16,38,999 11 7
41,568	3,66,548	1,195	852	82,518	84,560	4,01,108	...	...	...	1,20,460 8 6½
8,29,414	58,80,814	58,021	1,88,787	22,41,858	24,38,666	83,18,980	...	...	...	17,59,460 4 2½
15,85,040	1,06,09,500	86,862	1,88,110	28,89,260	31,14,282	1,37,28,782	...	...	...	28,99,315 18 0½

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX VI.—Statement showing the Expenditure incurred in Famine Relief Works from 1828 to Azur 1830 F.

Particulars of work	Name of Taluk	Name of Camp	Amount Spent										
			Wages of Labourers	Allowance for Dependents	Establishment charges	Other items					Total	Total Expenditure	
						Cost of Tools	Butting Charges	Miscellaneous Expenses					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
<i>Aurangabad Distt.</i>													
Public Works, 3rd. Vijapur Branch.		Vijapur (1)	131,156 6 8½	1353 1 11	6550 2 5	735 15 8	379 15 7	10,133 9 1½	17,799 10 9½	150,809 3 5			
Do	Gangapur	Manjiri (2)	62,522 5 11½	2098 14 4	3418 12 5	2011 10 3	381 5 5	1984 0 4	7,745 12 5	72,367 0 8½			
Do	Kannad	Boregaon (3)	12,339 14 8	5138 12 6	1608 4 1	54 11 9	...	2148 6 3	3211 6 1	20,690 1 3			
Do	Patan	Patan (4)	205,885 8 3	29,912 4 6	12,532 0 5	1,990 14 0	4,895 0 0	2803 9 8	21521 8 1	257,819 4 10			
Do, G. B. & I. B.	Ambad	Ambad (5)	80,702 13 6½	20965 2 7	9,142 11 0	606 15 4	156 3 7	16206 3 10	26,112 0 9	127,780 0 10½			
Do, G. B.	Aurangabad	Chikal Phana (6)	1238 9 4	...	...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	1249 9 4	
Do	do	Karnad (7)	2,371 13 6	...	...	...	...	92 5 0	92 5 0	2464 2 6	
Do	do	Office of the 'Mv. Engineer G. B.	3,607 3 2	2572 15 3	1164 11 10	30,099 3 9	23,875 7 9	3,291 12 10	37,931 4 2	64,111 6 7			
Do	do	Office of the Ist. Tankdar A'bad	...	...	...	3714 1 10	...	...	3,714 1 10	3714 1 10	
Total		7 Camps	499,824 11 1½	62041 3 1	33,816 10 2	39213 8 7	28,637 15 4	36,469 15 ½	138,138 1 1½	700,003 15 4			
<i>Bir District.</i>													
Do	Bir	Bir (1)	47,492 10 3	11673 15 3	3374 6 2	2,516 5 9	3637 14 6	3831 7 2	13,360 1 7	72,326 11 1			
Do	Georai	Georai (2)	86,748 1 11	20,458 4 0	3604 15 10	2313 3 10	2890 2 2	1543 8 8	10,351 9 6	117,557 15 5			
Do	Ashti	Ashti (3)	29,566 6 6	3,800 15 0	2863 1 2	695 11 1	885 7 2	665 3 2½	5,059 6 7½	38,426 12 1½			
Do	do	Peepalnair (4)	75,626 11 5	21,429 18 10	6981 4 10	2446 14 9	8998 1 11	3553 0 11	21,374 6 5	118,480 15 8			
Do	Manjegaon	Manjegaon (5)	24,450 2 8	9,399 2 10	2,354 5 10	1,219 11 10	7,569 5 11	1515 1 2	12,648 8 9	46,497 14 3			
Do	do	Gangamasta (6)	9,721 3 1	2756 1 6	1,060 5 6	451 10 6	58 8 0	989 13 0	2,510 5 0	14,987 9 7			
Do	do	Office of the Divl. Engineer G. B.	...	...	16 0 0	54 0 0	...	86 0 0	106 0 0	106 0 0	
Total		6 Camps	278,605 8 10	69,518 4 5	20,254 7 4	9697 9 9	28,374 7 8	12,083 13 1½	65,410 5 10½	4,08,583 14 1½			
<i>Medak District.</i>													
Irrigation Works.	Siddipet	Gudi Kandla (1)	10,290 5 11	463 12 4	202 11 3	66 15 6	13 10 0	176 3 4	459 8 1	11,213 10 4			
Do	do	Narayanaopet (2)	5,059 7 10	454 1 2	59 2 2	86 8 4	...	367 5 6	518 0 0	6026 9 0			
Do	do	Siddipet (3)	47,138 15 7	2,539 1 9	5,788 11 4	1,748 15 6	602 6 8	1,852 14 9	9,998 0 3	59,726 1 7			
Total		...	62,483 13 4	3,516 15 8	6,050 8 9	1,902 7 4	616 0 8	2,896 7 7½	10,965 8 4	76,966 4 11			
Public Works, G. B.	do	Tinnapur (4)	7,358 9 2	678 11 10	...	70 3 8	190 10 0	577 1 9	887 15 5	9,375 4 5			

[illegible]

APPENDIX VI.—Statement showing the Expenditure incurred in *Homing Relief Works* from 1328 F. to *Asur* 1330 F.

Particulars of work	Name of Taluk	Name of Camp	Amount Spent													
			Wages of Labourers			Allowance for Dependents		Establishment charges		Cost of Tools		Huttings charges		Miscellaneous Expenses		Total	Total Expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11						
Nalgunda Distt.																
Irrigation works...	(Contd.)															
Do	Nalgunda	Madhavani (10)	8,640 5 6	6 6 8	66 14 11	29 10 0	58 0 8	26 13 6	181 7 1	3,818 8 8						
Do	do	Mangod (11)	3,702 12 9	261 8 7	60 11 6	115 4 2	230 15 0	205 12 8	612 11 4	4,377 0 7						
Do	Miriyalguda	Rawelpet (12)	14,692 15 4	11 2 6	485 3 1	20 5 0	135 1 0	217 0 8	857 9 9	15,561 11 7						
Do	Deverkonda	Pasoor (13)	7,034 12 10	...	87 14 5	1 0 0	21 4 0	58 12 10	171 13 8	7,206 12 1						
Do	Miriyalguda	Ibrahimpet (14)	3,391 9 3	...	184 2 11	2 5 4	63 0 0	86 6 0	285 14 8	3,677 7 6						
Do	do	Kankal (15)	10,098 10 2	...	203 14 4	8 8 0	17 8 0	155 4 0	384 2 4	10,482 12 6						
Do	Nalgunda	Welupalli (16)	19,660 13 2	705 3 11	2,253 3 2	892 8 10	1,011 1 2	965 12 10	5,122 10 0	25,488 11 1						
Do	do	Gaglapur (17)	10 7 0	130 0 10	...	...	...	0 9 0	0 9 0	141 0 10						
Do	Suriyapet	Kotapali (18)	1,592 8 2	187 14 0	45 0 0	38 2 8	91 7 6	75 13 7	250 7 9	1,980 13 11						
Do	Deverkonda	Chinsogaram (19)	7,370 15 0	...	308 14 8	39 0 0	141 1 0	87 6 8	576 5 11	7,947 4 11						
Do	do	Narkhora (20)	1,157 5 10	103 11 2	106 10 4	23 13 6	0 10 8	14 0 0	145 2 6	1,406 8 6						
Do	do	Minor works (21)	3,199 3 3	7 2 4	478 8 0	1,693 0 1	418 12 3	206 11 1	2,796 15 8	6,003 5 3						
Do	do	Office of the Divl Engineer I. B.	...	...	110 10 8	...	...	4 14 0	115 8 8	115 8 8						
Total of Irrigation works.		20 Camps	140,051 8 10	4,669 9 4	6,798 1 0	3,598 5 8	2,778 14 1	4,075 0 2	17,185 4 11	161,909 2 1						
Public Works, G. B.																
Do	Bhongli	Bhongli (1)	51,155 9 2	7,459 6 10	3,776 13 9	15,596 6 9	4,532 10 11	2,975 9 2	26,881 8 7	85,496 8 7						
Do	Suriyapet	Suriyapet (2)	48,346 14 2	2,361 1 3	3,114 14 4	24,532 14 5	7,029 3 0	4,247 0 2	38,923 15 11	90,131 15 4						
Do	Huzarnagar	Kodar (3)	19,703 6 7	1,996 5 6	3,098 8 5	4,926 8 0	1,947 11 8	2,557 10 9	11,980 6 10	33,630 2 11						
Do	Jangaon	Jangaon (4)	1,516 5 3	...	531 14 1	95 15 1	32 1 4	69 9 8	729 8 2	2,245 13 5						
Do	Deverkonda	Deverkonda (5)	22,596 9 4	108 14 5	1,441 8 4	285 1 0	40 8 0	549 4 8	2,299 1 0	25,004 8 9						
Do	Miriyalguda	Miriyalguda (6)	23,283 2 0	28 3 0	500 8 7	160 5 0	683 7 8	497 5 7	1,841 10 10	25,152 15 10						
Total of Public Works G. B.		6 Camps	167,101 14 6	11,953 15 0	12,466 14 6	45,577 2 3	18,665 10 7	10,896 8 0	82,606 3 4	261,662 0 10						
Total of Nalgunda District.		26 Camps	307,156 2 4	16,623 8 4	19,204 15 6	49,175 7 11	16,439 8 8	14,971 8 2	99,791 8 3	428,571 2 11						

APPENDIX VI.—Statement showing the Expenditure incurred in Famine Relief Works from 1828 F. to Azur 1830 F.

Particulars of work	Amount Spent											
	Name of Taluk	Name of Camp	Wages of Labourers	Allowance for Dependents	Other items						Total	Total Expenditure
					Establishment charges	Cost of Tools	Hutting charges	Miscellaneous Expenses				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Irrigation Works...	Nagarkarnool	3 Camps	7,480 8 9	131 13 6	4,151 3 8	202 14 10	24 11 0	980 14 0	5,359 11 6	12,972 1 9		
Do	...	Office of the Divisional Engineer I. B.	...	...	1,009 15 9	27 6 2	461 0 0	130 2 9	1,628 8 8	1,628 8 8
Total of Mahabubnagar District.		21 Camps	47,518 5 5	140 3 0	20,752 0 2	534 9 6	832 14 6	2,181 0 11	24,310 9 1	71,965 1 6		
Oosmanabad Dist.		Office of the 1st Talukdar.	...	...	...	199 12 9	...	...	199 12 9	199 12 9
Grand total of Famine Stricken District.		111 Camps	1,962,906 9 7½	199,379 13 0	132,256 5 9	147,332 11 9	115,526 6 2	120,106 2 4	515,221 10 2	2,677,508 0 9½		
Amount defrayed from the office of the Accountant Genl. Belharshan Railway Road.		1 Camp	76,020 12 8	2,548 10 11	9,667 8 2	24,564 13 1½	2,288 9 11	10,057 15 1	101,347 3 8	101,347 3 8		
Grand Total		...	20,38,927 6 3½	2,01,928 7 11	141,923 14 1	223,186 13 5½	157,810 0 1	135,589 3 1½	658,459 14 9½	2,899,315 13 0½		
Abstract of Irrigation works.												
Anrangabad	...	...	14,646 6 2	4,040 2 6	3,653 6 10	...	...	...	3,653 6 10	22,329 15 6
Medak	...	...	62,468 13 4	3,516 15 3	6,050 8 9	1,402 7 4	615 0 8	2,896 7 7	10,965 8 4	76,966 4 11
Karimnagar	...	...	1,92,793 7 1	6,771 2 10	6,002 9 11	7,825 6 11	5,763 15 8	5,837 9 11	25,479 10 5	225,044 4 4
Nalgunda	...	...	1,40,034 3 10	4,669 9 4	6,738 1 0	3,598 5 8	2,773 14 1	4,075 0 2	17,185 4 11	161,909 2 1
Warangal	...	...	4,62,052 13 6	37,516 14 9	20,408 10 7	10,689 10 2	16,449 2 6	34,523 9 0	82,071 0 3	581,640 12 6
Mahabubnagar	...	...	47,518 5 5	146 3 0	20,752 0 2	534 9 6	832 14 6	2,181 0 11	24,300 9 1	71,965 1 6

Total of Irrigation Works		...	919,549	1 4	58,650	15 8	68,605	5 3	24,550	7 7	26,435	15 5	49,063	11 7	163,655	7 10	11,39,855	8 10
Abstract of Public works G. B.																		
Aurangabad Dist.		7	455,178	4 11 1	58,011	0 7	30,163	3 4	39,213	8 7	28,937	15 4	35,469	15 0	134,484	10 3	677,673	15 10 1
Bir		6	273,605	3 10	69,518	4 5	20,254	7 4	9,697	9 9	28,374	7 8	12,083	13 1	65,410	5 10 2	408,533	14 1
Medak		3	39,731	12 2	1574	9 2	4,192	2 9	1,053	7 9	427	3 10	2,092	2 9	7,765	1 1	49,091	6 5
Karmnagar		3	72,887	10 11	673	8 2	560	10 10	26,914	3 0	22,030	1 2	9,128	9 2	38,623	9 0	131,686	12 1
Nalgunda		6	167,101	14 6	11,953	13 0	12,466	14 6	45,377	2 3	13,665	10 7	10,886	8 0	82,606	3 4	267,662	0 10
Warangal		2	5332	9 11	995	8 0	1,013	9 11	126	7 3	965	0 2	371	6 8	2476	8 0	8,804	9 11
Osminabad		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	12 9	...	...	...	...	199	12 9	199	12 9
Amount defrayed from the account of the General's office		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,289	4 7	40,000	0 0	10,057	15 1	101,347	3 8	101,347	3 8
Belharshah Railway Road		1	76,020	12 8	2348	10 11	9667	8 2	24,564	13 14	2,233	9 11	5373	1 8	41,891	0 11 3	120,460	8 6 3
Total of Public works G. B.		25	11,19,378	4 11 3	145,277	8 3	78,318	3 10	198,636	5 10 1	131,374	0 8	86,473	7 6	494,804	6 11 3	17,59,460	4 2 1
Grand total of Public and Irrigation Works		112 Camps.	20,38,927	6 3 3	201,928	7 11	141,923	14 1	223,186	13 5	157,810	0 1	1,35,539	3 1	638,459	14 9	28,99,315	13 0 1
Yearly Abstract.																		
For 1928 F.		...	12,07,976	15 1 3	167,779	11 8	76,981	0 10	117,958	2 2	91,577	2 10	75,020	0 6	539,536	6 4	1,755,293	1 1 1
For 1929 F.		...	7,74,892	15 8	83,703	6 8	69,189	7 4	104,944	5 7 2	65,470	3 9	59,887	14 11	292,991	13 8 3	11,01,588	6 0 3
For Azool 1930 F. ...		...	36,637	7 6	445	5 7	1,753	5 11	284	5 8	762	9 6	5,181	8 8	5,931	8 9	62,134	5 10
Total		...	20,38,927	6 3 3	201,928	7 11	141,923	14 1	223,186	13 5	157,810	0 1	135,539	3 1	638,459	14 9	2,899,315	13 0 1

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner,

APPENDIX VII.—Statement showing the Relief Works carried out in villages of H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions during 1828, 1829 and Azur 1380 F.

Nature and the quantity of work	Name of Taluka	Length in miles	Date of commencement	Date of completion	Number of persons				Expenditure						Remarks	
					Men	Women	Children	Total	Pay	Wages	Other expenses			Total		Rs. a. p.
											Rs.	a. p.	p.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
Aurangabad District.																
(1) Construction of wells with springs (16)	Vijapur	...	9-4-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	15,554	9,758	780	26,092	390	7	1	18,615	4	7	Rs. a. p. 14,491 11 8	
(2) Construction of chowdies (4)		4 miles														
(3) Constructions of roads (3)																
(4) Cutting of Prickly pears, (4)																
Total 27																
Ambad																
(1) Construction of wells (55)			28-6-28 F.	15-2-29 F.	1,20,118	108	92	1,20,318	285	18	0	24,038	1	4	Rs. a. p. 24,923 11 4	
(2) Do chowdies (1)																
(3) Do road (2)		5 miles														
(4) Miscellaneous work (2)																
Total 60																
1) Construction of wells including springs (8)	Kannad	...	1-7-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	1,988	620	19	2,572	44	0	0	1,865	0	0	Rs. a. p. 1,409 0 0	
2) Do chowdi (1)																
Total 9																
1) Repairs to wells and springs (30)	Aurangabad	...	1-7-28 F.	15-2-29 F.	66,406	45	360	68,811	629	6	7	15,594	10	9	Rs. a. p. 16,286 9 4	
2) Do chowdies (24)																
Total 54																

APPENDIX VII.—Statement showing the Relief Works carried out in villages of H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions during 1928, 1929 and April 1930 F.

Nature and the quantity of work	Name of Taluka	Length in miles	Date of commencement	Date of completion	Number of persons			Expenditure							Remarks		
					Men	Women	Children	Total	Pay	Wages	Other expenses			Total		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
											Rs.	a. p.	Rs.					a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
Warangal District.																	
Construction and repairs to wells (6)	Madura	..	28-9-28 F.	End of Sherewar 1929 F.	1,394	3,318	584	8,296	Rs. ...	2,873	Rs. 5,872	a. p. 0 2	8,245	a. p. 3 1	...		
Do chowdies (15)																	
Do road, (8)																	
Total 24																	
Construction and repairs to wells (9)	Khammam	...	10-8-28 F.	End of Azur 1930 F.	27,162	31,914	9,759	68,865	...	15,424	Rs. 7,147	a. p. 4 10	22,871	13 8	...		
Do to chawdies (17)																	
Do to roads (8)		3 mls. fur															
Do travellers' bungalows (2)		2															
Total 36	Yellandu	...	28-9-28 F.	21-6-29 F.	2,790	2,206	344	5,340	...	2,539	Rs. 2,432	a. p. 15 2	4,972	12 0	...		
Construction and repairs to wells (3)																	
Do travellers' bungalows (2)																	
Repairs to road (1)																	
Total 6	Warangal	...	19-6-28 F.	End of Amerdad 1928 F.	1,084	1,087	...	2,171		470	Rs. 874	a. p. 2 10	1,944	13 0	...		
Construction and repairs to wells with springs (11)																	
Repairs to chowdies (6)																	
Total 17																	

APPENDIX VII.—Statement showing the Relief Works carried out in villages of H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions during 1928, 1929 and Azur 1330 F.

Nature and the quantity of work	Name of Taluka	Length in miles	Date of commencement	Date of completion	Number of persons				Expenditure						Remarks
					Men	Women	Children	Total	Pay	Wages	Other expenses		Total	Total expenses	
											Rs.	a. p.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Mahabubnagar District.															
Constructing and repairing wells (28)	Pargi	..	1-7-28 F.	30-3-29 F.	5,556	8,276	334	14,166	...	1,520	2 4	80 11 6	1,600 13 10	...	
Do chowdies (29)															
Do roads (2)		12 miles													
Total 54	Amrabad	...	1-9-28 F.	End of Mar. 29 F.	6,214	12,895	2,942	22,051	...	2,642	10 0	187 18 4	2,784 7 4	...	
Construction and repairs to wells (12)															
Do chowdies (25)															
Do roads (5)		12 miles													
Miscellaneous works (6)															
Total 48	Nagar-Kurnool	...	1-9-28 F. 8-5-29 F.	End of Shr. 28 F. do 29 F.	5,214	7,626	1,157	13,997	...	2,722	8 2	391 11 0	3,114 8 2	...	
Constructing and repairing wells (18)															
Do chowdies (16)		9 5 mls. fur.													
Do roads (5)															
Miscellaneous work (1)															
Total 40	Mahabubnagar	...	19-9-28 F. 1-5-29 F.	End of Abn. 28 F. do 29 F.	16,180	16,997	2,221	35,698	...	9,152	8 8	273 7 9	9,426 0 5	...	
Constructing wells (8)															
Do roads (6)		4 miles													

APPENDIX VIII.—Statement showing the gratuitous relief in the shape

Name of Taluka	No. of villages	Date		No. of days	Number of Men
		Commencement of distribution	Finishing distribution		
1	2	4	4	5	6
Aurangabad ...	5	1-6-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	239	1,05,090
Patan ...	184	do	17-1-29 F.	232	3,09,008
Ambad ...	87	4-4-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	303	91,073
Vijapur ...	189	1-5-28 F.	End of Aban 28 F.	246	91,572
Gangapur ...	49	21-4-28 F.	do	256	27,937
Kannad ..	10	13-6-28 F.	6-12-28 F.	203	5,094
Total of Aurangabad	424	...	...	...	6,29,774
Bir ...	84	10-6-28 F.	30-12-28 F.	206	39,118
Ashti ...	29	7-4-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	235	7,306
Georai ...	92	26-6-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	214	48,602
Manjlegaon ...	57	7-6-28 F.	17-1-29 F.	226	38,626
Patoda ...	1	28-5-28 F.	End of Aban 1328 F.	219	660
Total of Bir Dist.	263	...	...	...	1,29,312
Karimnagar ...	135	27-7-28 F.	17 1 29 F.	175	1,50,848
Huzurabad ...	85	27-7-28 F.	do	175	1,02,934
Jagtiyal ...	27	18-8-28 F.	30-8-29 F.	166	19,369
Sirsilla ...	117	18-7-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	197	1,11,297
Mahadeopur ...	5	22-11-28 F.	30-3-29 F.	317	18,947
		26-7-29 F.	End of Azur 1330 F.		
Total of Karimnagar Dist.	369	...	...	...	4,03,395
Warangal ...	116	2-6-28 F.	17-1-29 F.	231	1,32,720
Pakhal ...	77	28-7-28 F.	do	114	54,128
Mahbubabad ...	96	10-6-28 F.	do	223	97,987
Khammam ...	170	17-8-28 F.	do	154	67,307
Yellandu ...	60	14-9-28 F.	do	126	11,771
Mulug ...	27	22-9-28 F.	15-2-29 F.	452	20,495
		1-4-29 F.	End of Azur 1330 F.		
Madha ...	11	22-9-28 F.	24-1-29 F.	135	667
Paloncha ...	4	4-12-28 F.	End of Azur 29 F.	57	2,171
Total of Warangal Dist.	561	...	...	...	3,87,246
Lakshettipeth Adilabad Dist.	1	21-11-28 F.	14-1-29 F.	54	650
Jangaon ...	29	15-8-28 F.	16-3-29 F.	244	7,592
		1-1-30 F.	End of Azur 1330 F.		
Miryalguda ...	2	2-8-28 F.	9-2-29 F.	191	354
Bhongir ...	75	1-9-28 F.	30-1-29 F.	152	44,184
Deverkonda ...	1	4-12-28 F.	30-12-28 F.	27	1,769
Huzurnagar ...	26	15-8-28 F.	do	226	8,168
		22-8-29 F.	17-6-29 F.		
Suryapet ...	42	18-8-28 F.	12-3-29 F.	217	7,333
Nalgunda ...	112	31-8-28 F.	End of Aban 28 F.	123	5,017
Total of Nalgunda Dist.	287	...	...	...	74,367

of cash or provision from 1328 F. to the end of Azur 1330 Fasli.

persons seeking relief			Daily average	Maximum No. of persons relieved on any day		Expenditure	Remarks
Women	Children	Total		Date	No.		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
						Rs. A. P.	
1,28,240	1,97,201	4,80,581	1,801	23-12-28 F.	4,539	14,591 11 4	
2,24,000	4,62,168	9,95,176	4,289	22-12-28 F.	5,217	1,17,710 11 0	
61,989	66,757	2,19,769	725	25-12-28 F.	2,146	25,780 10 5	
8,250	411	95,288	887	27-12-28 F.	472	5,972 11 2	
6,664	16,008	50,609	197	25-7-28 F.	478	4,984 0 8	
1,828	1,506	8,428	41	7-6-28 F.	167	1,457 11 6	
4,25,916	7,44,051	17,99,741	...	...	...	1,70,447 8 1	
11,455	6,974	57,547	279	30-11-28 F.	1,740	17,519 0 11	
1,950	1,572	10,828	87	5-7-28 F.	144	1,151 2 8	
31,250	40,992	1,15,844	541	1-6-28 F.	880	9,553 7 4	
28,875	8,708	71,209	315	14-11-28 F.	492	8,706 1 1	
281	72	1,018	4	28-6-28 F.	14	117 15 3	
68,811	58,818	2,56,441	...	...	...	87,050 11 6	
2,05,959	3,24,608	6,81,415	3,894	21-11-28 F.	5,922	57,412 1 3	
1,14,754	2,97,677	5,15,865	2,944	12-12-28 F.	3,662	80,774 14 2	
18,629	9,092	47,090	283	14-12-28 F.	546	12,455 2 5	
96,688	78,382	2,81,317	1,174	30-12-28 F.	2,008	25,661 12 1	
47,887	58,249	1,24,538	892	24-12-28 F.	872	5,471 15 7	
4,88,867	7,62,958	16,49,720	...	...	...	1,31,775 18 6	
1,82,178	2,27,900	5,42,798	2,849	21-11-28 F.	8,040	50,761 11 5	
65,700	89,144	1,56,972	918	12-12-28 F.	1,186	17,980 8 1	
1,28,814	1,48,248	3,75,014	1,681	12-12-28 F.	3,066	36,966 4 0	
35,026	36,419	1,38,752	900	20-12-28 F.	3,350	16,888 1 7	
8,445	8,380	28,546	223	15-11-28 F.	980	2,184 5 1	
62,784	29,325	1,12,604	240	9-11-28 F.	709	14,886 0 8	
3,070	2,548	6,280	46	17-1-29 F.	52	3,470 3 11	
3,641	2,244	8,056	141	18-1-29 F.	240	283 14 0	
4,89,658	4,94,148	13,71,052	...	...	...	1,42,321 0 9	
3,287	985	4,822	87	28-11-29 F.	294	229 3 0	
2,6056	29,729	68,377	282	24-1-29 F.	882	1,547 12 0	
4,378	816	5,578	29	10-1-29 F.	122	2,870 10 7	
44,424	31,698	1,20,251	79	19-12-28 F.	1,146	17,974 0 10	
2,498	6,618	10,880	402	19-12-28 F.	778	199 3 6	
18,108	20,298	41,569	191	27-4-29 F.	295	10,208 5 1	
5,195	11,760	24,288	211	7-8-29 F.	768	5,877 6 8	
4,054	8,815	12,886	100	26-10-28 F.	228	10,872 10 10	
99,708	1,04,254	2,78,824	...	...	...	48,550 1 6	

Name of Taluka	No. of villages	Date		No. of days	Number of Men
		Commencement of distribution	Finishing distribution		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Palei ...	17	1-8 28 F.	End of Aban 1928 F.	188	2,014
Narasapur Taluk Maktal ..	1	11-8-29 F.	30-1 29 F.	173	149
Nagarkurnool ...	5	20 7-28 F.	End of Azar 1929 F.	195	1,988
Berhanpally ...	1	23-12 28 F.	30 1-29 F.	39	.
Amrabad ..	6	1 9 28 F.	End of Aban 1928 F.	221	10 554
Under Lingal camp ...	1	22 2-29 F. 1 1-30 F.	31 5-29 F. End of Azar 1330 F.	30	275
Total of Mahbubnagar Dist.	31	..	...	...	14,975
Siddipet ...	68	22 6-28 F.	14 3-29 F.	207	1,32,655
Dilawanganj, Hyderabad City	..	1 9-28 F.	10 3 29 F.	191	23,792
Grand Total of Districts and Hyderabad City ...	...	..	...	..	17,96,166
<i>Yearly Abstract.</i>					
For 1928 F. ...	...	...	...	...	15,97,956
For 1929 F. ...	...	..	...	...	1,94,875
Azar 1330 F. ...	...	...	...	...	3,385
Total ..	...	...	...	...	17,96,166

persons seeking relief			Maximum No. of persons relieved on any day		Expenditure			Remarks
Women	Children	Total	Daily average	Date	No			
7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
						Rs. A. P.		
12,537	7,549	22,100	129	26-1-29 F.	925	1,951 5 6		
751	5,101	6,007	81	30-12-28 F.	128	1,247 11 4		
8,290	10,291	20,564	105	5-12-28 F.	251	697 8 0		
462	571	1,033	27	21-1-29 F.	34	50 0 0		
18,319	22,011	50,854	230	12-5-29 F.	554	2,734 6 8		
183	..	183	16	19-1-30 F.	18	..		
40,515	45,556	1,01,076	..	..	...	6,710 15 6	
1,17,258	38,067	2,87,950	176	13-10-28 F.	2,063	29,541 9 5		
2,06,716	82,815	2,68,358	1,378	18-8-28 F.	1,195	30,688 6 4		
19,85,211	22,81,132	60,12,509	..	...	..	5,97,317 5 7	
15,83,189	19,46,159	50,77,254	..	..	...	4,51,756 4 3	
3,87,691	3,15,681	8,95,250	...	...	...	1,82,156 9 16	
11,361	19,269	37,005	...	...	...	10,409 8 0	
19,35,211	22,81,132	60,12,509	...	...	...	5,97,317 5 7	

MOHAMED ALI.

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi according to Districts from 1328 Fasil to Azur 1330 Fasil.

Takavi amount advanced																	
District	Wells			Grain			Fodder		Bullocks			Seed		Advance to Patel			
	No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount paid in cash	Fodder	Total	No. of persons	No. of animals	Amount	No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount		
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
Karimnagar	41	3,820 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	768	1,866	89,905 4 0	88	3,596 0 0	...	...
Valgunda	154	17,001 10 8	...	..	338	9716	...	9,716 0 0	570	862	41,877 6 8	1,292	33,706 9 8	...	...
Medak	174	14,089 1 6	...	..	...	..	...	...	294	524	23,897 8 0	13	353 0 0	...	...
3ir	993	56,203 0 0	130	4,998 5 4	340	18,410	27,623 4 0	46,038 4 0	451	726	38,444 9 9	954	20,845 8 0	284	7,912 11 7		
Naranga	609	57,959 7 2	16	1,575 0 0	97	2,495	125 0 0	2,620 0 0	372	809	43,699 7 6	1,150	76,808 15 1	...	...
Mahbubnagar	838	55,108 5 8	128	3,690 0 0	44	1,717	1,257 0 0	2,974 0 0	984	1,372	1,39,775 10 4	152	2,010 8 0	...	...
urangabad	1,189	2,81,012 0 0	3,117	2,52,881 3 0	3,800	..	2,54,652 12 1	2,54,652 12 1	1,830	8,785	1,66,812 0 4	2,282	55,767 6 6	793	85,177 1 6		
Total	2,898	4,85,194 3 8	3,391	2,63,147 13 4	4,619	32,338	2,88,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	5,369	10,094	5,48,411 14 7	5,926	1,92,587 15 3	1,077	48,089 13 1		
Annual Abstract.																	
For 1328 Fasil	2601	390,858 5 10	3,388	2,62,882 13 4	4,619	32,338	2,88,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	4,865	8,522	3,98,123 4 11	5,439	1,70,848 3 11	1,072	42,897 15 9		
" 1329 "	227	39,704 3 2	3	265 0 0	...	...	...	...	879	1,547	1,45,946 9 8	486	12,849 11 4	5	191 13 4
For Azur 1330 Fasil	70	4,631 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	25	4,342 0 0	1	90 0 0	...	...
Total	2,898	4,85,194 3 8	3,391	2,63,147 13 4	4,619	32,338	2,88,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	5,369	10,094	5,48,411 14 7	5,926	1,92,587 15 3	1,077	48,089 13 1		

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi according to Districts from 1328 Fasli to Azur 1330 F asli.

No. of wells										Labourers employed on the work of construction and repairing wells of ryots										Remarks
District	Artisans		Weeding fields		Advance to Co-operative Societies	Total	Total No. of wells		Works finished		Works to be finished		Men	Women	Children	Total				
	No of persons	Amount	No of persons	Amount			Old	New	Old	New	Old	New								
2	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35		
1	Karimnagar	...	554	29,269 6 6	...	...	1,456	1,26,591 5 2	14	32	14	29	...	3	8,126	6,320	486	15,232
2	Nalgunda	...	163	3,523 2 0	...	...	2,717	1,09,824 13 0	117	23	101	15	16	4	13,474	9,673	2,269	25,416
3	Medak	...	1,204	41,451 0 0	...	...	1,635	79,790 9 6	107	67	45	53	62	14	14,938	10,529	2,514	28,011
4	Blr	...	92	1,568 0 0	151	...	2,795	1,79,445 6 8	343	50	329	44	14	6	92,021	44,630	12,938	1,49,592		
5	Warangal	...	149	7,542 11 4	2	...	2,395	1,90,380 3 1	80	529	27	234	53	245	47,360	33,540	8,944	88,944		
6	Mahbubnagar	...	164	20,330 0 0	...	...	1,810	2,23,888 8 0	279	130	215	50	64	80	29,160	40,307	6,762	76,229
7	Aurangabad	...	93	9,399 7 1	106	...	10,000	13,100	539	569	569	504	20	65	90,998	21,197	3,802	1,11,997		
	Total	...	2,999	1,13,073 10 11	349	...	10,001	25,923	1,529	1,400	1,303	979	229	421	2,02,380	1,06,196	36,835	4,95,411		
Annual Abstract.																				
	For 1328 Fasli	...	1,941	83,069 2 1	340	...	23,765	16,84,259 13 11	1,261	1,364	1,066	958	195	406	2,74,276	1,51,100	33,354	4,58,730		
	" 1329 "	...	429	27,804 8 10	9	...	10,000	2,038	198	36	164	21	34	15	13,128	13,645	3,067	29,740		
	For Azur 1330 Fasli	...	29	2700 0 0	...	...	...	125	70	...	70	...	...	...	4,976	1,451	411	6,811
	Total	...	2,399	1,13,073 10 11	349	...	10,003	25,928	1,529	1,400	1,300	979	229	421	2,92,380	1,66,196	36,835	4,95,411		

MOHAMED ALI,
Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX X.—Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi as per Taluks from 1328 to Azur 1330 Fash.

Amount of Takavi disbursed																		
Serial No.	Districts	Talukds	Wells		Grain		Fodder		Bullocks			Seeds		Advance to patels and patwaris				
			No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount	Amount paid in cash	Cost of fodder distributed	Total	No. of persons	No. of bullocks	Amount	No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1	Karimnagar..	Karimnagar	36	Rs. 3,503 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.	127	1,302	53,440 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Huzarabad	1	133 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	84	127	11,587 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Jagtial	3	117 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	129	224	10,411 0 0	...	77	2,268 0 0	...
		Sursula	1	66 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	261	7,773 0 0	...	...	1,343 0 0	...
		Office of the 1st. Talukdar.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,049 4 0	...	...	...
		Sultanabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	52	2,645 0 0	...	...	...
		Total of Karimnagar District.	41	8,820 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	768	1,866	89,905 4 0	85	3,598 0 0	...	...
2	Nalgunda	Bhongir	1	200 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	107	6,625 0 0	...	...	4,976 13 6	...
		Jangoen	16	1,298 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	188	7,759 6 8	...	...	8,322 4 0	...
		Survapet	5	108 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	55	1,342 0 0	...	...	19,210 2 0	...
		Kodur	49	1,191 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	98	2,532 0 0	...	...	5,454 1 0	...
		Devalkonda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	138	157	16,855 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Nalgunda	40	5,770 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	160	6,188 0 0	...	...	743 5 2	...
		Miryalgunda	43	8,433 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	102	4,576 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Total of Nalgunda District.	154	17,001 10 8	...	...	388	9,716	...	9,716 0 0	570	862	45,877 6 8	1,292	33,706 9 8	...	...
3	Medak	Siddipet	122	10,828 1 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	292	522	23,822 8 0	18	853 0 0	...	...
		Kalabur	9	250 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bigat	35	2,400 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Medak	14	611 0 0	2	2	75 0 0
		Total of Medak District.	174	14,089 1 6	294	524	28,897 8 0	18	353 0 0

APPENDIX X.—Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi as per Taluks from 1328 to Azur 1330 Fasla

Serial No.	Districts		Taluks		Amount of <i>Takavi</i> disbursed				No. of persons and Amount		No. of wells repaired and constructed				No. of Labourers employed on the works of ryots' wells				Remarks				
					Artisans	Weeding of fields																	
						Amount	No. of persons	Amount															
											Co-operative Society												
												No. of <i>Takavi</i> recipients											
1	2	3	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36		
1	Karimnagar...	Karimnagar Hyderabad Jagtial Sirsilla Office of the 1st Talukdar, Sultanabad	6	Rs. 1,000	0 0	...	...	...	469	57,943	13	28	18	28	...	...	...	8,426	6,920	486	15,232	These <i>Takavi</i> recipients have constructed or repaired their wells themselves or through their dependants, their number is not included in columns 32 to 35. In portions of Districts which have been incomplete and let Takavi-dars of Districts have been addressed in connection with the completion of construction of wells.
			157	12,880	0 0	242	24,600	...	1	...	1
			371	15,389	6 6	580	28,180	11	10	...	2	1	2
			110	9,172	10	8	1
			4,049	4	0
			29	2,645	0	0
2	Nalgunda	Total of Karimnagar District Bhongir Jangaon Suryapet Kodur Devarkonda Nalgunda Miryalguda	534	29,269	6 6	1,426	1,26,591	5	2	14	32	14	29	...	3	8,426	6,920	486	15,232	These <i>Takavi</i> recipients have constructed or repaired their wells themselves or through their dependants, their number is not included in columns 32 to 35. In portions of Districts which have been incomplete and let Takavi-dars of Districts have been addressed in connection with the completion of construction of wells.
			41	615	0 0	...	...	...	310	12,410	13	6	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
			91	2,120	0 0	...	...	...	247	17,550	0	...	16	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
			28	745	0 0	...	...	...	1,066	24,963	7	4	3	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	701	12,235	11	8	35	...	24	...	11	...	3,717	3,872	338	7,927
			188	16,855	0	0	
3	Medak	Total of Nalgunda District Siddipet Kalabur Bagat Medak	3	43	2 0	125	12,794	7	2	35	7	35	4	...	3	3,467	2,151	439	6,057	These <i>Takavi</i> recipients have constructed or repaired their wells themselves or through their dependants, their number is not included in columns 32 to 35. In portions of Districts which have been incomplete and let Takavi-dars of Districts have been addressed in connection with the completion of construction of wells.
			...	...	...	...	...	...	180	13,009	5	4	34	9	34	9	...	...	5,770	3,070	1,325	10,165
			163	3,528	2 0	...	...	...	2,717	1,09,824	13	0	117	23	101	15	16	8	13,474	9,673	2,269	25,416
			841	55,140	0 0	...	...	...	1,268	70,143	9	6	37	65	31	53	26	12	12,902	9,368	2,160	24,450
			328	5,961	0 0	...	...	...	331	6,211	0	0	8	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
			35	2,400	0	0	33	2	33	2	
Total of Medak District	1,204	41,431	0 0	...	...	...	1,685	79,790	9	6	107	67	45	68	62	14	14,938	10,529	2,544	28,011		

APPENDIX X.—Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi as per Taluks from 1328 to Azur 1330 East.

Amount of Takavi disbursed																				
Serial No.	Districts	Taluku	Wells		Grain		Fodder			Bullocks		Seeds		Advance to patels and patwaries						
			No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount of fodder distributed	Amount paid in cash	Total	No. of persons	Amount	No. of bullocks	Amount	No. of persons	Amount				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
4	Bir	Bir	139	Rs. 17,220 0 0	1	Rs. 58 5 4	...	...	Rs. 4,147 6 0	Rs. A. P. 1,187 6 0	211	221	Rs. 19,249 0 0	30	Rs. 1,120 0 0	91	Rs. 1,996 6 8	
		Manjlegaon	4	435 0 0	...	...	327	14,130	...	18,180 0 0	23	43	2,296 0 0	159	4,139 0 0	...	...	
		Georai	217	33,639 0 0	122	1,650 0 0	13	280	21,705 0 0	21,985 0 0	159	348	12,862 12 9	264	8,039 8 0	182	5,672 15 11			
		Ashti	33	4,909 0 0	7	290 0 0	...	...	1,730 14 0	1,730 14 6	58	114	4,036 13 0	501	7,047 0 0	11	243 5 0	
		Total of Bir District	399	56,203 0 0	130	4,998 5 4	340	18,410	27,623 4 0	46,033 4 0	431	736	38,444 9 9	954	20,345 8 0	284	7,912 11 7			
5	Warangal	Warangal	523	28,819 2 7	16	1,575 0 0	97	2,495	125 0 0	2,620 0 0	113	195	16,936 0 0	161	10,692 0 0	...	...	
		Mahbubabad	100	5,578 8 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	72	41,608 8 0	57	4,177 15 1	...	...	
		Pakhal	12	1,335 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	218	12,045 0 0	144	13,359 8 0	...	...	
		Khammam	71	9,553 6 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	138	6,172 0 0	353	23,484 8 0	...	...	
		Yellandu	89	10,922 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	320	16,760 0 0	...	...	
6	Mahbubnagar	Paloncha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	156	2,663 7 6	13	1,071 0 0	...	...	
		Madira	14	1,850 13 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	30	1,722 8 0	102	7,264 0 0	...	...	
		Total of Warangal District	609	57,959 7 2	16	1,575 0 0	97	2,495	125 0 0	2,620 0 0	372	809	48,699 7 6	1,150	76,808 15 1	...	...	
		Pargi	60	14,357 0 0	5	285 0 0	...	...	...	...	68	131	7,639 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Amrabad	18	2,504 5 4	47	1,230 0 0	41	1,642	...	1,642 0 0	83	101	6,280 14 6	97	1,110 8 0	...	...	
6	Mahbubnagar	Nagarharnool	123	20,449 5 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	80	4,600 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Mahbubnagar	107	11,532 5 4	3	575 0 0	8	751	1,257 0 0	1,332 0 0	408	785	39,057 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Makthal	5	330 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	41	2,499 11 10	...	...	...	...
		Settlement Office	...	...	73	1,600 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	900 0 0	...	...	
		Lingal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Mahbubnagar	Kalwakurti	25	5,931 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	296	434	79,699 0 0	...	...	...	...
		Total of Mahbubnagar District	388	55,108 5 8	128	3,690 0 0	44	1,717	1,257 0 0	2,974 0 0	984	1,572	1,89,775 10 4	1,62	2,010 8 0	...	...	

APPENDIX X.—Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi as per Taluks from 1928 to Azar 1330 Fasli.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Amount of Takavi disbursed				No. of persons		No. of wells repaired and constructed			No. of Labourers employed and the works of ryots' wells				Remarks								
			Artisans		Weeding of fields		No. of Takavi recipients	Amount of Takavi	Total No. of wells	Completed	To be completed	Men	Women	Children	Total									
			No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount																		
1	2	3	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36				
4	Bir	Bir	92	15,641	0	0	Rs. A. P.	645	47,728	2	134	5	184	5	...	...	29,224	14,690	382	44,246		
		Manjilgaon	...	...	...	...	...	513	25,000	0	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Georai	...	...	...	...	...	990	88,170	4	185	82	178	30	7	2	38,928	26,770	11,894	97,592	
		Ashti	...	...	...	...	...	647	18,547	0	20	13	18	9	7	4	3,872	3,170	702	7,744	
		Total of Bir District.	92	15,641	0	0	151	3,940	0	0	2,795	1,79,445	6	8	343	50	329	44	14	6	92,024	44,630	12,928	1,49,582
5	Warangal	Warangal	1	1	0	0	0	...	711	61,642	2	7	45	278	15	159	30	119	27,536	18,742	4,481	50,739		
		Mahbubnagar	82	2,404	0	0	1	130	0	0	264	16,475	0	0	24	72	9	11	19	3,040	2,160	520	5,720	
		Pakhal	56	2,242	13	0	294	28,982	5	0	...	12	...	1	...	161	120	25	806		
		Khammam	8	1,590	4	4	320	40,800	2	8	3	68	2	25	1	43	3,095	2,906	704	6,705	
		Yellandu	1	1	10	0	410	27,584	2	0	1	88	13,524	9,612	2,314	25,454	
6	Mahbubnagar	Paloncha	1	360	0	0	1	24	10	0	18	4,059	1	6		
		Madira	185	10,837	5	4	3	11		
		Total of Warangal District.	149	7,542	11	4	2	174	10	0	2,895	1,90,380	3	1	80	529	27	284	53	245	47,300	33,340	8,044	88,944
		Pargi	133	22,241	0	0	50	69	21	13	29	56	18,010	25,812	2,937	46,739		
		Amrabad	246	12,771	11	10	13	8	13	6	...	2	1,279	3,071	1,016	5,366		
Mahbubnagar	Nagaranoor	...	...	...	...	...	...	155	25,049	5	8	110	13	15	...	...	...	6,198	8,848	1,358	16,401
	Mahbubnagar	108	17,600	0	0	...	...	689	70,036	5	4	79	28	61	11	18	17	2,397	1,745	987	5,129	
	Makthal	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	2,829	11	16	3	2	1	...	2	2	36	25	30	91
	Settlement Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	2,500	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lingal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mahbubnagar	Kalwakurti	56	2,730	0	0	...	...	377	88,380	5	4	24	8	9	5	15	5	1,240	806	434	2,480	
	Total of Mahbubnagar District.	164	20,330	0	0	...	...	1,810	2,28,804	8	0	279	130	215	50	64	80	29,160	40,307	6,762	76,229	

APPENDIX X.—Statement showing the details of the distribution of Takavi as per Taluks from 1328 to Azar 1330 F.

Amount of Takavi disbursed																		
Serial No.	District	Taluks	Wells		Grain		Fodder			Bullocks		Seeds		Advance to patels and patwaries				
			No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons	Amount paid in cash	Amount of fodder distributed	Total	No. of persons	No. of buildings	Amount	No. of persons	Amount			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
7	Aurangabad...	Patan	400	87,035 0 0	791	32,860 0 0	1,263	...	1,30,553 11 0	1,30,553 11 0	325	639	37,553 7 10	610	14,560 0 0	106	5,679 2 8	
		Ambed	133	25,549 0 0	828	63,066 8 0	340	...	20,842 8 0	20,842 8 0	389	706	28,156 5 0	1,187	26,558 8 0	189	6,543 2 7	
		Vijapur	87	23,868 0 0	25	2,141 0 0	1,019	...	42,420 11 9	42,420 11 9	361	679	47,225 10 0	224	10,041 0 2	272	14,434 3 9	
		Gangapur	208	44,032 0 0	16	920 0 0	649	...	36,570 8 0	36,570 8 0	211	380	14,147 8 6	96	1,607 0 0	249	6,920 5 10	
		Aurangabad	296	42,668 0 0	1,200	1,33,783 0 0	154	...	18,315 4 0	18,315 4 0	351	952	23,440 8 0	34	1,281 0 0	2	71 0 0	
		Kannad	61	7,077 0 0	116	2,729 8 0	175	...	5,950 1 4	5,950 1 4	134	246	8,980 9 0	123	1,504 14 4	25	1,529 2 8	
		Jalna	4	793 0 0
		Jagir villages	141	17,384 8 0	58	183	7,308 0 0	8	220 0 0
		Co-operative Society.
		Total of Aurangabad District.	1,189	2,31,012 0 0	3,117	2,52,884 8 0	3,600	...	2,54,652 12 1	2,54,652 12 1	1,830	3,735	1,66,812 0 4	2,282	55,767 6 6	793	85,177 1 6	
Yearly Abstract	1328 Fasli ... 1329 do ... 1330 Azar 1330 ...	Grand Total of affected Districts	2,898	4,35,194 3 8	3,391	2,63,147 13 4	4,619	32,338	2,83,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	5,269	10,094	5,48,411 14 7	5,926	1,92,587 15 3	1,077	43,099 13 1	
		...	2,601	3,90,858 5 10	3,388	2,62,882 13 4	4,619	32,338	2,83,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	4,865	8,522	3,98,123 4 11	5,439	1,79,648 3 11	1,072	42,897 15 9	
		...	227	39,704 3 2	5	265 0 0	...	...	...	...	879	1,547	1,45,946 9 8	486	12,849 11 4	5	191 13 4
		...	70	4,631 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	25	4,342 0 0	1	90 0 0	...	...
		Total ...	2,898	4,35,194 3 8	3,391	2,63,147 13 4	4,619	32,338	2,83,658 0 1	3,15,996 0 1	5,269	10,094	5,48,411 14 7	5,926	1,92,587 15 3	1,077	43,099 13 1	

APPENDIX X.—Statement showing the details of Takavi in the *Famine stricken Taluks from 1828 to Azur 1330 F.*

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Amount of Takavi disbursed				No. of persons		No. of wells repaired and constructed										No. of Labourers employed on the works of ryots' wells				Remarks																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
			Artisans	Working of fields		Amount	No. of persons	No. of Takavi recipients	Amount of Takavi	Total No. of wells	Completed			To be completed	Men	Women	Children	Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
				No. of persons	Amount						No. of persons	Amount	No. of persons						Amount	No. of persons	Amount																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
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7	Aurangabad...	Patna

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XI.—General Statement of Poor Houses from 1328 F. to Azur 1330 F.

54

Serial No.	Name of Taluka and District	Name of Poor House	Date of		Working days of the poor house	No. of persons seeking relief				Daily average	Maximum number of persons relieved on any day		
			Establishment	Abolition		Men	Women	Boys	Total		Date	Number	Expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Aurangabad	Aurangabad	1 5 26 F.	29-2 29 F.	305	46,093	2,26,157	1,45,961	4,18,514	1,972	9 8-28 F.	8,231	65,229 0
2	Patan	...	29 4 28 F.	29 2 29 F.	307	10,588	26,646	87,275	72,509	236	31-9-28 F.	505	16,770 0 5
3	Vijapur	...	1 4-28 F.	29-2-29 F.	335	15,688	31,635	44,667	94,991	238	27-9-28 F.	1,116	21,575 11 9
4	Ambad	...	1 4 26 F.	30 1-29 F.	306	11,038	30,992	32,790	74,920	244	25-9-28 F.	317	13,619 1 8
5	Kannad	...	1 8-28 F.	19 12-28 F.	112	2,091	4,220	5,402	11,612	81	21-9-28 F.	155	1,852 10 7
	Total Aurangabad	...	...	...	...	85,499	3,22,950	2,63,998	6,72,416	...	...	...	1,18,416 11 5
6	Taluka Bir, Dist. Bir...	Bir	2 6-28 F.	30-1- 29 F.	241	15,359	79,736	81,560	1,76,955	725	15-11-28 F.	921	11,623 3 7
7	Georai	...	30 1-28 F.	23-1-29 F.	260	11,633	32,252	41,942	85,907	806	12-7-28 F.	662	17,851 12 2
	Total Bir	...	...	...	...	26,972	1,11,988	1,23,502	2,62,762	...	...	...	28,974 15 9
8	Karimnagar	Karimnagar	21-7-28 F.	21-4-29 F.	522	33,337	92,961	1,18,428	2,41,931	469	30-11-28 F.	1,244	34,405 13 6
			1-6-29 F.	end of Azur 30 F.									
9	Huzurabad	Huzurabad	21-7-28 F.	20-3-29 F.	240	21,990	33,907	48,874	1,07,771	449	28-11-28 F.	667	15,923 8 6
10	Sirsilla	...	18-7 28 F.	10-3-29 F.	236	43,948	22,018	10,388	75,599	820	27-9-28 F.	488	13,886 4 8
11	Jagtial	...	1-8-28 F.	10 3 29 F.	222	40,974	22,974	12,423	76,871	341	29-9-28 F.	589	10,717 15 9
12	Mahadeopur	...	5-11-28 F.	30-4-29 F.	300	7,920	19,401	23,487	50,755	169	30-11-29 F.	624	11,252 1 5
	Total Karimnagar	...	...	...	...	1,50,769	1,91,266	2,18,395	5,55,480	...	...	...	86,135 11 10
13	Sultanaabad, District Karimnagar.	Under Balhai shah Line camp	9 8-29 F.	End of Azur 1330	175	8,246	4,749	17,402	25,997	145	21-11-28 F.	222	2,890 11 1
	Total	...	...	...	...	1,54,015	1,96,015	2,80,797	5,80,827	...	...	...	88,526 6 11

14	Warangal Taluk	Warangal ...	28-5-28 F.	6-1-29 F.	225	85,420	1,08,621	61,178	2,00,214	889	14-11-28 F.	1,657	25,081	8	4
15	District Warangal	Mathwada...	7-8-28 F.	30-1-30 F.	449	42,177	68,178	97,319	2,02,669	451	30-11-29 F.	667	22,125	9	10
16	Do	Uppoogal ..	1-4-29 F.	30-1-30 F.	806	24,625	82,938	2,16,855	2,78,918	894	28-11-29 F.	2,286	30,935	9	2
17	Do	Damannapet	14-5-29 F.	11-9-29 F.	122	955	1,255	9,706	11,816	96	29-8-29 F.	145	228	8	4
18	Do	Pastra ...	1-6-29 F.	27-9-29 F.	120	8,716	4,120	13,599	21,435	261	18-7-29 F.	320	518	7	8
19	Khammam	Khammam.	8-8-28 F.	30-1-30 F.	546	17,570	67,559	1,22,415	2,37,344	484	8-11-28 F.	651	82,103	1	1
20	Pakhal	Pakhal ...	20-8-28 F.	17-1-29 F.	161	16,588	26,890	21,375	67,348	415	26-11-28 F.	661	14,039	12	0
21	Mahboobabad	Mahboobabad	6-7-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	194	25,532	31,947	59,255	1,66,784	612	11-10-28 F.	1,034	19,944	8	11
22	Yellandu	Yellandu ...	14-6-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	217	7,950	18,888	18,967	39,900	189	21-8-28 F.	258	6,484	11	5
23	Mulug	Mulug ...	15-9-28 F.	17-1-29 F.	125	8,966	15,155	28,481	46,952	875	9-11-28 F.	709	7,800	8	6
24	Madhira	Madhira ...	21-9-28 F.	21-1-29 F.	165	37,116	41,688	35,184	1,19,885	690	19-4-29 F.	2,998	4,159	13	4
25	Paloncha	Paloncha ...	19-3-29 F.	30-4-29 F.	152	4,789	15,011	15,454	85,254	231	10-10-28 F.	488	5,081	12	2
	Total Warangal Dist.	...	...	...	...	2,54,549	4,15,785	6,97,083	18,67,417	...	...	...	1,67,811	4	9
26	Huzurnagar, Nalgunda	Kodar ...	5-8-28 F.	29-2-29 F.	496	45,400	1,24,412	2,12,771	3,25,588	877	30-12-29 F.	1,365	50,701	13	11
27	District	Chiryal ...	18-6-29 F.	30-1-30 F.	487	30,427	1,16,106	1,26,148	2,72,681	559	14-6-29 F.	750	37,555	10	7
28	Jangaon	Bhongir ...	8-9-28 F.	8-7-29 F.	301	38,220	40,619	41,689	1,23,538	40	12-12-28 F.	726	14,836	13	8
29	Do	under P.W.D.	7-6-29 F.	1-8-29 F.	57	856	633	8,204	9,693	170	25-6-29 F.	205	1,311	4	4
30	Do	camp Bhongir	3-10-29 F.	End of Aban	89	1,449	2,218	15,944	20,006	224	11-12-29 F.	341	1,905	4	0
31	Do	Aler ...	11-5-29 F.	8-9-29 F.	117	3,205	4,448	19,578	27,226	232	18-7-29 F.	329	7,362	1	8
32	Viryalgunda, Nalgunda	Miryalgunda.	1-9-28 F.	End of	517	36,311	81,844	1,40,933	2,62,118	507	25-12-29 F.	815	27,836	1	11
33	District.	Deverkonda.	1-1-29 F.	Azur 30 F.	878	12,370	26,724	59,332	98,426	263	13-11-29 F.	465	9,944	15	4
34	Deverkonda	Deverkonda.	4-5-29 F.	End of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	Suriyapett	Suriyapet ...	1-8-28 F.	29-2-29 F.	451	61,515	1,26,130	2,51,784	4,39,429	992	25-12-29 F.	1,382	49,115	2	7
36	Do	Welgupalli	7-6-29 F.	17-1-30 F.	138	9,310	21,910	27,146	58,266	435	3-1-29 F.	666	5,229	9	8
37	Do	under camp	1-4-29 F.	End of	297	4,463	9,973	52,118	66,549	225	30-11-29 F.	386	...	...	...
38	* Do	Suriyapet ...	8-6-29 F.	End of	...	82	156	75	313	...	...	...	...	...	...
				Azur 30 F.	...	4,745	10,129	52,188	66,862	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Nalgunda	Nalgunda ...	12-8-28 F.	30-12-28 F.	866	38,179	67,912	70,896	1,71,927	470	25-10-28 F.	690	19,527	6	0
40	Do	Pisnur ...	22-6-29 F.	80-1-30 F.	87	987	1,978	2,046	4,956	188	24-1-29 F.	135	1,070	13	1
	Total of Nalgunda	...	...	...	...	2,77,754	1,28,948	10,30,999	19,37,701	...	...	...	2,26,469	0	4

APPENDIX VI. —General Statement of Poor Houses from 1321 F. to Azar 1330 F.

Serial No.	Name of Taluka and District	Name of Poor House	Date of Establishment	Date of Abolition	No. of days the poor house remained open	No. of destitutes			Total	Daily average of destitutes	Maximum number of indicsents of any day		
						Men	Women	Boys			Date	Number	Expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
39	Taluk Mahboobnagar	Mahboobnagar	9-10-28 F.	11-2-29 F.	198	9,850	17,586	33,664	61,134	808	18-12-29 F.	53	7,631 13 0
40	Dist Mahboobnagar	Devarkhadi	17-11-29 F.	30-1-30 F.	315	13,103	16,395	61,653	94,151	272	20-11-29 F.	48	9,818 11 11
41	Do	Jadchehri	26-1-29 F.	19-9-29 F.	237	7,242	20,185	20,350	17,777	201	22-2-29 F.	48	4,646 8 3
42	Do	Muspet	13-2-29 F.	31-10-29 F.	263	13,605	18,281	48,083	79,969	301	26-9-29 F.	518	8,467 15 9
43	Makhtal	Makhtal	19-2-28 F.	9-3-29 F.	139	2,239	12,056	7,336	21,831	141	11-1-29 F.	166	3,191 3 10
44	Do	Naravampet.	18-8-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	251	2,766	7,052	5,206	15,021	59	31-8-28 F.	186	2,862 15 3
45	Kalwakurti	Kalwakurti.	12-12-28 F.	End of 29 F.	111	21,676	11,179	61,951	1,30,806	815	8-12-29 F.	805	14,012 11 3
46	Nagarkarnool	Nagarkarnool	27-7-28 F.	Do	554	38,919	83,355	1,67,275	2,89,553	523	27-11-29 F.	1,520	9,186 5 9
47	Do	Bichnapally	23-12-28 F.	End of 29 F.	195	6,193	11,853	56,485	77,535	405	20-11-29 F.	2,505	2,147 15 0
48	Amrabad	Amrabad	26-7-28 F.	End of 29 F.	554	34,280	59,492	91,112	1,84,821	388	12-12-29 F.	1,295	4,281 1 9
49	Do	Maogil	16-7-29 F.	21-11-29 F.	130	7,155	8,399	16,735	32,322	248	12-9-29 F.	652	3,459 10 7
50	* Do	Under Camp	6-1-29 F.	End of 29 F.	271	1,979	3,487	187	8,953	33	10-5-29 F.	52	...
51	Pargi	Pargi	1-8-28 F.	End of 29 F.	153	2,208	1,688	938	4,829	26	14-9-28 F.	19	1,038 12 3
						1,64,278	3,06,943	5,77,487	10,48,708	..	...	...	70,145 12 7
Total Mahbubnagar ...						..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* The Amount is included in Amrabad account.

52	Siddipet, Dist. Medak.	Siddipet ...	80-5-28 F.	18-6-29 F.	985	27,271	49,470	65,806	1,42,547	870	7-6-29 F.	472	17,908 18 1
53	Hyderabad City	Dilavarganj.	29-8-28 F.	15-1-29 F.	238	6,652	4,833	5,981	17,469	75	26-12-28 F.	158	...
54	Hyderabad City	Saeedabad...	1-1-29 F.	30-1-29 F.	140	18,499	21,279	16,468	56,241	401	19-12-28 F.	868	...
	Total Hyderabad City.	...	...	...	...	25,151	20,112	22,447	78,710	...	...	...	18,781 7 5
	Total of Districts and Hyderabad City	...	...	...	...	10,15,488	20,58,211	30,12,419	60,86,118	...	...	...	7,82,408 8 8
	Amount spent on Sheds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80,000 0 0
	Grand Total	...	...	...	...	10,15,488	20,58,211	30,12,419	60,86,118	...	...	...	7,62,408 8 8½

YEARLY ABSTRACT.

1928 Fasli	...	...	...	...	...	5,84,854	10,88,154	10,84,786	27,07,294	...	...	...	8,78,388 2 8
1929 Fasli	...	...	...	...	...	4,45,999	8,87,784	17,34,614	30,67,697	...	...	...	8,52,198 8 9
Azur 1830 Fasli	...	...	...	...	...	95,735	82,273	1,98,119	8,11,127	...	...	...	31,882 2 8
Total	...	...	...	...	...	10,15,488	20,58,211	30,12,419	60,86,118	...	...	...	7,62,408 8 8½

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XII.—*Statement of cattle for 1328 F.*

Serial No.	Name of Taluk	No. of cattle in Dai 13:8 F.		Cattle disposed off during 1928 F.								No. of cattle at the close of 1928 F.	
		Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Died		Taken for grazing		Unaccounted for		Total		Agricultural	Non-agricultural
				Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	Non-agricultural		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Aurangabad District.												
1	Ambad ...	34,812	23,864	7,445	2,335	4,249	1,297	...	...	11,694	3,682	22,648	20,282
2	Anurangabad ...	20,671	79,006	7,509	18,386	...	...	...	...	7,509	18,386	13,162	65,620
3	Gangapur ...	18,338	33,773	3,915	1,576	...	...	...	...	3,915	1,578	14,423	32,195
4	Kannad ...	21,335	15,703	15,475	17,564	...	...	...	...	15,475	17,564	8,860	28,139
5	Patan ...	14,852	14,819	11,722	11,952	...	...	...	...	11,772	11,952	8,180	2,867
6	Vijapur ...	26,830	1,780	11,030	696	7,810	...	...	...	18,360	696	8,470	1,084
7	Khuldabad ...	5,142	14,662	535	971	...	...	...	...	535	971	4,907	13,691
	Total ...	1,14,810	2,13,607	57,651	48,462	11,539	1,297	...	...	69,210	49,779	75,600	1,68,828
	Bhir Dist.												
1	Ashti ...	23,730	71,191	3,150	6,275	4,240	3,125	512	1,540	7,902	10,940	15,828	60,251
2	Bir ...	29,353	81,740	19,606	8,046	...	...	...	...	19,606	30,469	9,747	51,271
3	Georai ...	24,971	58,171	9,422	5,701	4,507	5,144	4,805	5,020	18,734	18,865	6,237	39,306
4	Manjleason ...	20,305	60,835	756	1,522	...	795	...	62	756	2,379	19,549	58,456
5	Patoda ...	21,318	43,599	1,118	2,328	...	...	...	...	1,118	2,328	20,205	41,271
	Total ...	119,677	315,536	34,017	49,295	8,747	9,064	5,317	6,622	48,111	64,981	71,566	2,50,555
	Warangal District.												
1	Khammam ...	51,648	145,258	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51,648	145,258
2	Mahbubabad ...	43,101	122,117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43,101	122,117
3	Madira ...	42,815	109,981	1,325	...	...	...	285	...	1,460	...	41,385	109,981
4	Pakhal ...	19,050	37,163	3,121	6,191	33	1,349	40	1	3,497	7,541	15,553	29,622
5	Paloncha ...	4,062	17,686	50	...	...	...	2	...	52	...	4,010	17,686
6	Mulug ...	10,025	25,530	155	150	...	12,000	...	...	155	12,150	9,870	13,380
7	Warangal ...	46,157	13,200	3,920	1,092	...	...	...	...	3,920	1,092	42,237	42,108
8	Yellandu ...	9,885	32,460	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,885	32,460
	Total ...	2,26,773	533,395	8,774	7,433	33	13,349	277	1	9,084	20,783	217,689	512,612
	Karimnagar District.												
1	Jagtiyal ...	11,251	11,929	2,082	4,232	858	3,853	...	11	2,940	8,096	8,311	33,333
2	Huzurabad ...	43,488	124,920	3,378	10,142	...	1,754	...	1,593	3,373	13,489	40,115	111,431
3	Karimnagar...	41,469	87,217	4,263	3,178	249	3,186	79	70	4,591	6,434	36,878	80,783
4	Mahadeopur ...	17,375	57,887	346	493	...	...	...	...	346	493	17,029	57,344
5	Sirsilla ...	39,410	164,186	4,677	8,351	...	...	...	...	4,677	8,351	34,733	155,335
	Total ...	152,993	476,089	14,741	26,396	1,107	8,793	79	1,674	15,927	36,363	137,066	439,226
	Adilabad Dist.												
1	Lakshatipett	13,682	23,047	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,682	23,047

APPENDIX XII.—Statement of cattle for 1928 F.

Serial No.	Name of Taluk	No. of cattle in Dai 1928 F.		Cattle disposed off during 1928 F.								No. of cattle at the close of 1928 F.	
		Agricultural	Non-agricultural	died		Taken for grazing		Unaccounted for		Total		Agricultural	Non-agricultural
				Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	Non-agricultural		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Nalgunda District.													
1	Bhongir ...	26,232	97,275	685	1,219	...	...	...	...	685	1,219	25,597	96,056
2	Chiryal ...	56,591	95,758	7,945	11,691	310	2,262	115	515	8,370	14,498	48,221	81,260
3	Deverkonda...	25,028	64,490	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,028	64,490
4	Huzurnagar...	1,429	128,957	1,264	6,372	...	...	...	...	1,264	6,372	80,165	117,585
5	Miryalgooda...	29,117	135,517	3,020	6,151	...	...	...	...	3,020	6,151	26,125	129,366
6	Nalgunda ...	48,411	177,721	3,719	10,787	...	...	...	...	3,719	10,787	44,722	166,941
7	Suriyapett ...	25,269	186,791	2,292	11,314	...	...	...	...	2,292	11,314	22,976	175,477
	Total ...	245,185	881,509	18,876	50,514	310	2,262	115	515	19,301	58,821	225,884	826,736
Mahbubnagar District.													
1	Amrabad ...	24,285	76,812	7	71	...	...	...	...	7	71	24,228	76,741
2	Kalvakurti ...	36,119	79,797	1,288	1,632	2,386	5,486	56	10	3,682	7,108	32,467	72,649
3	Mahbubnagar	21,375	26,479	3,101	4,410	...	...	...	...	3,101	4,410	14,274	22,069
4	Makhtal ...	26,680	80,010	224	...	...	...	...	...	224	...	26,456	80,010
5	Nagar Kurnool	32,166	88,099	4,015	12,275	...	...	...	...	4,015	12,275	28,151	70,824
6	Pargi ...	11,209	16,411	1,175	1,212	...	...	...	...	1,175	1,212	10,034	15,199
	Total ...	151,814	362,608	9,760	19,600	2,386	5,486	56	10	12,204	25,076	139,610	387,532
Medak Dist.													
1	Siddipett ...	23,758	30,160	3,638	3,180	...	...	...	...	3,638	3,180	20,120	26,980
	Grand Total ...	10,78,637	28,85,951	1,47,482	2,01,900	21,142	40,201	5,846	8,882	177,470	2,58,953	9,01,167	25,81,968

Serial No.	Name of District	Cholera								Other diseases								Total		Remarks						
		Famine Camps				Poor Houses				Total				Famine Camps				Poor Houses				Total				
		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks		Deaths		Attacks			Deaths		Attacks		Deaths	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17										
	Azur 1880 F.																									
1	Karimnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	6	20	6	20	6	6		
2	Warangal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	152	89	152	89	152	89	89		
3	Nalgunda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	117	89	117	89	117	89	89		
4	Mahbubnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	15	56	15	56	15	15		
	Total of Azur 1880 F....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	845	99	845	99	845	99	99		
	Grand total from 1928 to Azur 1880 F.	1,404	479	1,805	493	2,709	972	53,107	1,243	28,495	2,246	81,602	3,489	81,811	4,461											
	Annual Abstract																									
1	1928 Fasli	1,401	479	1,227	459	2,081	988	16,851	574	10,968	1,002	27,214	1,576	29,845	2,511											
2	1929 F.	...	...	78	34	78	81	80,250	669	17,787	1,145	54,018	1,811	54,121	1,818									
8	Azur 1880 F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	345	99	345	99	345	99	99		

MOHAMED ALI
Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XIV.—Statement showing the number of attacks and deaths by diseases in Poor Houses and Camps during 1928 and 1929 F.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Name of Poor House or Camp	Cholera		Other diseases		Total	
				Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Aurangabad	...	For 1928 Fasli.						
			Aurangabad	...	...	100	16	100	16
			Patan	...	66	14	140	46	206
			Vijapur	...	...	...	112	47	112
			Ambad	...	48	14	59	...	107
			Kannad	...	...	...	14	4	14
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses	...	114	28	425	113	539
			Ambad	...	...	...	2261	14	2,261
			Vijapur	...	...	...	2615	88	2,615
			Gangapur	...	...	...	80	5	80
			Kannad	...	10	1	...	...	10
			Patan	...	8	2	8,616	158	8,619
			Total number of cases and deaths in Camps	...	18	3	13,522	215	13,535
			Total of Aurangabad District	...	127	31	13,947	328	14,074
2	Bir	...	Bir	...	23	3	85	13	108
			Georai	...	48	12	25	22	73
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses	...	71	15	110	35	181
			Bir	...	6	6	191	5	197
			Ashti	...	16	1	20	2	36
			Camp Pipalgaon	...	10	4	60	36	70
			Manjlegaon	...	...	...	48	12	48
			do Gangamasla	...	...	...	80	16	80
			Total number of deaths and cases in Camps	...	32	14	399	71	481
			Total of Bir Dist	...	103	29	509	106	612
3	Warangal	...	Warangal	...	41	14	507	23	548
			Pakhal	...	...	...	230	67	280
			Mahboobabad	...	...	...	776	214	776
			Jagtiyal	...	...	...	194	22	194
			Total number of deaths & cases in Poor Houses.	...	41	14	1707	326	1,748
			Warangal	...	117	17	251	51	368
			Khamam	...	...	...	232	81	232
			Yellandu	...	25	10	134	39	159
			Mudhira	...	...	...	10	1	10
			do	...	...	...	12	2	12
			Warangal	...	850	150	120	39	470
			Total number of deaths and cases in Camps	...	492	177	759	163	1,251
			Total of Warangal Dist.	...	533	191	2,466	489	2,999
				...					
4	Karimnagar	...	Karimnagar	...	45	17	300	10	345
			Huzurabad	...	47	16	227	6	274
			Sirsilla	...	...	...	334	8	334
			Mahdeopur	...	...	...	567	1	567
			Jagtiyal	...	...	...	147	1	147
			Total number of deaths & cases in Poor Houses.	...	92	33	1,575	26	1,667

APPENDIX XIV.—Statement showing the number of attacks and deaths by diseases in Poor Houses and Camps during 1928 and 1929 F.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Name of Poor House and Camp	Cholera		Other Diseases		Total	
				Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5	Nalgunda	Karimnagar	Chingerla Camp	...	...	47	7	47	7
			Welohal do	...	...	50	5	50	5
			Shangram Camp	154	31	216	...	370	81
			Ganairwaram do	45	39	10	1	55	40
			Anantaram do	245	12	...	...	245	12
			Peroor Camp	60	48	37	...	97	48
		Jagtiyal	Mutaram do	96	12	...	...	96	12
			Yelbak do	98	19	...	...	98	19
		Total number of cases and deaths in Camps		688	156	960	13	998	169
		Total of Karimnagar Dist		780	180	1,985	39	2,665	228
		Chiriyal	Jangaon Poor House	275	158	201	60	476	218
			Bhongir do	69	24	377	55	446	79
			Huzurnagar do	6	1	149	49	155	50
			Suriyapet do	182	21	1,841	190	1,978	211
			do Welgupalli do	...	...	171	61	171	61
			Devarkunda do	8	...	110	...	118	...
			Miryalguda do	60	45	90	40	150	88
			Nalgunda do	199	56	31	15	280	101
		Total number of cases & deaths in Poor Houses.		744	388	2,970	470	3,714	808
		Bhongir	Wastakundur Camp	16	6	...	...	16	6
			Jangaon Palakurti do	22	12	...	...	22	12
			Bhongir do	...	...	159	27	159	27
			Suriyapet do	124	108	476	25	600	128
		Total number of cases and deaths in Camps		162	121	685	52	797	173
		Total of Nalgunda Dist.		906	459	3,605	522	4,511	981
6	Mahboobnagar	Mahboobnagar	Mah'nagar poor House.	22	10	20	13	42	23
			Makhtal do	...	...	1,577	...	1,577	...
			do Nuraanpet do	...	...	1,367	1	1,367	1
			Nagarakarnool do	...	...	180	13	180	13
			Amrabad do	...	...	403	...	403	...
			Pargi do	...	...	20	3	20	3
		Total number of cases & deaths in Poor Houses...		22	10	3,517	30	3,589	40
		Amrabad	Camp Kundanagal	...	...	85	8	85	8
			do Makhtal	18	4	120	10	138	14
			Nagar Karnool do	...	...	20	2	20	2
			do Tadoor	12	4	28	2	40	6
		Total number of cases and deaths in Camps		30	8	253	22	283	30
		Total of Mahbubnagar Dist...		52	18	3,770	52	3,822	70
		Siddipet	Siddipet Poor House	143	21	59	2	202	23
			Camp Siddipet	...	...	417	18	417	18
			do Narayen Raopet..	...	...	128	14	128	14
			do Gudikandla	...	...	52	4	52	4
		Total number of cases and deaths in Camps		...	...	597	36	597	36
		Total of Medak Dist. ...		143	21	656	38	799	59
		Camp Balharshah Ry ...		37	...	326	2	363	2
		Total for 1928 F. ...		2,681	988	27,214	1,576	29,845	2,514

APPENDIX XIV.—Statement showing the number of attacks and deaths by diseases in Poor Houses and Camps during 1328 and 1329 F.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Name of Poor House and Camp	Cholera		Other Diseases		Total			
				Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
1	Aurangabad	Aurangabad Patan	For 1329 Fasli.								
			Aurangabad Poor House.	...	...	10	5	10	5
			Pattan do	...	...	12	6	12	6
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses....		...	22	11	22	11		
			Camps	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total of Aurangabad Dist.	...	...	22	11	22	11
2	Bir	Manjlegaon Georai	Manjlegaon Poor House.	...	...	7	1	7	1
			Georai do	...	...	9	1	9	1
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses	...	...	16	2	16	2
			Do	do	Camps	
			Total of Bir Dist.	...	...	16	2	16	2
			3	Karimnagar	Karimnagar Huzurabad Sirsilla Jagtiyal	Karimnagar poor House.	50	24	50	24
Huzurabad do	...	...				45	14	45	14
Sirsilla do	...	...				30	10	30	10
Jagtiyal do	...	...				14	8	14	8
Total number of cases & deaths in Poor Houses...	...	...				139	56	139	56
Total of Karimnagar Dist.	...	...				139	56	139	56
4	Warangal	Warangal do Khammam Warangal do Mulug Mahbubabad Yellandu Pakhal Madira Paloncha	Mathwada poor House.	...	...	810	119	810	119
			Uppugal do	...	...	9,605	278	9,605	278
			Khammam do	...	...	619	104	619	104
			Damannapet do	...	...	25	8	25	8
			Pesra do	...	...	4	1	4	1
			Mulug do	...	...	4	2	4	2
			Mahbubabad do	...	...	612	71	612	71
			Yellandu do	...	...	238	24	238	24
			Pakhal do	...	...	552	52	552	52
			Madira do	...	...	5	1	5	1
			Paloncha do	...	...	2	1	2	1
			Total number of cases & deaths in Poor Houses	...	...	12,476	651	12,476	651
			Do	do	Camps	26,706	599	26,706	599
			Total of Warangal Dist.	...	...	39,182	1,250	39,182	1,250
5	Medak	Siddipet	Siddipet Poor Houses	...	...	85	29	85	29
			Camps in Medak	...	...	5,562	...	5,562	...
			Total of Medak Dist.	...	...	5,647	29	5,647	29
6	Nalgunda	Jangaon Bhongir do Miriyalguda Devarkunda Suriyapet do Nalgunda	Kodar Poor House	...	...	302	32	302	32
			Chiriyal do	...	...	60	21	60	21
			Bhongir do	...	...	292	55	292	55
			Aler do	...	...	9	8	9	8
			Miriyalguda do	84	20	199	91	233	111		
			Devarkunda do	44	14	8,550	19	8,594	33		
			Suriyapet do	...	...	379	73	379	73
			Welgupalli do	...	...	20	10	20	10
			Nalgunda do	...	...	47	22	47	22
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses...	78	84	4,858	326	4,936	306		

APPENDIX XIV (Contd.)—Statement showing the number of attacks and deaths by diseases in Poor Houses and Camps during 1828 and 1829 F.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Name of Poor House and Camp	Cholera		Other Diseases		Total	
				Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
7	Mahbubnagar	Mahbubnagar	Bhongir ... Camp Bhongir ...	...	...	105	15	105	15
			Suriyapet ... do Suriyapet ...	...	...	2,669	39	2,669	39
			Miryalguda ... do Miryalguda ...	...	...	206	16	206	16
			Total number of cases and deaths in Camps.	...	...	2,980	70	2,980	70
			Total of Nalgunda Dist	78	84	7,838	396	7,916	430
			Mahbubnagar Poor House.	...	...	4	1	4	1
			do Deverkadra Poor House	...	...	14	4	14	4
			do Jadcherla Poor House...	...	...	19	6	19	6
			do Musapet Poor House ...	...	...	17	5	17	5
			Kalwakurti ... Kalwakurti Poor House	...	...	77	32	77	32
1	Karimnagar	Karimnagar	Nagarkarnool ... Nagarkarnool Poor House.	...	...	35	18	35	18
			do Bechnapalli Poor House	...	...	3	1	3	1
			Amrabad ... Amrabad Poor House ...	...	...	22	8	22	8
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses.	...	...	191	70	191	70
			Total of Mahbubnagar District.	...	...	191	70	191	70
			Camp Balharsha Railway	...	...	1,008	...	1,008	...
			Total for 1829 Fasli ...	78	84	54,048	1,814	54,121	1,848
			For Azur 1830 Fasli.	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Karimnagar Poor House	...	...	12	4	12	4
			Balharsha Railway Poor House.	...	...	8	2	8	2
2	Warangal	Warangal	Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses.	...	...	20	6	20	6
			Total of Karimnagar District.	...	...	20	6	20	6
			Matwada Poor House	...	...	32	11	32	11
			Uppugal Poor House ...	...	...	95	19	95	19
			Khammam Poor House	...	...	25	9	25	9
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses.	...	...	152	39	152	39
			Total of Warangal Dist.	...	...	152	39	152	39
			Kodari Poor House	...	...	6	2	6	2
			Bhongir Poor House ...	...	...	35	12	35	12
			Miryalguda Poor House	...	...	12	5	12	5
3	Nalgunda	Nalgunda	Deverkonda Poor House	...	...	16	5	16	5
			Suriyapet Poor House ...	...	...	35	12	35	12
			Nalgunda Poor House...	...	...	13	3	13	3
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses.	...	...	117	39	117	39
			Total of Nalgunda Dist.	...	...	117	39	117	39
			Jangaon	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Bhongir	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Miryalguda	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Deverkonda	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Suriyapet	...	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX XIV (Contd).—Statement showing the number of attacks and deaths by diseases in Poor Houses and Camps during 1828 and 1829 F.

Serial No.	District	Taluk	Name of Poor House and Camp	Cholera		Other Diseases		Total	
				Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4	Mahbubnagar	Mahbubnagar	For Azur 1830 Fasli.						
			Mahbubnagar Poor House.	...	...	11	4	11	4
			Kalyakurti Poor House	...	...	28	7	28	7
			Nagarkarnool Poor House.	...	...	12	3	12	3
			Amrabad Poor House	...	...	5	1	5	1
			Total number of cases and deaths in Poor Houses..	...	...	56	15	56	15
			Total of Mahbubnagar District.	...	...	56	15	56	15
			Total for Azur 1830 F.	...	...	845	99	845	99
			Grand Total for 1828, 1829 and Azur 1830 F.	2,709	972	81,602	8,489	84,311	4,461
			Yearly Abstract.						
	For 1828 Fasli	...	...	2,681	938	27,214	1,576	29,845	2,514
	For 1829 Fasli	...	...	78	34	54,043	1,814	54,121	1,848
	For Azur 1830,	...	...	..	...	345	99	345	99
			Total	2,709	972	81,602	8,489	84,311	4,461

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XV.—Statement showing the relief works, etc., carried out in Sarf-i-Khas jurisdiction during 1328 and 1329 Fash.

District	Taluk	Head- works	Details of work	Date of starting work and its completion	Number of persons					Amount spent	Remarks
					Men	Women	Children	No. of persons to whom Takavi was given	Total		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Medak	Siddipet	Irrigation relief works	Repairs of Nai apur Tank	23-9-29 F. 5-12-29 F.	12,402	27,162	5,764	...	15,828	Rs. 7,184 18	Details of col. 11. Coolie wages 7,117 2 0 Tools 30 1 1 Huts 12 8 0 Miscellaneous 275 1 10
Aurangabad	Khuldabad	Takavi	Takavi given to votels	...	...	...	...	65	65	Rs. 1,254 7 6	Work 1 For bullocks 30 675 7 6 2 For grain 20 392 0 0 3 For seeds 15 191 0 0 65 1,259 7 6
Bir	Patoda	do	do	...	...	...	...	355	355	Rs. 7,248 4 0	1 Const. and 5 Reprs. to wells 2 Grain 1 25 0 0 3 Bullocks 6 367 0 0 4 Seeds 71 1,116 12 0 5 Advance to 4 patels, etc. 122 0 0 6 Weeding of 260 4,515 0 0 fields
Total of Takavi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	420	420	8,506 11 6	Total ...847 7,020 12 0 For Fodder 8 227 8 0 Grand total ...855 7,248 4 0

APPENDIX XVI.—Monthly Statement showing the number of persons who emigrated from H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions to other Provinces in search of livelihood during 1928 F.

			No. of persons for each month										
Number	Name of District	Name of Taluka	Bahmon 1928 F.	Isfandiar 1928 F.	Farwardi 1928 F.	Ardibehist 1928 F.	Khurda 1928 F.	Teer 1928 F.	Amerdad 1928 F.	Sherewar 1928 F.	Meber 1928 F.	Aban 1928 F.	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Aurangabad Dist.	1. Ambad 2. Aurangabad 3. Gangapur 4. Kannad 5. Patan 6. Vijapur 7. Kuldabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Aurangabad...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bir District	8. Ashti 9. Bir 10. Georai 11. Manjilegaon 12. Putoda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Bir	...	1,778	1,640	1,430	800	503	424	197	94	...	...	6,866
3	Warangal Dist.	13. Khamam 14. Mahboobabad 15. Madhira 16. Pakhal 17. Paloncha 18. Mulug 19. Warangal 20. Yellandu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Warangal	...	41	20	18	13	7	11	13	15	9	6	153
4	Karimnagar Dist.	21. Jagtival 22. Karimnagar 23. Huzurabad 24. Mahadeopur 25. Shisilla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Karim- nagar Dist.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Adilabad Dist.	26. Lakshettipett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Adilabad District.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Nalgunda Dist.	27. Bhongir 28. Chiryal 29. Deverkonda 30. Huzurnagar 31. Miryalguda 32. Nalgunda 33. Suryapett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Nalgunda Dist.	...	240	73	82	299	170	61	85	68	109	20	1,202
7	Mahbubnagar	34. Amrabad 35. Kolwakurti 36. Mahbubnagar 37. Makthal 38. Nagarkarnool 39. Pargi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of Mahbubnagar...	...	1,149	215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,364
8	Medak District	40. Siddipett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Aurangabad	Abstract for each District											
2	Bir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Warangal	...	1,778	1,640	1,430	800	503	424	197	94	...	...	6,866
4	Karimnagar	...	41	20	18	13	7	11	13	15	9	6	153
5	Adilabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Nalgunda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Mahbubnagar	...	240	73	82	299	170	61	85	68	109	20	1,202
	Total of Mahbubnagar...	...	1,149	215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,364
Grand Total for 1928 F.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

APPENDIX XVII.—Statement showing the number of coolies who came from British India in H.E.H. the Nizam's Dominions in search of livelihood during 1328 and 1329 Faslî.

Names of Districts	No. of Coolies											Remarks
	Bahman	Istander	Farwardi	Ardibehisht	Khurdad	Teer	Amardad	Sharewar	Meher	Aban	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
FOR THE YEAR 1328 F.												
Aurangabad	22	12,175	47,420	57,872	45,357	88,722	21,867	6,983	12,976	11,488	2,57,883	
Bi	...	...	...	5	1,897	1,458	2,212	1,022	1,074	544	11,212	
Warangal	...	...	...	...	...	3,827	9,547	10,141	9,633	19,834	53,282	
Nalgunda	...	...	...	...	...	514	738	781	1,024	1,195	1,247	
Total for the year 1328 F.	22	12,175	47,420	57,876	47,254	47,521	34,359	19,227	24,707	36,061	3,26,621	
FOR THE YEAR 1329 F.												
Warangal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	24	24	
Grand Total	22	12,175	47,420	57,878	47,254	47,521	34,359	19,227	24,707	36,085	3,26,648	

APPENDIX XVIII.—Statement showing the recipients of private relief during 1328 Faslî.

Serial Number	Districts	Taluks	Place of Relief	Nature of Relief	No. of persons	Amount spent	Date of opening and closing	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Mahbubnagar.	Mahbubnagar.	Head Qr. of District	Gratuitous	22,899	...	From 2nd Tir to 30th Aban 1328 F.	
	do	do	do	Cloth distribution	...	844-0-0	...	
2	do	do	Achampet	Kitchen	31,200	1248-0-0	15-7-28 F. to 30-12-28 F.	
3	Aurangabad ...	Gangapur	Head Qr. Gangapur	do	1,06,252	9618-4-7	From Farwardi to the end of Amardad 1328 F.	
4	Warangal ...	Warangal	Head Qr. Hanomkonda	do	...	49,985-10-0	9 Ardibehisht 18-12 to 28 F.	
5	Karimnagar ...	Piddapalli Jagir	Piddapalli	Gratuitous	28,118	2,202-8-0	5-8-28 F. to 28-2-29 F.	
	Total ...	...	...	...	1,88,469	68,898-6-7		

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XIX.—*Statements showing the remissions of land revenue for 1827, 1828 and 1829 F.*

Serial No.	District	1827 F.			1828 F.			1829 F.		
		Total land Revenue	Remission of Land revenue as per rules in force	Balance to be recovered	Total land revenue	Remission of land revenue as per rules in force	Balance to be recovered	Total land revenue	Remission of land revenue as per rules in force	Balance to be recovered
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Aurangabad	Rs A. P. 25,91,870 3 3	Rs. A. P. 36,170 1 11	Rs 25,55,700 1 4	Rs A. P. 28,44,325 9 4	Rs A. P. 65,520 14 2	Rs. A. P. 27,78,804 11 2	Rs. A. P. 28,49,831 5 1	Rs. A. P. 42,114 4 5	Rs. A. P. 28,01,787 0 8
2	Bir	13,46,327 2 7	0 3 0	13,46,326 15 7	13,46,313 8 2	5 13 0	13,46,807 11 2	14,52,506 8 8	5,434 7 3	14,47,082 1 5
3	Warangal	26,65,029 3 1	3,01,090 3 5	23,63,938 15 8	26,62,876 12 2	10,65,573 4 1	15,97,303 8 1	26,66,873 10 6	7,23,240 8 5	19,43,633 2 1
4	Karimnagar	34,56,922 14 0	2,71,409 10 8	31,85,513 3 4	34,48,571 15 11	15,23,159 0 3	19,25,412 15 8	34,47,723 9 8	12,52,503 4 2	21,95,221 5 6
5	Adilabad	12,50,875 13 6	48,600 9 11	12,01,275 3 7	12,90,098 8 5	1,83,609 3 7	11,06,467 4 10	12,95,242 1 0	2,03,004 11 1	10,92,237 5 11
6	Medak	28,60,846 2 4	3,99,605 8 8	19,51,240 9 8	23,31,413 11 5	12,07,907 1 10	11,23,506 9 7	23,44,279 9 6	9,78,080 12 9	13,66,248 12 9
7	Nalgunda	28,28,742 4 11	2,34,446 14 7	25,94,295 6 4	28,66,828 6 3	9,54,697 0 0	19,12,131 6 3	28,90,220 3 9	7,10,445 15 2	21,79,774 4 7
8	Mahbubnagar	15,98,574 9 4	2,55,213 0 2	13,43,361 9 2	15,82,157 0 3	7,39,315 11 10	8,42,841 4 5	15,79,405 6 2	6,26,641 9 4	9,52,763 12 10
	Total	1,80,89,688 5 0	15,47,486 4 4	1,65,42,202 0 8	1,83,73,083 7 11	57,39,788 0 9	1,26,33,295 7 2	1,85,20,102 6 4	45,41,404 8 7	1,80,78,697 13 9
Annual Abstract										
	For 1827 F.	1,80,89,688 5 0	15,47,486 4 4	1,65,42,202 0 8						
	For 1828 F.	1,89,73,083 7 11	57,39,788 0 9	1,26,33,295 7 2						
	For 1829 F.	1,85,20,102 6 4	45,41,404 8 7	1,39,78,697 13 9						
	Total	5,49,82,874 3 3	1,18,28,628 13 8	4,31,54,245 5 7						

MOHAMED ALI,
Famine Commissioner.

**APPENDIX XX.—Statement showing the amount of revenue suspended
in Famine-stricken Districts for 1928 and 1929 F.**

Serial No.	District	Amount sus- pended during 1928 & 1929 F	Collected up to 1929 F.	Balance	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Aurangabad ...	8,16,326 10 11	7,77,448 10 1	66,878 0 10	
2	Bir ...	1,68,441 6 1	1,62,609 7 9	832 0 7	
3	Karimnagar ...	162 12 5	127 12 3	35 0 2	
4	Warangal ...	2,968 9 11	781 13 2	2,181 12 9	
5	Medak ...	15,089 2 3	12,615 3 7	2,473 14 8	
6	Nalgunda ...	...	...	...
7	Mahbubnagar ...	155 3 3	...	155 3 3	
8	Adilabad ...	...	...	...
	Total ...	10,28,136 15 1	9,58,582 14 10	74,556 0 3	

MOHAMED ALI,

Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XXI.—Statement showing by Districts and years the amount of demand, amount collected,

Serial Number	District	As per accounts of Revenues			DEMAND	
		Land Revenue	Other heads	Total	Amount written off	Balance
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
FOR 1327 FASLI.						
1	Aurangabad	25,55,700 1 4	9,85,282 8 1	35,40,982 9 5		
2	Bir	13,46,826 15 7	3,49,097 0 11	16,95,924 0 6	...	35,40,982 9 5
3	Warangal	23,63,938 15 8	12,05,354 11 5	35,69,293 11 1	...	16,95,924 0 6
4	Karimnagar	31,85,513 3 4	12,81,902 8 6	44,67,415 11 10	2,489 8 6	35,66,804 2 7
5	Adilabad	12,01,275 3 7	7,43,753 12 10	19,45,029 0 5	18,350 6 9	44,49,065 5 1
6	Medak	19,51,840 9 8	12,74,873 12 4	32,26,214 6 0	5,184 7 11	19,39,844 8 6
7	Nalgunda	25,94,295 6 4	11,44,408 13 3	37,38,699 3 7	20,566 3 11	32,05,648 2 1
8	Mahbubnagar	18,43,361 9 2	12,36,127 5 7	25,79,488 14 9	14,194 5 11	37,24,504 13 8
					7,204 8 7	25,72,284 6 2
	Total	1,65,42,252 0 8	82,20,795 8 11	2,47,63,047 9 7	67,989 9 7	2,46,95,058 0 0
FOR 1328 FASLI						
1	Aurangabad	27,78,804 11 2	10,21,162 6 4	37,99,967 1 6		
2	Bir	13,46,807 11 2	3,89,387 4 1	17,36,194 15 3	...	37,99,967 1 6
3	Warangal	15,97,803 8 1	11,10,031 8 10	27,37,835 0 11	...	17,36,194 15 3
4	Karimnagar	19,25,412 15 8	11,66,311 11 3	30,91,724 10 11	5,142 4 11	27,32,192 12 0
5	Adilabad	11,06,487 4 10	7,59,946 14 5	18,66,434 3 3	58,939 12 3	30,32,784 14 8
6	Medak	11,23,506 9 7	11,63,880 15 10	22,87,387 9 5	1,631 7 7	18,64,302 11 8
7	Nalgunda	19,12,181 6 3	11,29,769 5 3	30,41,900 11 6	...	22,87,387 9 5
8	Mahbubnagar	8,12,811 4 5	11,76,321 15 6	20,19,166 3 11	...	30,41,900 11 6
					...	20,19,166 3 11
	Total	1,26,33,295 7 2	79,16,815 1 6	2,05,80,110 8 8	65,713 6 9	2,05,14,396 13 11
FOR 1329 FASLI.						
1	Aurangabad	28,01,737 0 8	11,10,214 15 6	39,11,952 0 2		
2	Bir	14,47,082 1 5	1,08,706 12 1	15,55,788 13 6	...	39,11,952 0 2
3	Warangal	19,13,633 2 1	12,06,055 3 1	31,49,688 5 5	...	15,55,788 13 6
4	Karimnagar	21,95,221 5 6	12,15,471 8 10	34,10,695 14 4	6,729 7 7	31,42,958 13 10
5	Adilabad	10,92,237 5 11	7,84,601 6 2	18,76,838 12 1	9,585 6 9	34,01,110 7 7
6	Medak	13,66,248 12 9	13,53,830 8 5	27,20,079 5 2	4,968 5 0	18,71,870 7 1
7	Nalgunda	21,79,774 4 7	11,99,203 8 9	33,78,977 13 4	79,336 2 5	26,40,743 2 9
8	Mahbubnagar	9,52,763 12 10	21,62,085 0 8	31,14,848 13 6	6,888 4 8	33,72,089 8 8
					2,71,375 15 6	28,48,472 14 0
	Total	1,39,78,697 13 9	94,40,171 15 9	2,34,18,869 13 6	3,78,883 9 11	2,30,39,986 8 7
ANNUAL ABSTRACT.						
	For 1327 Fasli	1,65,42,252 0 8	82,20,795 8 11	2,47,63,047 9 7	67,989 9 7	2,46,95,058 0 0
	For 1328 Fasli	1,26,33,295 7 2	79,16,815 1 6	2,05,80,110 8 8	65,713 6 9	2,05,14,396 13 11
	For 1329 Fasli	1,39,78,697 13 9	94,40,171 15 9	2,34,18,869 13 6	3,78,883 9 11	2,30,39,986 8 7
	Grand Total	4,31,54,245 5 7	2,56,07,782 10 2	6,87,62,027 15 9	5,12,586 12 8	6,82,46,441 8 6

and balance outstanding under all heads for the years 1327, 1328 and 1329 Fasli.

Amount added	Total	Amount Collected	Balance	Excess collection	Remarks
8	9	10	11	12	13
78,420 11 11	86,14,408 5 4	84,42,879 15 11	1,72,023 5 5	...	
1,77,890 15 0	18,78,814 15 6	18,70,968 5 4	1,554 15 2	2,208 5 0	
3,28,280 11 10	88,95,084 14 5	86,48,166 9 9	2,49,189 11 2	2,571 6 6	
3,01,845 0 6	17,50,910 5 7	47,04,778 15 8	18,176 2 2	2,344 12 8	
58,841 8 4	19,98,186 0 10	19,87,458 1 9	70,157 15 8	9,125 0 7	
4,04,244 11 7	86,09,892 18 8	38,74,689 0 8	2,16,911 1 7	11,667 4 7	
3,66,288 2 9	40,90,748 0 5	40,08,161 1 10	96,591 1 6	9,009 2 11	
1,29,298 14 0	27,01,588 4 2	24,90,546 12 7	2,11,086 7 7	...	
18,89,060 11 11	2,65,84,118 11 11	2,54,72,093 15 6	10,99,240 12 8	37,215 15 10	
44,489 13 8	38,44,456 14 9	27,11,397 11 1	11,03,059 3 8	...	
1,59,458 6 8	18,95,648 5 11	16,68,821 5 7	2,29,196 5 8	1,869 5 4	
1,44,449 9 7	28,76,642 5 7	20,24,923 9 1	8,52,068 12 6	350 0 0	
94,022 4 7	31,26,807 3 8	30,57,247 13 2	70,242 1 9	682 14 8	
40,964 2 8	19,05,766 14 4	17,49,125 12 8	76,192 0 5	19,550 14 9	
...	22,87,887 9 5	19,57,996 7 1	3,29,891 2 1	...	
...	30,41,900 11 6	26,89,056 3 6	3,52,814 8 0	...	
...	20,19,166 3 11	17,82,772 1 9	2,86,398 15 2	...	
4,88,879 4	92,09,97,776 4 8	1,76,70,341 2 11	33,19,388 4 6	22,453 2 9	
52,383 10 2	39,64,385 10 4	38,04,788 4 4	1,61,045 12 1	1,501 6 1	
1,64,992 5 1	20,20,781 2 10	18,00,729 10 2	2,21,813 4 0	1,791 11 4	
2,22,678 0 1	38,65,686 13 11	26,19,661 10 7	7,51,499 3 1	5,521 0 0	
1,66,166 18 4	35,67,277 4 11	35,16,905 12 7	82,209 4 6	31,887 12 2	
50,849 2 10	19,22,219 9 11	18,16,613 6 4	1,10,191 7 2	4,585 3 7	
1,59,887 9 0	28,00,180 11 9	25,22,258 2 6	2,93,586 13 8	15,659 1 5	
1,85,720 15 2	35,57,810 7 10	32,13,888 1 2	3,58,154 6 8	14,582 3 0	
87,611 5 6	29,81,084 3 6	26,81,186 1 7	2,16,897 14 11	...	
10,89,289 18 5	2,11,29,276 1 0	2,19,79,026 7 3	22,25,681 2 4	75,481 8 7	
18,89,060 11 11	2,65,84,118 11 11	2,54,72,093 15 6	10,99,240 12 8	37,215 15 10	
4,88,879 4	92,09,97,776 4 8	1,76,70,341 2 11	33,19,388 4 6	22,453 2 9	
10,89,289 13 5	2,11,29,276 1 0	2,19,79,026 7 3	22,25,681 2 4	75,481 8 7	
34,11,729 14 1	7,16,61,171 1 7	6,51,21,961 9 8	66,74,810 3 1	1,35,100 11 2	

APPENDIX XXII.—Statement showing the recovery of revenue and other outstanding amounts from the Famine-stricken Districts from 1327 to 1329 F.

Serial No.	District	Demand					Amount collected		Excess collection		Remarks
		Balance outstanding up to the end of previous year	Amount written off	Balance	Amount added	Total	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
For 1327 Fash											
1	Aurangabad	Rs. 3,92,762	A. P. 3 0	Rs. 3,83,055	A. P. 1 3	Rs. 4,32,544	A. P. 2 5	Rs. 2,12,136	A. P. 12 8	Rs. 2,20,407	A. P. 5 9
2	Bir	Rs. 76,639	A. P. 7 4	Rs. 7,13,777	A. P. 7 2	Rs. 1,40,122	A. P. 2 10	Rs. 1,29,593	A. P. 0 10	Rs. 1,05,229	A. P. 2 0
3	Warangal	Rs. 6,19,432	A. P. 10 9	Rs. 5,79,510	A. P. 11 8	Rs. 5,82,719	A. P. 4 4	Rs. 73,513	A. P. 8 4	Rs. 5,09,205	A. P. 12 0
4	Karimnagar	Rs. 4,29,590	A. P. 14 2	Rs. 3,41,077	A. P. 9 4	Rs. 3,54,702	A. P. 15 7	Rs. 1,41,791	A. P. 14 9	Rs. 2,12,911	A. P. 0 10
5	Adilabad	Rs. 51,533	A. P. 14 4	Rs. 38,776	A. P. 10 10	Rs. 38,806	A. P. 10 10	Rs. 7,700	A. P. 9 0	Rs. 31,106	A. P. 1 10
6	Nalgunda	Rs. 8,42,180	A. P. 14 0	Rs. 7,58,947	A. P. 4 5	Rs. 7,76,318	A. P. 0 8	Rs. 1,25,296	A. P. 5 7	Rs. 6,51,021	A. P. 11 2
7	Medak	Rs. 12,15,945	A. P. 0 8	Rs. 11,23,225	A. P. 0 6	Rs. 11,37,168	A. P. 8 4	Rs. 1,21,481	A. P. 11 6	Rs. 10,15,747	A. P. 15 5
8	Mahbubnagar	Rs. 12,02,978	A. P. 5 7	Rs. 11,25,141	A. P. 2 11	Rs. 11,36,852	A. P. 8 4	Rs. 1,92,485	A. P. 12 6	Rs. 9,44,366	A. P. 11 10
Total		Rs. 48,27,953	A. P. 6 4	Rs. 44,21,311	A. P. 0 3	Rs. 45,99,234	A. P. 5 4	Rs. 10,08,949	A. P. 11 2	Rs. 35,90,285	A. P. 12 10
For 1328 Fash											
1	Aurangabad	Rs. 3,92,430	A. P. 11 2	Rs. 3,42,550	A. P. 10 2	Rs. 3,47,008	A. P. 5 3	Rs. 1,34,979	A. P. 5 9	Rs. 2,12,028	A. P. 15 6
2	Bir	Rs. 15,084	A. P. 1 2	Rs. 14,554	A. P. 14 10	Rs. 15,135	A. P. 7 3	Rs. 3,256	A. P. 10 4	Rs. 11,878	A. P. 12 11
3	Warangal	Rs. 7,58,695	A. P. 7 2	Rs. 7,49,442	A. P. 15 9	Rs. 7,52,368	A. P. 9 9	Rs. 50,870	A. P. 11 3	Rs. 7,01,697	A. P. 14 6
4	Karimnagar	Rs. 2,61,387	A. P. 3 0	Rs. 2,41,437	A. P. 18 4	Rs. 2,57,405	A. P. 2 0	Rs. 46,353	A. P. 12 2	Rs. 2,11,051	A. P. 3 10
5	Adilabad	Rs. 1,01,264	A. P. 1 6	Rs. 95,759	A. P. 2 3	Rs. 99,216	A. P. 5 6	Rs. 37,485	A. P. 7 2	Rs. 61,730	A. P. 14 4
6	Nalgunda	Rs. 7,47,612	A. P. 12 8	Rs. 7,47,612	A. P. 12 8	Rs. 7,47,612	A. P. 12 8	Rs. 44,103	A. P. 3 6	Rs. 7,03,509	A. P. 9 2
7	Medak	Rs. 12,62,639	A. P. 1 0	Rs. 12,62,659	A. P. 1 0	Rs. 12,62,659	A. P. 1 0	Rs. 1,56,040	A. P. 15 4	Rs. 11,06,618	A. P. 1 8
8	Mahbubnagar	Rs. 11,55,403	A. P. 3 5	Rs. 11,55,403	A. P. 3 5	Rs. 11,55,403	A. P. 3 5	Rs. 1,63,692	A. P. 6 9	Rs. 9,91,710	A. P. 12 8
Total		Rs. 46,94,536	A. P. 9 11	Rs. 46,09,420	A. P. 9 5	Rs. 46,36,808	A. P. 14 10	Rs. 6,86,562	A. P. 8 3	Rs. 40,00,246	A. P. 6 7

For 1929 Fashl																								
1	Aurangabad	...	13,15,088	3	2	40,849	1	5	12,74,239	1	9	3,815	1	11	12,78,054	3	8	10,11,268	11	6	2,66,785	8	2	...
2	Bir	...	2,41,075	2	7	82	12	0	2,40,992	6	7	1,598	5	5	2,42,590	12	0	2,26,601	1	5	15,989	10	7	...
3	Warangal	...	15,53,766	11	0	4,962	4	2	15,43,804	6	10	677	13	2	15,49,482	4	0	1,37,031	3	1	13,62,451	0	11	...
4	Karimnagar	...	2,81,293	10	7	19,715	3	0	2,61,578	7	7	2,587	1	5	2,64,165	9	0	77,966	8	5	1,86,199	0	7	...
5	Adilabad	...	2,37,942	14	9	1,324	10	0	2,36,618	3	11	411	9	0	2,37,209	12	11	82,307	7	1	1,54,722	5	10	...
6	Nalgunda	...	10,56,954	1	2	35,278	1	9	10,21,075	15	5	8,859	2	7	10,37,985	2	0	1,27,751	6	4	8,70,467	1	7	283 5 11
7	Medak	...	14,36,009	4	0	24,870	14	10	14,11,138	3	2	14,228	10	1	14,25,366	15	3	2,54,802	13	6	11,70,588	8	8	24 6 11
8	Mahabubnagar	...	12,28,104	11	10	17,631	13	0	12,10,472	14	10	8,286	3	6	12,18,759	2	4	86,671	11	8	11,32,087	6	8	...
Total		...	73,49,634	11	1	1,44,714	13	0	72,04,919	14	1	38,463	15	1	72,43,383	13	2	20,84,400	15		51,59,220	11	0	307 12 10
Annual abstract of accounts																								
For 1927 F.	...	...	48,27,953	6	4	4,06,642	6	1	44,21,311	0	3	1,77,923	5	1	45,99,234	5	4	10,03,949	11	2	35,95,295	12	10	11 2 8
For 1928 F.	...	...	46,94,536	9	1	85,115	15	8	46,09,420	9	5	21,888	5	5	46,86,808	14	10	6,96,562	8	3	40,00,246	9	7	...
For 1929 F.	...	...	73,49,634	11	1	1,44,714	13	0	72,04,919	14	1	38,463	15	1	72,43,383	13	2	20,84,400	15	0	51,59,290	11	0	307 12 10

MOHAMED ALI,
Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XXIII.—Statement showing the amount Sanctioned and Expended from 1928 to Azar 1330 H.

Serial No.	Heads	Amount Sanctioned	Amount Spent	Details of Column (4)		Difference of the Amount of Columns 3 and 4	Excess Expenditure
				Divani	Sarfi Khas		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Irrigation General Branch ...	45,20,000 0 0	41,78,312 8 7½	41,78,312 8 7½	...	346,687 7 4½	Details of Column 5 Salary with allowance 1894457 4 1½
2	Takavi for Sinking and Repairing Wells	24,78,000 0 0	16,24,609 8 4	16,16,529 4 10	8,279 8 6	8,58,191 7 8	Relief Works 27,78,855 4 5½
3	Takavi for fodder	6,00,000 0 0	4,81,469 15 9	4,81,242 7 9	227 8 0	1,18,580 0 8	
4	Gratuitous relief and poor Houses	15,80,000 0 0	13,15,906 0 2½	13,15,303 0 2½	...	2,64,693 15 9½	
5	Balharshua Railway	9,77,845 0 0	1,50,460 8 6½	1,20,460 8 6½	...	2,57,384 7 5½	
6	City poor Houses	100,000 0 0	44,419 13 9	44,419 13 9	...	55,580 2 8	
7	Contingencies	1,75,000 0 0	2,03,997 7 9½	2,03,897 7 9½	...	...	23,897 7 9½
8	Local Fund	7,00,000 0 0	3,85,999 1 6	3,74,154 11 0	11,888 6 6	8,14,011 14 6	
	Total	105,30,845 0 0	83,49,563 0 6½	83,29,822 14 6½	20,840 2 0	22,10,079 7 3½	28,997 7 9½
	Sarfi-khas	50,457 0 0	13,410 15 11	...	18,410 15 11	87,046 0 1	
	Grand Total	1,05,81,302 0 0	83,63,974 0 5½	83,29,822 14 6½	88,751 1 11	22,47,125 7 4½	28,897 7 9½

MOHAMED ALI,
Famine Commissioner.

APPENDIX XXIV.—Statement showing the expenditure under each head
from 1828 to Azur 1330 F.

Major Head	Minor Head	Heads	Amount	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
Major Head No. 85—Famine	(a) Office of the Famine Commissioner	(1) Salary and allowance of officers ...	Rs. 60,462 12 6	The sum of Rs. 62,945-8-5 has been included in this amount on account of purchase of tents.
		(2) Salary and allowance of establishment ...	41,797 15 3	
		(3) Allowance extra ...	11,958 3 5	
		(4) Fixed contingencies ...	3,213 8 7	
		(5) Contingencies extra ...	14,283 12 3	
		(6) Supplies and services ...	4,006 2 1	
		Total ...	1,35,752 6 1	
	(b) Districts	(1) Salary of officers ...	2,09,736 14 10	
		(2) do establishment ...	5,35,262 11 3	
		(3) Fixed allowance ...	3,37,435 1 10	
		(4) Allowances extra ...	1,79,690 0 5	
		(5) Fixed contingencies ...	47,843 0 10	
		(6) Contingencies extra ...	48,690 1 4	
		(7) Supplies and services ...	65,480 14 7	
		Total ...	11,47,458 13 2	
	(c) Accountant-General's Office	(1) Salary including allowance of officers ...	4,210 6 10	
		(2) Salary and allowances of establishment ...	1,803 10 2	
		Total ...	9,014 1 0	
	(d) P. W. D. Establishment Head quarters, Hyderabad	(1) Salary and allowance of establishment ...	6,099 7 8	
		Total amount of salary ...	15,98,354 11 11	
		1828 F. 7,43,255 8 9		
	(e) Public Works and Irrigation	1829 F. 8,03,454 5 4		
		Azur 1330 F. 51,644 13 10		
		(1) Relief works (Public works and Irrigation) ...	27,78,555 4 5	
		(2) Baharshah Railway Line ...	1,20,160 8 6	
		Total ...	28,99,315 13 0	
		1828 F. 17,35,293 1 1		
		1829 F. 11,01,588 6 0		
		Azur 1330 F. 62,434 5 10		
	Nos. 4 and 5 Gratuitous Relief	(1) Gratuitous relief ...	5,97,317 5 7	
		(2) Poor houses ...	7,62,408 8 3	
		Total ...	13,59,725 13 11	
	No. (6) Miscellaneous	1828 F. 8,51,281 14 5		
		1829 F. 4,66,167 5 9		
		Azur 1330 F. 42,286 10 8		
		(1) Takavi for sinking and repairing wells ...	16,16,529 4 10	
		Classification Miscellaneous		

APPENDIX XXIV.—Statement showing the Expenditure under each head
from 1328 to Azur 1333 F. (concl'd.)

Minor Head	Heads	Amount	Remarks
2	3	4	5
	(2) Arrangement for Foddar ...	Rs. 4,81,242 A. 7 P. 9	
	Classification of Talavi		
	Miscellaneous expenses		
	8,15,996 0 1 1,65,246 7 8		
	Total ..	20,97,771 12 7	
	1328 F. 18,49,521 9 7		
	1329 F. 2,36,486 8 4		
	Azur 1330 F. 11,763 10 8		
	Grand total of No. 85 (Dewani)...	79,55,168 8 6½	
	1328 F. 51,79,352 1 11		
	1329 F. 26,07,686 9 0		
	Azur 1330 F. 1,68,129 8 7½		
Local Fund	Local Fund Relief Works	3,74,154 11 0	
	1328 F. 1,63,126 5 8		
	1329 F. 2,03,784 10 1		
	1330 F. 7,243 11 8		
Sarf-i-Khas	Relief Works etc.,	83,751 1 11	
	1328 F. 19,266 2 7		
	1329 F. 14,484 15 4		
	Azur 1330 F.		
	Grand total of Devani and Local Fund Sarf-i-Khas ...	83,63,074 0 5½	
	1328 F. 53,61,744 10 2		
	1329 F. 28,25,956 2 5		
	Azur 1330 F. 1,75,373 3 10½		

MOHAMED ALI

Famine Commissioner.

The ordinance regarding Civil Supplies passed as per His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Command dated 26th Shaban 1336 Hijri is published for the information of the public.

2. *The Controller of Civil Supplies and his Assistants are invested with powers of a First Class Magistrate to enable them to exercise the same for administrative purposes only, but the trial and disposal of cases will not rest with them.*

(Ed.) MIR FAIZ-UR-RAHMAN,
Asst. Financial Secretary.

Ordinance regarding Civil Supplies sanctioned by His Exalted Highness the Nizam on 26th Shaban 1336 H.

Owing to certain reasons, it has been very difficult to obtain grain and other necessary articles, and their prices have risen so much that the people are in great distress.

The following ordinance is therefore issued:—

SECTION I.—This order may be called “The Ordinance regarding Civil Supplies”, and shall come into force in His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions from the date of its publication in the *Jarida*, and shall remain in force until six months after the close of the War have expired.

SECTION II.—In this ordinance, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretations.

- (a) The word ‘Nazim’ means the Controller of Civil Supplies.
- (b) By ‘necessary articles’ are meant articles consumed by the public generally that will be notified by the Controller in the *Jarida* from time to time.
- (c) ‘Cost price’ means the amount that may be fixed in accordance with this ordinance or under the rules that may be issued under this ordinance.
- (d) ‘Dealer’ means any person who carries on traffic in necessary articles.

SECTION III.—(1) The Controller and his Assistants may call upon any dealer in writing fixing the date and place, to produce such statements or papers as may furnish information on the following points:—

Order for the production of statements and connecting papers

- (a) What quantity of grains and other necessary articles he has in his possession or control?
- (b) Has he undertaken to hand over any quantity of grains or necessary articles? If so, how much and to whom and at what price?
- (c) What did any necessary article in his possession originally cost him and how long has it been in his possession?
- (d) Also any other points on which information may be necessary to fix the price of any article.

(2) Any person who may be called upon to produce statements, etc., under Section III (1) shall do so within the specified time.

SECTION IV.—(1) In order to verify the statements submitted under Section III, the Controller may order the production of a ledger, invoice or other connecting papers.

(2). If the Controller has reason to believe that the statements relating to any article submitted under Section III are incorrect or the order for the production of papers under Section IV (1) will not be complied with, he will issue an order to any of his Assistants in writing authorising him to enter any place with a view to inspect any article or search for papers.

SECTION V.—The information obtained under the foregoing orders or the particulars which may have reached any officer of the Civil Supplies Department in his official capacity shall be treated as secret and any person disclosing it shall be liable to punishment. the same to any individual other than the officers concerned with a view to obstruct the working of the department, shall be sentenced to undergo imprisonment extending to one year or to pay a fine which may extend to Rs. 2,000 or both.

SECTION VI.—The prices of necessary articles shall be fixed in consideration of the following facts.

- (1) Cost price.
- (2) Six per cent. profit per annum if the period of possession is over three months.
- (3) Profit not exceeding six per cent. per annum, in the case of retail dealers and three per cent. in the case of wholesale dealers to be fixed by the Controller of Civil Supplies.

SECTION VII.—No person except a dealer or trader shall stock more quantity of grain or other necessary articles than what is reasonably necessary for his actual household requirements or agricultural purposes till the next harvest.

SECTION VIII.—No dealer or trader shall refuse to sell any grain or any other necessary article on the ground that its retention will secure him a greater profit in future. He shall sell the same to any person who may be prepared to purchase it.

Exception.—This section will not apply to articles required for reasonable household requirements or agricultural purposes.

Explanation.—If the seller and the purchaser differ about the price of any article it shall not be considered that the seller refuses to sell it. In such cases, the Controller shall fix the price in accordance with the provisions of Section VI.

SECTION IX.—If the purchase of any article is deemed necessary by Government, either for Government or for public requirements, Government shall do so at the price fixed by the Controller under Section VI of this ordinance.

SECTION X.—With a view to evade the execution of orders contained in this ordinance, no person shall transfer any necessary article from one place to another either inside or outside His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions.

SECTION XI.—Any person infringing the orders contained in this ordinance or any rules issued under this ordinance shall be sentenced to undergo simple imprisonment which may extend to six months or to a fine extending to Rs. 1,000 or three times the value of the articles transferred.

SECTION XII.—(1) No owner of house or land let out on rent or Limit of increase in house assessment shall increase the rent more than 10 per cent. of what it was at the commencement of 1324 Fasli and in the event of a suit being filed in the court, he will not be entitled to get a decree for a greater rent or assessment.

(2). If the house or land-owner refuses to let or lease out his house or land at the above rent or assessment, the Controller shall be at liberty to take possession of such house or land and let or lease it out to any person on payment of the prescribed rent or assessment and disburse the same to the owner.

(3.) If the rent of any house is increased on the ground that extensions have been made in it, the profit allowed on the amount spent on extensions shall not exceed 6 per cent. per annum.

SECTION XIII.—No case shall be brought against any person for Sanction to challan cases. disobeying the orders contained in this ordinance except with the permission of the Controller of Civil Supplies.

SECTION XIV.—All cases regarding the infringement of these orders Powers to hear cases. challaned to the court shall be tried and decided by a District Magistrate or a Magistrate of the First Class or any other Magistrate who may be specially authorised by Government in this behalf.

SECTION XV.—(1) The Controller shall be authorised to frame rules Powers to draw up rules. under this ordinance.

(2) These rules shall comprise *inter alia* the following subjects:—

- (a) The heads of expenditure to be taken into consideration in fixing the cost price of an article.
- (b) The system of fixing the price of grain which is in the possession of the cultivator.
- (c) The system of fixing the price of manufactures.

(Sd.) MOHAMED ALI,
Director of Civil Supplies & Controller of Prices.

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